DEPARTMENT OF TRADITIONAL AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT NOTICE

No, 2015			
2000 (Act No, 32 OF 200	00), and after having d Organised Local G	consulted the Min	vernment: Municipal Systems Act, ister of the Provincial and Local rovince, hereby make the standard
Signed at	on this	_day of	_Twenty Fifteen.
N DUBE			
Member of the Executiv government.	e Council of the Pro	vince of the KwaZu	lu – Natal responsible for the local

STREET TRADING BY-LAWS

Be it enacted by the Council of the Mandeni Local Municipality in terms of section 156 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act No. 108 of 1996), and with the approval of the Member of the Executive Council responsible for local government in terms of section6 (1) (a) of the Business Act No 71 of 1991 in the Province of KwaZulu-Natal, read with section 11 of the Local Government; Municipal System Act 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000) as follows:

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Definitions

In this By-Law, unless the context indicates otherwise –,

"Approval" means by an authorized official and "approve" has a corresponding meaning;"

"Authorised official" means an official of the Council to whom it has delegated a duty, function or power under this by-law, in relation to the exercise or performance of that duty, function or power, and includes any people acting under the control and direction of such official:

"Council" means the Council of the Mandeni Local Municipality and in relations to the executive of a power, the performance of a duty or the carrying out a function includes any committee or official of the Council to whom such power, duty or function has been delegated;

"Demarcated stand" means stand demarcated by Council for the purpose of street trading in terms of section 6 (A)(3)(b) of the Act;

"Goods" means any movable property used in connection with street trading and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, includes products for sale, display, tables, stands, receptacles, vehicle, structures or animals;

"Public place" means a public place as defined in section 1 of the Local Authorities Ordinance No. 25of 1974;

"Public road" means a public as defined in section 1 of the National Road Traffic Act No.93 of 1996;

"Roadway" means a roadway as defined in section 1 of the National Road Traffic Act No.93 of 1996 but excludes a public place;

"Sidewalk" means a sidewalk as defined in section 1 National Road Traffic Act No.93 of 1996

"Street trader" means a person who sells, barters, exchange, hire out, displays exposes, offers or prepares for sale, or hire any goods or who provides or offers any service for reward as a street vendor, hawker or pedlar in a public in a public road or in a public place, but does not include any person who sells newspaper only;

"The Act" means the Business Act No. 71 of 1991 and includes the regulations made there under; and

"Verge" means a verge as defined in section 1 of the Road National Traffic Act No.93 of 1996.

PROHIBITIONS

Prohibitions

No street trader shall carry on undertake street trading-

- (1) on a verge contiguous to-
 - (i) a building belonging to or occupied solely by the state or the Council;
 - (ii) a church or other place of worship, or
 - (iii) a building declared to be national monument in term of the National Monuments Act. 28 of 1969;
- (2) on any verge contiguous to a building in which business is being carried on by any person who sells of the same nature as, or of similar nature to, goods being sold by the street trader or who offers services of the same nature as, or of similar nature to, a service offered by the street trader concerned without the consent of such a person;
- (3) on that of a public road contiguous to a building used for residential purpose, if the owner or person in control or any occupier of the building objects thereto;
- (4) at any place where carrying on of such business causes an obstruction to-
 - (a) the entrance to or exit from a building; or
 - (b) a fire hydrant
- (5) in any declare area identified as such in terms of section 6A (2) of the Act in respect of which the carrying on of the business of street trader has been-
 - (i) prohibited by the Council; or
 - (ii) restricted by the Council, unless such business is carried on in accordance with such restrictions;
- (6) at any place which has been set apart and demarcated as stands or areas by the Council in terms of section 6A (3)(b) of the Act for the purpose of the carrying on of the business of street trader, unless such business is carried on in accordance with-
 - (a) an agreement with the Council, or
 - (b) the allocation by the Council to the street trader of any area or stand; and
- (7) in any public garden or park except with prior written consent of the Council.

RESTRICTIONS

3. Restrictions

No person engaging in street trading shall

- (1) sleep over night at the business site
- (2) erect permanent structure in a public place or public road for the purpose of providing a shelter; or
- (3) place or store any goods in such a manner or position as to constitute a danger to any person
- (4) carry on such business in such a manner as to-
 - (i) create a nuisance
 - (ii) damage or deface any public place or any public or private property; or
 - (iii) create a traffic hazard;
- (5) obstruct access to a service or to service works of the Council or of the State or any statutory body;
- (6) interfere with the ability of person using a side walk to view the goods displayed behind a shop display window or obstruct such goods from view;
- (7) obstruct access to pedestrian arcade or mall;
- (8) carry on such business in a place or area in contravention of any restriction imposed by Council resolution in terms of section 6A(2)(a) of the Act;
- (9) place or store his or her goods on or in a building, without, or consent of the owner, lawful occupier or person in control of such building or property;
- (10) attach any of his or her property by any means to the building structure, pavement, tree, parking meter, lamp, pole, electricity pole, telephone booth, post box, traffic sign, bench or any other street furniture in a public road or place;
- (11) make an open fire on a public road or public place;
- (12) interfere with the ability of a person using a sidewalk to view the goods displayed behind a shop, window of obscure such goods from view.;
- (13) obstruct access to a pedestrian crossing, a parking or loading bay, or other facility for vehicular or pedestrian traffic; and
- (14) obstruct or inhibit the use of street furniture and any other facility designed for the use of the general public.

GENERAL DUTIES OF STREET TRADERS

4. Cleanliness

Every street trader shall-

- (1) Keep the area used by him or her for the purpose of street trading, as well as any goods used by him or her, in a clean and sanitary condition;
- (2) At the request of any authorised official of the Council, move or remove his or her goods so as to permit the cleaning of the area where he or she is trading, or for the purpose of affecting Council service;
- (3) If his or her activities involve the cooking or other preparation of food, take steps to ensure that no fat, oil or other substance drops or overflows onto the surface of a sidewalk or splashes against or other structure; and
- (4) Not dispose of litter in a manhole, storm water, drain or other place not intended for the disposal of litter.

5. Display of goods

A street trader shall ensure that any structure, container, surface or other object used by him or her for the preparation, display, storage or transport of goods-

- (1) Is maintained in a good state of repair and in a clean and sanitary condition; and
- (2) Is not placed or stored so as to constitute a danger to any person.

CHAPTER 5

REMOVAL AND IMPOUNDMENT

Removal and impoundment

- (1) An inspector may remove and impound any goods-
 - (a) Which is reasonably suspects are being used or intended to be used or have been used in or connection with the carrying on of the business of street trader, and
 - (b) Which he finds at a place where the carrying on of such business is prohibited or restricted in terms of these by-laws,
 - (c) Whether or not such good are in the possession or under the control of any person at the time of such removal and impoundment.

- (2) An inspector removing and impounding any goods shall-(a)except in the case of goods which appear to have abandoned or in respect of which the owner or person having control thereof cannot be found, issue to the owner or person having of such control of such goods a receipt for the removal and impoundment thereof and stating-
 - (i) the place where the goods shall be kept;
 - (ii) the amount payable in respect of expenses incurred by the Council in impounding and removing the goods; and
 - (iv) The date on or after which the goods will be sold or destroyed unless claimed; and
 - (c) Forthwith place such goods in a safe custody.
- (3) Neither the Council nor any inspector, officer or employee of the Council shall be liable for any loss or theft or damage to any goods removed and impounded in terms of these bylaws.

Disposal of impounded goods

- (1) Any goods impounded in terms of these by-laws shall be dealt with as follows
 - (a) If the goods are claimed, the street trader shall pay the expense incurred by the Council for impoundment; and
 - (b) If the goods are not claimed within the period specified on the receipt issued in terms of these by-laws, the goods shall be sold to defray expenses incurred by Council in impounding and removing the goods.
- (2) In the event that the goods-
 - (a) Are not capable of being sold, they shall be destroyed after the proper time specified on the receipt issued in terms of these by-laws;
 - (b) Any perishable goods may be sold or destroyed a soon as may be necessary.
- (3) If the proceed contemplated by this section are insufficient to pay expenses incurred by Council, the owner shall be liable for any excess.

CHAPTER 6

GENERAL OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

- (1) Any person who-
 - (a) Contravenes any provision of these by-laws;

- (b) Ignores, disregards or disobeys any notice, sign or marking displayed or erected for the purpose of these by-laws;
- (c) For the purpose of these by-laws, makes a false statement knowing it to be false or deliberately furnishes false or misleading information to an authorised official; or
- (d) Threatens, resist, interferes with or obstruct an authorised official, officer or employee of the Council in the performance of his or her powers, duties or functions under these by-laws, shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding R1000-00 or imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Repeal of existing By-Laws

9. The Council's existing Street Trading By-laws are hereby repealed.

Short title and commencement

10. These by-laws shall be called the Street Trading By-Laws, 2015, and shall come into operation on......

SCHEDULE 1 Fees and Costs

OFFENCE	NUMBER OF	DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCE	FINE
CODE	SECTION		
	2 (1) (i), (ii), &	Trader undertaking street trading-	R500
	(iii)	(8) on a verge contiguous to-	
		(iv) a building belonging to or occupied solely by the state or	
		the Council;	
		(v) a church or other place of worship, or	
		(vi) a building declared to be national monument in term of	
		the National Monuments Act.	
		28 of 1969.	
	2 (2)	Trading on any verge contiguous to a	D200
		building in which business is being carried on by any person who sells of	R300
		the same nature as, or of similar nature	

	Τ		Γ
		to, goods being sold by the street trader	
		or who offers services of the same	
		nature as, or of similar nature to, a	
		service offered by the street trader	
		concerned without the consent of such	
		a person.	
	2 (3)	Trading on that of a public road	
	_ (0)	contiguous to a building used for	R500
		residential purpose, if the owner or	N300
		person in control or any occupier of the	
	- (-) () - ())	building objects thereto.	
	2 (4) (a) & (b)	Trading at any place where carrying on	
		of such business causes an obstruction	R300
		to-	
		(c) the entrance to or exit from a	
		building; or	
		(d)a fire hydrant.	
	2 (5) (i) & (ii)	Trader carrying business in any declare	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	area identified as such in terms of	R300
		section 6A (2) of the Act in respect of	
		which the carrying on of the business of	
		street trader has been-	
		(iii) prohibited by the Council; or	
		(iv) restricted by the Council, unless	
		such business is carried on in	
		accordance with such restrictions.	
	2 (6) (a) & (b)	Trader carrying business at any place	
		which has been set apart and	R300
		demarcated as stands or areas by the	
		Council in terms of section 6A (3)(b) of	
		the Act for the purpose of the carrying	
		on of the business of street trader,	
		unless such business is carried on in	
		accordance with-	
		(d) an agreement with the Council, or	
		' '	
		(e) the allocation by the Council to	
		the street trader of any area or	
	2 (-)	stand.	
	2 (7)	Trading in any public garden or park	
		except with prior written consent of the	R500
		Council.	
	3 (1)	Trader sleeping overnight at a place of	R300
		business.	
	3 (2)	Trader erect a permanent structure in a	R500
1		, c. c.c. a permanent structure in a	
	- (-)	public place or public road for the	

	purpose of providing a shelter.	
3 (3)	Trader placing or storing of any goods in such a manner or position as to constitute a danger to any person.	R300
3 (4)	Trader carry on such business in such a manner as to- (i) create a nuisance (ii) damage or deface any public place or any public or private property; or (iii) create a traffic hazard.	R300
3 (5)	Trader obstruct access to a service or to service works of the Council or of the State or any statutory body.	R300
3 (6)	Trader interfere with the ability of person using a side walk to view the goods displayed behind a shop display window or obstruct such goods from view.	R300
3 (7)	Trader obstruct access to pedestrian arcade or mall.	R300
3 (8)	Trader carry on such business in a place or area in contravention of any restriction imposed by Council resolution in terms of section 6A(2)(a) of the Act	R500
3 (9)	Trader placing or storing his or her goods on or in a building, without, or consent of the owner, lawful occupier or person in control of such building or property	R300
3 (10)	Trader attach any of his or her property by any means to the building structure , pavement , tree, parking meter , lamp, pole , electricity pole , telephone booth, post box, traffic sign , bench or any other street furniture in a public road or	R500

	place	
3 (11)	Trader making an open fire on a public road or public place.	R500
3 (12)	Trader interfering with the ability of a person using a sidewalk to view the goods displayed behind a shop, window of obscure such goods from view.	R500
3 (13)	Trader obstructing access to a pedestrian crossing, a parking or loading bay, or other facility for vehicular or pedestrian traffic.	R500
3 (14)	Trader obstructing or inhibit the use of street furniture and any other facility designed for the use of the general public.	R300