MANDENI MUNICIPALITY (KZN 291) mSCOA ANNUAL BUDGET 2021/22 MTREF



MEDIUM TERM REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FORECASTS

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Abbreviations and Acronyms

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AMR	Automated Meter Reading	kWh	kilowatt
	Accelerated and Shared Growth	ł	litre
ASGISA	Initiative	LED	Local Economic Development
DDC.		MEC	Member of the Executive Committee
BPC	Budget Planning Committee	MFMA	Municipal Financial Management Act
CBD	Central Business District	1011 1017 1	Programme
CFO	Chief Financial Officer	MIG	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
CM	Municipality Manager	MMC	•
CPI	Consumer Price Index	_	Member of Mayoral Committee
CRRF	Capital Replacement Reserve Fund	MPRA	Municipal Properties Rates Act
DBSA	Development Bank of South Africa	MSA	Municipal Systems Act
DoRA	Division of Revenue Act	MTEF	Medium-term Expenditure
DWA	Department of Water Affairs		Framework
EE	Employment Equity	MTREF	
EEDSM	Energy Efficiency Demand Side		Expenditure Framework
	Management	NERSA	National City Regulator South Africa
EM	Executive Mayor	NGO	Non-Governmental organisations
FBS	Free basic services	NKPIs	National Key Performance Indicators
_	Generally Accepted Municipal	OHS	Occupational Health and Safety
O 7	Accounting Practice	OP	Operational Plan
GDP	Gross domestic product	PBO	Public Benefit Organisations
GDS	Gauteng Growth and Development	PHC	Provincial Health Care
ODO	Strategy	PMS	Performance Management System
GFS	Government Financial Statistics	PPE	Property Plant and Equipment
GRAP		PPP	Public Private Partnership
GRAP	General Recognised Accounting	PTIS	Public Transport Infrastructure
LID	Practice	1 110	System
HR	Human Resources	RG	Restructuring Grant
HSRC	Human Science Research Council	RSC	Regional Services Council
IDP	Integrated Development Strategy	SALGA	•
IT	Information Technology	SALGA	Association
kl	kilolitre	SAPS	South African Police Service
km	kilometre	_	
KPA	Key Performance Area	SDBIP	Service Delivery Budget
KPI	Key Performance Indicator	CNANAE	Implementation Plan
		SMME	Small Micro and Medium Enterprise

May 2021

Part 1 - mSCOA Annual Budget

1.1 Mayor's Report

POLICY SPEECH DURING TABLING OF THE FINAL 2021/2022 INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND MSCOA BUDGET BY HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR OF MANDENI MUNICIPALITY, CLLR. T.P MDLALOSE AT A COUNCIL MEETING HELD AT SIBUSISIWE HALL ON THE 27TH OF MAY 2021.



Honourable Speaker: Cllr B.L. Magwaza

Amakhosi AseNdlunkulu

Honourable Deputy Mayor: Cllr P.M. Sishi

Members of the Executive Committee

Chairpersons of Women's Caucus, MPAC and Sub-Committees

Fellow Councillors.

Auditor General

Municipal Manager,

Senior Management, Management and General Staff at Large

March 2021 1

Ward Committees and Amalunga onke omphakathi waseMandeni

Various Sectors (Government, Business, FBO, NPOs, NGOs and Civil Society)

Members of the Media Present

Friends and Comrades in various platforms of the Social media:

Honourable Speaker and Council

Somlomo, it is with great pleasure for me to address this Council sitting on the important meeting of tabling the Final Integrated Development Plan Review and Annual mSCOA Budget for 2021/2022 Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework (MTREF) as we are guided by Section 16(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) of 2003 and Chapter 5 of the Municipal Systems Act of 2000. Indeed, I must say that it has been an honour to serve the people of Mandeni.

Somlomo and Council, it is important to mention that this is our last Council meeting to consider IDP and Budget during the current term of Office hence it is very important that we take stock of how the Municipality has performed during this term and be accountable.

Five years ago, residents of Mandeni gave us a mandate to represent them in Council and govern this Municipality. By giving this mandate to a single political party, with no coalition or any other means to govern but involvement of other Political Parties. it meant the people of Mandeni want continuity and service delivery from the African National Congress, we had always had exercised hegemony as the governing party.

The month of May is recognised as Africa month – a time when the continent of Africa commemorates the founding of the <u>Organisation of African Unity (OAU)</u>. The establishing the Organisation of Africa Unity (OAU) in 1963, the African continent became a pioneer in being the first continent to focus on continental unity and to encourage nation building through unity and freedom from oppression. It is in celebration of this milestone of the OAU and its successor, the African Union.

Yet even before 1963, many initiatives were taken by Africans – both from the continent and in its diaspora – for Africa to regain its rightful place in the world. South Africans are also found amongst those earlier generations who made enormous contributions towards this effort. The Speech of Pixley Ka Isaka Seme in 1906, on the "Regeneration of Africa", would be echoed by the generations that followed, and enhanced through a number of initiatives.

"I am an African, I owe my being to hills and valleys, the mountains and the glades, the trees, the flower, the seas and the-ever-changing seasons that define the face of our native land. This message gives us hope that whatever challenges we are faced with as the Municipality we will conquer.

Hon Speaker and Council, the COVID-19 pandemic has been psychologically and economically bruising for our country. Whereas it began in far distant lands, the numbers soon became names, and the names are of people we know and love. Our municipality suffered devastating losses of colleagues in Council as well as staff in the administration.

We have also lost leaders, comrades, family, friends and loved ones as result of this pandemic. In their honour and memory, I would like us to observe a moment of silence.

President Cyril Ramaphosa captures it very well when he says this about Covid-19: "It has revealed a spirit of the people who refused to be defeated". He goes on to say, "It is this South African spirit that must drive our resolve to build a new and more equal economy and a better, more just society. The year aheadmust be a time for change, for progress and for rebirth".

Somlomo and Council, Government is on a drive to rollout the vaccination programme and we have recently noted the commencement of second phase vaccination programme of elderly people above 60 years of age as the first phase of the programme focused of Health Care Workers. We have noted that the Country is slowly entering the 3rd Wave of the Virus with numbers of people testing positive increasing every day hence we have to work together in assisting all our elderly citizens to access Health Care Facility which is Sundumbili CHC and few identified sites for vaccination. The expects have confirmed that the impact of new waves of Covid-19 shall be minimal should over 67% of the population vaccinated hence we are encouraging our citizens to take advantage of this opportunity to vaccinate when time comes. Having said that, it remains critical that we continue to exercise Covid-19 Safety protocols at all times.

Hon Speaker and Council, when the Council resume its term of Office during 2016, it resolved on a number of priorities to be implemented during its term hence a Five-Year integrated Development Plan was developed and adopted by May 2017. Amongst others Council resolved on the following Strategic goals and priorities:

• Basic Service Delivery: Improve access to all Infrastructure and Services-Electrification Programme of Households and maintenance; Construction of New Roads, rehabilitation, upgrading and maintenance of existing urban and rural roads and storm-water; construction of houses and Community facilities; improve waste collection and management, Develop a Capital Infrastructure Investment Plan.

Hon Speaker and Council, indeed Council made a visible progress in delivering on these priorities where the municipality and Dept of Human Settlements to date over 3000 RDP housing units have been built within the following Projects (Macambini Rural Housing Project, Mathonsi Sundumbili Phase 2 Rural Housing Project, Isithebe Rural Housing Project and Inyoni Urban Housing Project). Some of these projects are still being rolled out with more houses to be built. Again, Council has upgraded and rehabilitated a number of Tarred Roads and Storm water where projects like High view Park Road upgrading, Construction of Hlomendlini Bus Route, upgrading of various Link Roads within Sundumbili and surroundings, Rehabilitation of Nembe Road, Construction of Thokoza Road Alignment and Intersection 1, Construction of Phase 2 and 3 Civil works (Roads and Storm water and Pedestrian underpass bridge), Upgrading and maintenance of various rural gravel roads. Also, council made steady progress on electrification of Households within various Wards where over 2000 households were electrified through INEP Programme and some households are being electrified as we speak. municipality also rolled out a street lighting project within all 18 Municipal Wards and we acknowledge that this was one of the projects that failed due to a number of reasons.

The municipality has also built a number of Community and Sporting Facilities where three Community Halls were built and completed (Isithebe, Hlomendlini and Nembe); Isithebe Modular Library constructed, Chappies Sports Field constructed and Nembe Sports field where construction is in progress; Drivers Licence and Testing Centre as well as Swimming Pool projects are under construction. The Municipality extended its waste collection services to other areas and new developments like Khenana Area which never receive this service before. Also, the municipality continues to provide disaster and Fire and Rescue services to Community of Mandeni. Lastly, Council with the assistance of DBSA managed to develop and adopted a 10 Year (2017-2027) Infrastructure Investment Plan where the municipality has invited external service providers to assist with sourcing of additional funding in effort to implement this plan.

• Financial viability and Management: Effectively and efficiently manage municipal budget through credible budgeting, constant and accurate reporting and expenditure management; Continuously strive for improved Audit Opinion; Manage and increase Municipal revenue base.

Hon Speaker and Council, indeed the municipality was under serious financial distress when the New Council took over and today this Council and Administration successfully turned around the situation where we can confirm very positive financial reserves to the extent that the Municipality is able to fund some capital projects through its reserves. I can mention achievements like purchasing of the New Grader with procurement process for a second Grader and 2 TLBs and a Tipper Truck at advanced stage, Construction of DLTC and completion of fencing and parking at Municipal Civic Centre. The Council has ensured that at all times it prepares and adopt credible and funded budget where over the years such has been confirmed by Provincial and National Treasury. The Municipality without fail has been reporting to Treasury offices and Auditor General as required in

terms of Municipal Finance Management Act hence no non-compliance issued by those offices resulting in the Council being on a compromising position. The municipality in trying to enhance its revenue collection introduced a 60/40 Rebate which ran for over two years and coming to an end by end of June 2021 though most people failed to take advantage of this opportunity and unfortunately the Municipal debt Age Analysis indicate continuous increase of monies owed to the municipality by Rate payers, Government Sector Departments including Ingonyama Trust Board and Businesses. The municipality managed to implement MSCOA System as required by National Treasury.

The municipality indeed regressed from Clean Audit outcomes from 2016/17 to Unqualified Audit opinion with matters and has sustained such status until the last audit. It is worth mentioning that there has been a significant improvement comparing the previous audit and the last audit where number of findings reduced from 22 to 5 findings hence we all shall continue to work together on this task.

• Fostering a Culture of Community Participation and Good Governance in the Municipality: Improve the Public Participation processes; establishment of functional public participation structures and ensuring that all Council structures are fully functional and Participation of Amakhosi in the Council.

Hon Speaker and Council, indeed Council established all governance structures (EXCO, Portfolio Committees, MPAC, Audit and Performance Committee, Disciplinary Board, Women's Caucus, Rapid Response Team and Sub Committees) which remained fully functional during the Term of Office and played their oversight role accordingly. Ward Committees were established in remained functional though from time to time were affected due to vacancies. The municipality without fail has been consulting with all Communities, Youth and various Stakeholders during the review of IDP and preparation of Budget processes during the term of Office. The municipality actively participated in various Inter-governmental Relations Structures for effective governance and service delivery. Hon Speaker, we have to also acknowledge that some critical structures like Operation Sukuma Sakhe War Rooms and Local Aids Council did not fulfil their mandate due to challenges like functionality and participation of key stakeholders hence more focus is required on these structures as they are playing a vital role in the upliftment of the community. Lastly, sithi asibonge kakhulu kuProvincial Cogta ngokusilekelela ukuthi wonke Amakhosi Ezizwe ezingaphansi kweMandeni abe yingxenye yomkhandlu ukuginisa ukusebenzisana ukuhambisa intuthuko kubantu.

• **Promoting and facilitating Human Development:** Improve this community skills base; Ensure empowerment of Youth, Women and people living with disabilities.

The municipality during this term of Office established a Youth Section which is capacitated with human resources and well-functioning in dealing with Youth Programmes. The municipality through Youth Section has continuously rolled out a number of community skills development programmes such as Youth Drivers License Programme, Bursary Programme and various Internship Programmes.

Also, various Youth skills development programmes are being implemented in partnership with various stakeholders (government and Private Sector), Local Youth has been supported with various sporting equipment. Various facilities have been built to support Youth Programmes and with the Digital Hub and Youth Enterprise Park also under construction to support Youth of Mandeni. The Municipality through Youth Section continues to support education sector in particular Matriculants in enhancing pass rate.

• Facilitate the Creation of Job Opportunities: Implement and Facilitate various Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP); Promote Manufacturing activities; facilitate SMMEs development and support and unlock agricultural potential.

The Municipality continued to implement and facilitate EPWP Programme through Zibambele, Food for Waste, Community Works Programme and Working for the Coast and currently there are over 1550 local participants on various EPWP Programmes. Also, the municipality through implementation of various infrastructure projects and projects that are implemented by other Government Sector Departments like DoT and DTI thousands of job opportunities for local communities were created and in turn some people have gained lifetime skills in the process. The municipality through its Supply Chain Management Policy implemented a Contractor Development and SMMEs Support programme which gave the opportunity to over 100 Local Small Contractors to subcontract to bigger contractors implementing various municipal infrastructure projects. The municipality through this programme has managed to have local contractors acquiring high CIDB Gradings hence to date there are local contractors that have implemented various projects of higher CIDB Grading within the Municipality. In the last two years or sore, out of +15 projects over 40% of projects are implemented by local contractors.

The municipality has further set aside the Grass Cutting programme exclusively for Local SMMEs. Also, various Local SMMEs and Cooperatives have been assisted with start-ups equipment and material through Quick Wins and Strategic SMME Support Programme.

The municipality is also playing pivotal role in facilitating key Local Economic Development initiatives within Mandeni which are driven by various government Departments, State Owned Enterprises and Private Sector such as Ilembe Water and Sanitation Projects, isithebe Industrial Estate Revitalisation and Umgeni Bulk Water Infrastructure.

Historically Isithebe has always been a clothing and Textile Capital of the KZN. However, over the years Textile industry took a knock – a situation that we aim to turn around. In this regard, Department of Trade Industry has given us a team of specialist to help us revive the sector. The project to fence and protect the Isithebe is up and running in the industrial park and we have to work as a collective in effort to revitalize our economy.

Okumele sikwazi Indawo yakwaSithebe enkulu ezindaweni kwizindawo eziphethwe yiThala, kumele sibambisani ukuyivikela ukuze iqhube ibeyisizinda sentuthuko kubantu bakithi.

Lastly, the Council has ensured that institutional capacity required is n place where Council managed to fill all Senior Management position and other critical positions.

Hon Speaker and council, of course we cannot blow our own trumpet but if you look the summary of the achievements by this Council during its term of Office, we have to applaud ourselves and the Administration that indeed the new Council will receive a very stable and functional institution and of course there are short-comings that still need to be worked on.

Hon Speaker, Council and distinguished guests now zooming into the business of today, I am please to table the Final IDP and MSCO Budget with the following items forming part of the Budget:

- i). mSCOA Annual Budget
- ii). Schedule of Tariffs
- iii). The Budget Related Policies
- iv). Schedule of Service Delivery Standards MFMA in line with Circular No.72
- v). Provincial Treasury feedback on Assessment of Draft Budget 2021/22
- vi). The Integrated Development Plan (IDP)
- vii). The Service Deliver and Implementation Plan (SDBIP)

Somlomo and Council, it is time for change, for progress and for rebirth. It must be a year in which we rise as this is not an ordinary year hence this cannot be an ordinary Budget Speech.

I will therefore, focus this morning on the foremost, overriding priorities of 2021 - 2022 financial year.

First, we must defeat the coronavirus pandemic as the economic effects of the pandemic are far-reaching with high level of uncertainty. **Secondly**, we must accelerate our economic recovery. **Thirdly**, we must implement economic reforms to create sustainable jobs and drive inclusive growth. **And finally**, we must fight corruption and strengthen the clean institution.

Rising unemployment and income losses have entrenched existing inequalities. We must overcome poverty, hunger, joblessness and inequality.

We must overcome a legacy of exclusion and dispossession that continues to impoverish our people, and which this pandemic has severely worsened.

Over the past year, South Africa has experienced a sharp decline in growth and a significant increase in unemployment. Poverty is on the rise every day and inequality is deepening and worsening and a similar situation is also experienced within Mandeni.

Although growth rates are likely to improve quickly as restrictions are removed, based on current projections, the output is only expected to return to pre-pandemic levels in 2024.

These economic challenges will continue to exert pressure on municipal revenue generation and collection levels; hence a conservative approach is advised for revenue projections.

The major challenges experienced during the compilation of the Budget 2021-2022 MTREF can be summarized as follows:

- Wage increases for municipal staff that continue to exceed consumer inflation, as well as the need to fill critical vacancies;
- Reduced revenue collection due to the negative impact of COVID 19 as well as increasing culture of not paying for services and rates and the reduction of grant allocations.
- Communities requiring more free basic services due to loss of jobs.
- Aging or dilapidating infrastructure and less resources available for maintenance of existing infrastructure.
- Increased service delivery priorities whilst revenues have been decreased.

ANNUAL BUDGET 2021/22

For 2020/21, **Total revenue** is projected to be **R345,7 million**, Total operating revenue has decreased by 8.8 per cent or R29,8 million for the 2021/2022 financial year when compared to the 2020/2021 Adjustments Budget. The **Total Operating Expenditure** is projected at **R323,4 million**, it has increased by 0.9 per cent in the 2021/2022

Total Capital Budget of **R73,9 million** for 2021/2022 has been appropriated which demonstrate a decrease by 21 per cent when compared to the 2020/2021 Adjustment Budget.

On that note this means we have a consolidated budget deficit of **R51,6 million** and this has been funded from the reserves which are cash backed

The municipality is still grant dependent; own revenue is **31,47 percent** of the total budgeted operational revenue and that is R108,8 million.

The budget also indicates that the municipality is highly dependent on grants as it has received **R45,7 million** on conditional grants and **R191,3 million** from equitable share.

To support growth, we propose no major tarrif increases. National Treasury encourages municipalities to maintain tariff increases at levels that reflect an appropriate balance between the affordability to poorer households and other customers while ensuring the financial sustainability of the municipality.

An increase of **5 per cent** is proposed to be affected on Rates Tariffs; **14.59 per cent** increase in proposed for electricity tariffs in line with National Energy Regulator of South Africa (NERSA), Refuse and other sources of revenue have been aligned to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation and has been increased by **4.5 per cent**.

The budgeted allocation for **employee related costs** for the 2021/22 financial year totals **R122 million including Councillors' allowances**, which equals **37.9 per cent** of the total operating expenditure. Salary increases have been factored into this budget at a **percentage increase of 6.25** per cent for the 2021/22 financial year for employees and **4% for Councillors, however salary increase negotiations for general staff are not yet finalised.** As part of the Municipalities cost reprioritization and cash management strategy, vacancies have been significantly rationalized downwards.

Speaker, our measures will support growth. But fiscal sustainability must be uppermost in our mind.

Over the next three years, we will have to adjust to significant changes in expenditure plans while improving accountability. The 2021 Budget protects transfers that focus on infrastructure, service delivery and COVID-19 spending while reducing those spent less effectively. The 2021/2022 Budget includes funding for initiatives to improve municipal revenue collection and support financially distressed municipalities

The amount of R45.9 million has been appropriated for the renewal of existing assets. During the preparation process the **repairs and maintenance** was identified as a strategic imperative owing to the aging of the Municipality's infrastructure and historic deferred maintenance and the weather pattern disasters especially to rural roads

The municipality has prioritized the Establishment of DLTC Centre which has been allocated budget of R5 million. Establishment of this center is one of the strategies in the revenue enhancement strategy as the municipality anticipates to improve revenue collection upon completion and operation of the training center.

Furthermore, to that the municipality has prioritized the upgrading of roads infrastructure which will be funded internally and through grants; as we have noted that they are not in a condition due to its aging of its infrastructure, this is to ensure that there is improved service delivery. An estimated amount or R30 million has been set aside for Roads projects.

Hon Speaker and Council, just to highlight few Infrastructure Projects and support equipment as reflected in the IDP and Budget:

• Mandeni DLTC allocated R5 mil; Extension of Municipal Mechanic Worksho allocated R1.8 mil; Inyoni Phase 4 Civil Works allocated R3.3 mil; Ward 13 Community Hall allocated R6.8 mil; Construction of Hlomendlini Sport Field allocated RR3.3 mil; Ward 3 Internal Access Roads Rehabilitation allocated R11.1 mil; Phase 4 Rural Roads Ward 11 allocated R4 mil and Ward 6 allocated R3.2 mil; Procurement of specialised Waste Trucks allocated R4mil; Procurement of Low bed allocated R4.5 mil; Electrification of Community in Ward 5 Dendethu and Wetane allocated R3mil and Electrification of Ward 10 Masomonce/ Makoba Village and Khenana allocated R1.8mil.

Over R11 million have been appropriated for parks, sport fields and recreation. As we believe that Participation in sport and active recreation can bring diverse social groups together and improve the social cohesion and inclusion of communities. Sport is valuable in teaching self-discipline, promoting development of fair play and fostering authority and good citizenship.

The ability of the municipality to collect outstanding debt has been considered when estimating the cash flows. At the collection rate continues to decrease and the municipality will always closely monitor its performance in this regard. Our revenue enhancement strategy is currently being reviewed so as to improve revenue collection of the municipality.

Debt Collection initiatives are being done so as to encourage consumers to settle their debts, however interest is still to be charged on outstanding debt. Budget allocated for Interest on Outstanding debtors has considered the Interest Rate of 2% per cent

We are urged to exercise caution when we prepare 2021/2022 MTREF budgets to ensure synergy with national economic and fiscal prudency.

The issue of Cost Cutting exercise remains as a big measure to be implemented and redirect funds to service delivery projects which are sustainable, by ensuring amongst other things, controlling unnecessary spending on nice-to-have items and non-essential activities when preparing the mSCOA Annual Budget for 2021/2022 MTREF.

The 2021/2022 Integrated Development Plan also focusses on changing the lives of people of Mandeni by ensuring the strengthening of Local Economic Development.

Hon Speaker, it be noted that the Budget has further considered various programmes that are implemented by the municipality this include Youth, Special Programmes for Gender, Women and people living with disabilities and a budget of R4.5 mil has been set aside for these programmes. This IDP also clearly provides the Local Economic Initiatives, Social programs, and Infrastructure projects that the Municipality will be embarking on during the 2021/2022 financial year.

It is worth mentioning that the municipal Budget to be approved is fully funded in this has also been confirmed by the Provincial Treasury.

Honourable Speaker, we will always accept and embrace the **Thuma Mina** and Khawuleza agenda hence we are boldly saying to our people:

- Thuma Mina to fight poverty;
- Thuma Mina to create jobs;
- Thuma Mina to provide proper shelter;
- Thuma Mina to provide quality health care, roads and basic services; and
- Thuma Mina to provide quality education at all levels from early childhood development to tertiary institutions

In Conclusion:

Hon Speaker and Council, I therefore recommend that:

The Council considers and adopt the Reviewed Integrated Development Plan and mSCOA Budget for 2021/2022 MTREF as per recommendations on the Council Agenda on page 59 for IDP and pages from 132 to 133 for MSCOA Budget.

I thank you all.	
CLLR TP MDLALOSE	
THE MAYOR	

1.2 Council Resolutions Resolution No: C106

COUNCIL:28/05/21

On the Council of Mandeni Municipality met through Sibusisiwe Hall Mandeni to consider the mSCOA Annual Budget of the municipality for the financial year 2021/22. The Council approved and adopted the following resolutions:

- 1. The Council of Mandeni Municipality, acting in terms of section 24(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act 56 of 2003) approves and adopts:
- 1.1. The mSCOA Annual Budget of the Municipality for the financial year 2021/22 and the multi-year and single- year capital appropriations as set out in the following tables of the budget document:
 - 1.1.1. Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification) as contained in Table 13 on page 31;
 - 1.1.2. Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote) as contained in Table 14 on page 33.
 - 1.1.3. Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue by source and expenditure by type) as contained in Table15 on page 35; and
 - 1.1.4. Multi-year and single-year capital appropriations by Municipal vote and standard classification and associated funding by source as contained in Table 16 on page 38.
- 1.2. The financial position, cash flow budget, cash-backed reserve/accumulated surplus, asset management and basic service delivery targets are approved as set out in the following tables of the budget document:
 - 1.2.1. Budgeted Financial Position as contained in Table 17 on page 39;
 - 1.2.2. Budgeted Cash Flows as contained in Table 18 on page 41;
 - 1.2.3. Cash backed reserves and accumulated surplus reconciliation as contained in Table 19 on page 43;
 - 1.2.4. Assets management as contained in Table 20 on page 44; and
 - 1.2.5. Basic Service delivery measurement as contained in Table 21 on page 46.
 - 1.3 The Council of Mandeni Municipality, acting in terms of section 75A of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) approves Schedule of Tariffs 1.3.1. Schedule of tariffs—as set out in Annexure B,
- 2. The Council of Mandeni Municipality, acting in terms of Section 16 of the local government: Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003) approves and adopts with effect from 1st July 2021 the reviewed budget related policies.
- 3. The Council resolves to approved the Service Level Standards as per MFMA circular No.72

1.3 Executive Summary

The application of sound financial management principles for the compilation of the Municipality's financial plan is essential and critical to ensure that the Municipality remains financially viable and that municipal services are provided sustainably, economically and equitably to all communities.

The Municipality's business and service delivery priorities were reviewed as part of this year's planning and budget process. Where appropriate, funds were transferred from low- to high-priority programmes so as to maintain sound financial stewardship. A critical review was also undertaken of expenditures on noncore and 'nice to have' items.

The Municipality has embarked on implementing a range of revenue collection strategies to optimize the collection of debt owed by consumers. Furthermore, the Municipality has undertaken various customer care initiatives to ensure the municipality truly involves all citizens in the process of ensuring a people lead government.

National Treasury's MFMA Circular No. 51, 54, 58, 59, 66, 67, 70, 71, 72, 74, 75, 78, 79, 82, 85, 86, 89, 91,93,94,97,98,99 and 108 were used to guide the compilation of the 2021/22 & MTREF.

The main challenges experienced during the compilation of the 2021/22 & MTREF can be summarized as follows:

The ongoing difficulties in the national and local economy;

Aging and poorly maintained electricity, roads and municipal infrastructure;

The need to reprioritise projects and expenditure within the existing resource envelope given the cash flow realities and declining cash position of the municipality;

Wage increases for municipal staff that continues to exceed consumer inflation, as well as the need to fill critical vacancies;

The continued difficulty in collecting all that is due to the municipality by consumers: and Affordability of capital projects – original allocations had to be reduced and the operational

expenditure associated with prior year's capital investments needed to be factored into the budget as part of the 2021/22 MTREF process.

The following budget principles and guidelines directly informed the compilation of the 2021/22 MTREF:

The 2020/21 Adjustments Budget priorities and targets, as well as the base line allocations contained in that Adjustments Budget were adopted as the upper limits for the new baselines for the 2021/22 annual budget;

Intermediate service level standards were used to inform the measurable objectives, targets and backlog eradication goals;

The commitments made with Auditor General in maintaining the clean audit initiatives;

The need to fulfill the municipal mandate on the provision of services on disaster management and public safety;

Tariff and property rates increase should be affordable and should generally not exceed inflation as measured by the CPI, except where there are price increases in the inputs of services that are beyond the control of the municipality, for instance the cost of bulk electricity.

In addition, tariffs need to remain or move towards being cost reflective, and should take into account the need to address infrastructure backlogs;

Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA)

The *m*SCOA Regulations applied to all municipalities and municipal entities with effect from 1 July 2017. Mandeni municipality has compiled its 2021/22 MTREF Budget transacting across all the mSCOA seven segments in Version 6.5 as per MFMA Circular 108. Furthermore, we have ensured a seamless integration of the Integrated Development Plan (IDP), Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) and Budget facilities into the core financial system as these documents create a point of departure for the transacting.

Mandeni municipality has tabled its mSCOA Draft Annual Budget & IDP for 2021/22 MTREF in an mSCOA classification framework and the data string (IDP and Budget) will be uploaded to the LG Database portal on the 31st May 2021 immediately after tabling at a Council Meeting. The municipality has also ensured that our main core system (SAGE Evolution) and all subsystems are integrating seamless.

In view of the aforementioned, the following table is a consolidated overview of the proposed 2021/22 Medium-term Revenue and Expenditure Framework:

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A1 Budge Description	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	nt Year 20		2021/22 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure			
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	•		Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24	
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	271 686	268 009	293 446	312 062	339 002	339 002	309 163	333 979	347 889	
Total Expenditure Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	233 235 79 286	258 420 49 455	283 370 28 515	309 026 37 244	320 677 62 692	320 677 62 692	323 462 22 241	332 965 39 056	346 208 41 316	
Capital expenditure & funds sourc Capital expenditure	237 694	254 468	59 655	93 192	93 192	73 920	43 042	46 136		

Table 1 Consolidated Overview of the 2021/22 & MTREF

Total operating revenue has decreased by 9.8 per cent or R37.7 million for the 2021/22 financial year when compared to the 2020/21 Adjustments Budget. For the two outer years, operational revenue will increase by 4.4 and 0.06 per cent respectively, equating to a total revenue growth of R19.8 million over the MTREF when compared to the 2020/21 financial year.

Total operating expenditure for the 2021/22 financial year has been appropriated at R323,5 million and translates into a surplus budget of R22.2 million. Operational expenditure has increased by 0.9 per cent in the 2021/22 budget and the outer years have increased by 2.9 and 4.0 per cent for each of the respective outer years of the MTREF. The operating surplus for the two outer years steadily increases to R22.7 million. The municipality has reprioritized its operational expenditure to be able to fund capital expenditure and to further ensure cash backing of reserves and funds.

The capital budget of R73.9 million for 2021/22 has decreased by 20.7 per cent when compared to the 2020/21 Adjustment Budget. The capital programme decreases to R43.0 million from 2022/23 financial year and then increases in 2023/24 to R46.1 million.

The reduction is due to affordability in the light of the current economic circumstances. A substantial portion of the capital budget will be funded from government grants. The balance will be funded from internally generated funds from cash backing reserves.

1.4 Operating Revenue Framework

For Mandeni Municipality to continue improving the quality of services provided to its citizens it needs to generate the required revenue. In these tough economic times strong revenue management is fundamental to the financial sustainability of every municipality. The reality is that we are faced with development backlogs and poverty. The expenditure required to address these challenges will inevitably always exceed available funding; hence difficult choices have to be made in relation to tariff increases and balancing expenditures against realistically anticipated revenues.

The municipality's reviewed revenue strategy is built around the following key components:

- National Treasury's guidelines and macroeconomic policy;
- Growth in the Municipality and continued economic development;
- Efficient revenue management, which aims to ensure a 68 per cent annual collection rate for property rates and other key service charges;
- The Municipality tariff increases as approved by the National Energy Regulator of South Africa (NERSA);
- Achievement of full cost recovery of specific user charges especially in relation to trading services;
- Determining the tariff escalation rate by establishing/calculating the revenue requirement of each service;
- The municipality's Property Rates Policy approved in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004) (MPRA);
- Increase ability to extend new services and recover costs;
- The municipality's Indigent Policy and rendering of free basic services; and
- The Tariff policies of the Municipality.

The following table is a summary of the 2021/22 MTREF (classified by main revenue source):

Table 2 Summary of revenue classified by main revenue source

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)												
Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	Current Year 2020/21			2021/22 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure			
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24		
Revenue By Source												
Property rates	2	40 626	58 180	46 606	52 479	52 479	52 479	46 642	52 239	60 255		
Service charges - electricity rever	2	25 622	24 368	29 909	33 865	33 865	33 865	39 216	45 099	51 042		
Service charges - water revenue		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Service charges - sanitation rever	2	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_		
Service charges - refuse revenue	2	8 450	8 911	8 534	9 938	9 938	9 938	9 546	10 947	11 970		
Rental of facilities and equipment		333	170	204	280	180	180	130	135	141		
Interest earned - external investm	ents	2 983	4 893	6 819	3 500	4 150	4 150	4 950	5 158	5 385		
Interest earned - outstanding debt	ors	15 071	13 851	11 830	18 136	6 136	6 136	6 740	7 023	7 332		
Dividends received		50	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Fines, penalties and forfeits		378	404	131	449	449	449	265	276	288		
Licences and permits		1 207	1 133	762	1 381	1 381	1 381	695	724	756		
Agency services		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Transfers and subsidies		140 949	155 084	174 636	191 346	229 735	229 735	200 340	211 711	210 023		
Other revenue	2	669	1 015	1 776	689	689	689	640	667	696		
Gains		35 346	_	12 239	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Total Revenue (excluding		271 686	268 009	293 446	312 062	339 002	339 002	309 163	333 979	347 889		
capital transfers and			*managed									

 Table 3 Percentage growth in revenue by main revenue source

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A4 Budg	gete	ed Financia	I Performa	ance (reve	nue and ex	xpenditure)		
Description	Re	Current Ye	ar 2020/21	2021/2					
R thousand	1	Adjusted Budget	%	Budget Year 2021/22	%	Budget Year +1 2022/23	%	Budget Year +2 2023/24	%
Revenue By Source									
Property rates	2	52 479	15.48	46 642	15.09	47 239	14.63	47 855	14.78
Service charges - electricity rever	2	33 865	9.99	39 216	12.68	40 099	12.42	41 042	12.67
Service charges - water revenue	2	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Service charges - sanitation rever	2	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	
Service charges - refuse revenue	2	9 938	2.93	9 546	3.09	9 947	3.08	10 370	3.20
Rental of facilities and equipment		180	0.05	130	0.04	135	0.04	141	0.04
Interest earned - external investme	ents	4 150	1.22	4 950	1.60	5 158	1.60	5 385	1.66
Interest earned - outstanding debt	ors	6 136	1.81	6 740	2.18	7 023	2.17	7 332	2.26
Dividends received		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		449	0.13	265	0.09	276	0.09	288	0.09
Licences and permits		1 381	0.41	695	0.22	724	0.22	756	0.23
Agency services		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Transfers and subsidies		229 735	67.77	200 340	64.80	211 711	65.55	210 023	64.84
Other revenue	2	689	0.20	640	0.21	667	0.21	696	0.22
Gains		_		-		_		_	
Total Revenue (excluding		339 002	100%	309 163	100%	322 979	100%	323 889	100%
capital transfers and									

In line with the formats prescribed by the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, capital transfers are excluded from the operating statement, as inclusion of these revenue sources would distort the calculation of the operating surplus/deficit.

Revenue generated from rates and services charges forms a significant percentage of the revenue basket for the Municipality. Rates and service charge revenues comprise just below one thirds of the total revenue mix. In the 2021/22 financial year, revenue from rates and services charges totaled R95.4 million or 30.8 per cent.

This increases to R97.3 million and R99.3 million in the respective financial years of the MTREF. A notable trend is the increase in the total percentage revenue generated from rates and service charges which increases from 1.9 per cent in 2022/23 to 2.0 percent in 2023/24.

The above table excludes revenue foregone arising from discounts and rebates associated with the tariff policies of the Municipality. Details in this regard are contained in Table 53 MBRR SA1 (see page 112).

Property rates are the second largest revenue source totaling to 15.0 per cent or 46.6 million and increases to R47.9 or 14.7 per cent by 2023/24. The third largest source is service charges from electricity revenue source totaling to 39.2 or 12.6 percent, contributing is the proposed increase of 14.59 per cent for municipal electricity tariffs for 2021/22 as approved guideline on municipal electricity price increase tariff.

As NERSA has published guideline on the municipal electricity price tariffs for the 2021/22 municipal financial year and approved an increase of 14.59%.

Interest on outstanding debtors have increased from R6.1 million to R6.7 million with a decrease of 9.8 per cent. The interest rate will be 2% however the debt in question will still increase and we anticipate that given the collection rate, the increase in the actual debt will result to an increase the interest category regardless of the decrease in the actual rate itself.

Operating grants and transfers totals R200.3 million in the 2021/22 financial year and steadily increases to R210.0 million by 2023/24. Note that there is a decrease of 12.7 per cent for the 2021/22 financial year and the year-on-year growth is 5.6 per cent and then decrease 0.7 per cent in the two outer years. The following table gives a breakdown of the various operating grants and subsidies allocated to the municipality over the medium term:

Table 4 Operating Transfers and Grant Receipts

Description		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		ent Year 20	20/21		22 Medium	
Description	110	2017/10	2010/13	2013/20	Curre	;	120/21		ue & Expe	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
RECEIPTS:	1, 2									
Operating Transfers and Grants										
National Government: Local Government Equitable Shipmance Management EPWP Incentive Integrated National Electrification Municipal Infrastructure Grant(PDisaster Releif Grant COVID 19		148 377 134 192 1 900 2 285 10 000	157 762 146 821 1 900 2 255 6 786	181 862 167 483 1 900 2 234 9 500 745	194 117 181 342 1 900 2 387 6 000 1 743 745	234 561 218 402 2 346 2 387 8 545 1 743 1 138	234 561 218 402 2 346 2 387 8 545 1 743 1 138	202 167 191 149 1 850 2 435 4 872 1 861	214 288 203 436 1 850 - 7 000 2 002	213 600 201 664 1 850 - 8 000 2 086
Other transfers/grants [insert d	esc	ription]								
Provincial Government:		2 480	5 278	3 488	3 636	4 027	4 027	3 044	4 423	4 423
Community Library Services Gr Provincialization of Governmen Ward Based Plan Sport and Recreation GIS Patinent Grant Spetial Development Framewor		2 480 - -	3 581 1 147 - 50 500	1 228 1 510 - - 750	2 714 515 - -	2 714 515 - -	2 714 515 - -	1 315 1 729 – –	1 477 2 946 - -	1 477 2 946 –
Single Landuse Scheme Tittle deeds restoration progran				. 00	407	491 307	491 307			
District Municipality: [insert description]		_	<u>-</u>	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_
Other grant providers: [insert description]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Operating Transfers and G	5	150 857	163 040	185 350	197 753	238 588	238 588	205 211	218 711	218 023
Capital Transfers and Grants										
National Government: Municipal Infrastructure Grant (Neighbourhood Development P	_ _ _	40 838 35 940 4 898	39 577 34 706 4 871	33 954 33 954 –	33 408 33 408	41 377 41 377	41 377 41 377	35 371 35 371	35 230 35 230	35 146 35 146
	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Other capital transfers/grants [inse	rt desc]				<u> </u>				
Provincial Government:		_	_	1 131	800	2 990	2 990	1 170	2 806	2 946
Provincialization of Libraries				1 131	800	2 990	2 990	1 170	2 806	2 946
District Municipality: [insert description]		_	_	_	_		_	-	_	_
Other grant providers: [insert description]		_	_	_	_	-	_	_		
Total Capital Transfers and Gran	5	40 838	39 577	35 085	34 208	44 367	44 367	36 541	38 036	38 092
TOTAL RECEIPTS OF TRANSFE			202 617	220 434	231 961	282 955	282 955	241 752	256 747	256 115

Tariff-setting is a pivotal and strategic part of the compilation of any budget. When rates, tariffs and other charges were revised, local economic conditions, input costs and the affordability of services were considered to ensure the financial sustainability of the Municipality.

National Treasury continues to encourage municipalities to keep increases in rates, tariffs and other charges as low as possible. Municipalities must justify in their budget documentation all increases in excess of 3- 6 per cent upper boundary of the South African Reserve Bank's inflation

target. Excessive increases are likely to be counterproductive, resulting in higher levels of non-payment.

The percentage increases of Eskom bulk tariffs are moderate this year at 17.8 per cent. Given that these tariff increases are determined by external agencies, the impact they have on the municipality and in these tariffs are largely outside the control of the Municipality. Discounting the impact of these price increases in lower consumer tariffs will erode the Municipality's future financial position and viability.

It must also be appreciated that the consumer price index, as measured by CPI, is not a good measure of the cost increases of goods and services relevant to municipalities. The basket of goods and services utilised for the calculation of the CPI consist of items such as food, petrol and medical services, whereas the cost drivers of a municipality are informed by items such as the cost of remuneration, bulk purchases of electricity and water, petrol, diesel, chemicals, cement etc.

The current challenge facing the Municipality is managing the gap between cost drivers and tariffs levied, as any shortfall must be made up by either operational efficiency gains or service level reductions. Within this framework the Municipality has undertaken the tariff setting process relating to service charges as follows.

1.5 Property Rates

Property rates cover the cost of the provision of general services. Determining the effective property rate tariff is therefore an integral part of the municipality's budgeting process.

National Treasury's MFMA Circular No. 51 deals, inter alia with the implementation of the Municipal Property Rates Act, with the regulations issued by the Department of Co-operative Governance and Traditional affairs. These regulations came into effect on 1 July 2009 and prescribe the rate ratio for the non-residential categories, public service infrastructure and agricultural properties relative to residential properties to be 0,25:1. All these pieces of legislation have been taken into consideration during this budget process.

The following stipulations in the Property Rates Policy are highlighted:

- The first R15 000 of the market value of a property used for residential purposes is excluded from the rate-able value (Section 17(h) of the MPRA
- An Additional R85 000 of the Market Value of a property used for residential purposes is excluded from the rate-able value
- Furthermore, all properties with a Market Value below the R130 000 are exempt from paying property rates
- We have also proposed a 50% rebate on all agricultural properties and a 40% rebate on all industrial properties
- 100 per cent rebate will be granted to registered indigents in terms of the Indigent Policy; for pensioners, physically and mentally disabled persons, a maximum/total rebate of 100 per cent will be granted to owners of rate-able property. In this regard the following stipulations are relevant:
- The rate-able property concerned must be occupied only by the applicant and his/her spouse, if any, and by dependents without income;

- The applicant must submit proof of his/her age and identity and, in the case of a physically or mentally handicapped person, proof of certification by a Medical Officer of Health
- The applicant's account must be paid in full, or if not, an arrangement to pay the debt should be in place; and
- The property must be categorized as residential.

In 2018/19 the Municipality has successfully implemented the new General Valuation Roll which had 7093 properties. After the completion of the second Supplementary Valuation Roll that number has since decreased to 7055 properties, which the municipality is billing for property rates.

Following the implementation of the new valuation roll, we were advised by COGTA to ensure that we consider the issue of rate shock. It was clear that there was a significant increase in the Market value of properties subsequently an increase in the Ratable value.

Any increase in the tariff of charges would have had a serious negative impact on consumers, which might have resulted to a resistance on the part of consumers. We then decided not to effect any changes in these tariffs. We are therefore proposing a slight increase of 5% for the year 2021/22. While noting the Provisions of circular 98 and the fact that the CPI reflect an increase of 3,9%, we have taken a decision to have an additional 1.1% increase in our tariffs so as to ensure that we break even and become cost reflective. It is our conviction that our tariffs have always been below the break-even line and we intend to phase in the correction by effecting an annual increase which is slightly above the CPI as an acceptable norm. Budget allocated for property rates has also considered the decrease in the number of properties that were due Supplementary Valuation Roll.

The PSI and Agricultural tariffs have been revised to be in accordance with the regulation which stipulate that it should be 1:4 of the residential tariff.

Revenue forgone has increased to R16.4 million by 1.4 per cent in the 2021/22 which has taken into consideration the indigent customers and pensioners under residential category, phasing discount for PSI properties, as we are in the fourth year of phasing out, Agricultural and Industrial categories. Reduction in revenue foregone is due decrease in the number of properties as per results of the latest supplementary valuation roll for Industrial and Residential properties.

Property rates decreased from R52.5 million to R46.6 million in the 2021/22 financial year by 5 per cent from the 2020/21 adjustment budget. Increase in property rates has considered the increase in other tariffs by 5 per cent.

The significant decline in Property Rates Revenue is as a result of the Prohibition on the rating of certain Public Service Infrastructure (PSI) and the phasing in of the prohibition in terms of Section 17 (1) (Aa) and 93A of the Local Government: Municipal Property Rates Amendment Act, 2004 (MPRA). The Municipality has also taken a decision to temporally suspend the rating of State Trust and Communal Land category, these two (2) categories had a significant contribution in the Property Rate Revenue and hence the significant decline after the implementation of these exemptions

The breakdown of the calculation applied in obtaining the budget amount has been included in the supporting document submitted. In calculating the properties rates budget, the municipality has taken into account the amendments of the MPRA.

Table 5 Comparison of proposed rates to be levied for the 2021/22 financial year

PROPERTY CATEGORY USE	CURRENT TARIFF 2020/21	CURRENT TARIFF 2021/22
Residential	0.0140	0.0147
Industrial	0.0238	0.0250
Commercial	0.0238	0.0250
Farms Agricultural Purpose	0.0035	0.0037
State Trust Land	0.0177	0.0186
Mining Properties	0.0238	0.0250
State Owned Land	0.0223	0.0234
Municipal Properties	0.0223	0.0234
Public Service Infrastructure	0.0035	0.0037
Public Benefit Organisation	0.0223	0.0234
Place of Worship	0.0223	0.0234
Vacant Lant	0.0223	0.0234

1.6 Sale of Electricity and Impact of Tariff Increases

The National Energy Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) has published its guideline on municipal electricity price for 2021/22 and approved an increase of 14.59 per cent.

However, having considered the Eskom increases, the consumer tariff had to be increased by 14.59 per cent to offset the additional bulk purchase cost from 1 July 2021.

This will still be reviewed upon the receipt of the final Bench Marks from the energy regulator Registered indigents will again be granted 50 kWh per 30-day period free of charge. In addition, those residential customers that are not registered as indigent, but that consume less than 50 kWh per 30-day period will receive 50 kWh free of charge.

It should further be noted that the municipality has adhered to NERSA's advice that a stepped tariff structure needs to be implemented from 1 July 2011. The effect thereof is that the higher the consumption, the higher the cost per kWh. The aim is to subsidize the lower consumption users (mostly the poor).

Inclining Block Tariff

The following is the basis of the price increases that has been used in developing the rates for the (Inclining Block Tariff) IBTs based on the Eskom's proposed increases:

- Block 1 The 2021/22 benchmarks were increased by 14.59% as per electricity tariff benchmark.
- Block 2 The 2021/22 benchmarks were increased by 14.59% as per the electricity tariff benchmark
- Block 3 & 4 The 2021/22 were increased by 14.59% Increase is to compensate the capital programs to support the renewal of bulk infrastructure.

The following table shows the impact of the proposed increases in electricity tariffs on the electricity charges for domestic customers:

Table 6 Comparison between current electricity charges and increases (Domestic)

kWh	NERSA's benchmark	Current tariff	Proposed	Customers
0 - 50	86 – 95	99.60	141.13	28
51 - 350	103 – 110	135.93	155.76	329
351 - 600	147 – 155	149.08	170.83	601
>600	176 – 182	202.49	232.03	60

Service Charges- electricity revenue have increased from R33.9 million to R39.2 million in the 2021/22 financial year. Electricity revenue increase is due to the proposed increase of 14.59 for municipal electricity tariffs and also the municipality has considered the level of demand by Umngeni Water based on actual consumption in this financial year and the number of increases in customers to 967 by 4 which on applications received for electricity connection in the current year.

Then revenue budget has been increased by 5.4 million. The breakdown of the calculation applied in obtaining the budget amount has been categorized in the inclining block tariff, and has taken into consideration the conversion to the prepaid system that the municipality has significantly implemented the system and Umngeni water works level of demand. The municipality has a challenge in forecasting demand by Umngeni water for budget estimated allocated, however the municipality will continuously monitor the revenue generated so as to ensure realistic estimates are allocated.

The number of households receiving the above minimum service level in respect of electricity has increased from 963 to 967 in the 2021/22 financial year movement has been based on the current year's performance.

Electricity Revenue has also considered agreement entered into between Municipality and Umngeni water works for the implementation of bulk supply for water scheme within Mandeni as we are the supply authority, the contract will also continue in the 2021/22 financial year. The agreement between Umngeni water is that the municipality will pay for consumption as per billing raised by Eskom and this will then be topped by 14.59 per cent to bill Umngeni as per agreement.

Eskom is providing free basic electricity on behalf of the municipality to all its registered indigent beneficiaries of which they have increased from 1876 to 1975 households. The municipality has planned to review its indigent register so as to confirm if the qualifying beneficiaries are still qualifying as indigent. An allocation for FBE has been increased from 1.6 million to R1.8 million which has considered the proposed increase of 9.9 per cent and the number of beneficiaries qualifying for free basic electricity, furthermore budget estimated is based on the actual performance for 2020/21 financial year.

The inadequate electricity bulk capacity and the impact on service delivery and development remains a challenge for the Municipality. Most of the suburbs and inner Municipality reticulation aexpectancy. The upgrading of the Municipality's network has therefore become a strategic priority, especially the substations and transmission lines.

The budget for the Electricity Distribution Division can only be utilised for certain committed upgrade projects and to strengthen critical infrastructure (e.g. substations without back-up supply). It is estimated that special funding for electricity bulk infrastructure to the amount of R3.1 million for 2021/22 will be necessary to steer the Municipality out of this predicament.

Owing to the increase in Eskom's bulk tariffs, it is clearly not possible to fund these necessary upgrades through increases in the municipal electricity tariff – as the resultant tariff increases would be unaffordable for the consumers. A funding model needs to be developed to mitigate this burden. Electricity service has been budgeted at a deficit of R7.9 million for 2021/22.

The main contributing factor for the service to budget for deficit is due to the approved increase by NERSA as the tariff for sale of electricity has been approved at 14.59 per cent whereas the bulk purchases has been increased by 17.8 per cent which reflects that the municipality will sell electricity at a deficit of 3.2 per cent. The municipality will have to negotiate these tariffs with Nersa in the future as they have an impact on the budget.

Furthermore, to that is the prioritization of maintaining Electricity Transformers and RMU as these assets were identified as a strategic imperative owing to the aging of the infrastructure and historic deferred maintenance as the municipality has already started with maintaining these electrical infrastructure assets

The municipality is in a process of determining its tariffs through the tariff modelling and determining all the cost drivers associated to providing this service which will then assist the municipality in ensuring that we maintain financial sustainability in the future.

1.7 Waste Removal and Impact of Tariff Increases

Currently solid waste removal is operating at a surplus of R5.4 million.

Projected revenue constitutes of 9.5 million for billing to debtors and 808 thousand allocated from equitable share towards free basic services thus totaling 10.3 million. Projected expenditure is 3.6 million which is allocated for the contactors (hire of refuse removal truck, landfill site and refuse bags). Free basic services of R807 thousand and employee cost and other operational expenditure at R3.7 million, thus projected surplus of R5.4 million is projected for this service.

A 5 per cent increase in the waste removal tariff is proposed from 1st July 2021. Higher increases will not be viable in 2021/22 owing to the significant increases implemented in previous financial years as well as the overall impact of higher than inflation increases of other services. Any increase higher than CPI would be counter-productive and will result in affordability challenges for individual rates payers raising the risk associated with bad debt.

While we note the increase in the number of properties as per the consolidated valuation roll which in turn increase the demand for this service, we have taken a firm view to decrease the expected revenue noting the economic impact of Covid 19 which has greatly affected the businesses operating in our area of jurisdiction, Business refuse forms a significant part of our Refuse Collection Revenue and the decline in business operations subsequently results to a decline in their waste products and in turn decreases the revenue generated from our side.

Service Charges- refuse revenue have decreased from R9.9 million to R9.5 million in the 2021/22 financial year with an increase in tariff of 5 per cent, decrease in this service has considered a decrease in the collectable revenue as a result of the economic impact of Covid 19. in tariffs and the number of properties from 31 032 to 32 000 with an increase of 968 which the municipality will be providing this service. Refuse collection is split between two categories for Refuse removed

at least once a week which are billed monthly and number of households receiving free basic service. To which most consumers are deemed to be indigent for this service hence they receive the free basic service.

Refuse that is removed at least once a week, there has been an increase in the number of properties for refuse services from 4452 to 4601. Increase is due to additional properties identified during this financial year as there were previously not billed for refuse.

Number of households for free basic refuse service have increased from 28 152 to 31 032 which has taken into consideration additional properties around the municipality (Low cost housing) that have been added as part of areas where the municipality is providing free basic service.

An increase of more than 5 per cent would be counter-productive and will result in affordability challenges, as it will also substantiate providing this service in a surplus.

1.7.1 Overall impact of tariff increases on households

The following table shows the overall expected impact of the tariff increases on a large and small household, as well as an indigent household receiving free basic services.

Note that in all instances the overall impact of the tariff increases on household's bills has been kept at 5 per cent for property rates, 5 per cent for refuse removal and 14.59 per cent for electricity.

Table 7 MBRR Table SA14 - Household bills

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Tal	bie	SA14 HOU	sehold Bills	<u> </u>							
		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		22 Medium xpenditure		
	Ref	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Rand/cent								% incr.			
Monthly Account for Household -	1										
'Middle Income Range'											
Rates and services charges:											
Property rates		375.67	1 008.54	1 060.98	1 124.64	1 124.64	1 124.64	5.0%	1 180.88	1 192.12	1 203.37
Electricity: Basic levy		441.05	471.22	515.51	567.06	567.06	567.06	14.6%	649.80	655.47	661.14
Electricity: Consumption Water: Basic levy		2 003.43	2 140.46	2 341.67	2 575.84	2 575.84	2 575.84	14.6%	2 951.65 -	2 977.41	3 003.17
Water: Consumption Sanitation									-		
Refuse removal Other		121.57	134.32	141.31	147.67	147.67	147.67	5.0%	155.05	156.53	158.00
sub-total		2 941.72	3 754.55	4 059.47	4 415.21	4 415.21	4 415.21	11.8%	4 937.37	4 981.53	5 025.68
VAT on Services			0.000								0 020.00
Total large household bill:		2 941.72	3 754.55	4 059.47	4 415.21	4 415.21	4 415.21	11.8%	4 937.37	4 981.53	5 025.68
% increase/-decrease		-	27.6%	8.1%	8.8%	8.8%	8.8%		11.8%	0.9%	0.9%
Monthly Account for Household -	2										
'Affordable Range' Rates and services charges:	2										
Property rates		69.47	546.14	574.54	609.01	609.01	609.01	5.0%	639.46	645.55	651.64
Electricity: Basic levy		258.14	275.80	301.72	331.89	331.89	331.89	14.6%	380.32	383.64	386.96
Electricity: Consumption		398.19	425.43	465.42	511.96	511.96	511.96	14.6%	586.65	591.77	596.89
Water: Basic levy											
Water: Consumption											
Sanitation											
Refuse removal		121.59	128.89	135.59	141.69	141.69	141.69	5.0%	148.77	150.19	151.61
Other								0.070			
sub-total		847.39	1 376.25	1 477.26	1 594.55	1 594.55	1 594.55	10.1%	1 755.21	1 771.15	1 787.10
VAT on Services											
Total small household bill: % increase/-decrease		847.39 -	1 376.25 62.4%	1 477.26 7.3%	1 594.55 7.9%	1 594.55 7.9%	1 594.55 7.9%	10.1%	1 755.21 10.1%	1 771.15 0.9%	1 787.10 0.9%
Monthly Account for Household -	3							•	·····		
'Indigent' Household receiving											
Rates and services charges:											
Property rates											
Electricity: Basic levy											
Electricity: Consumption											
Water: Basic levy											
Water: Consumption											
Sanitation											
Refuse removal											
Other								***************************************	***************************************		
sub-total		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
VAL on Services						\$					
VAT on Services Total small household bill:		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

1.8 Operating Expenditure Framework

The Municipality's expenditure framework for the 2021/22 budget and MTREF is informed by the following:

Balanced budget constraint (operating expenditure should not exceed operating revenue) unless there are existing uncommitted cash-backed reserves to fund any deficit;

Funding of the budget over the medium-term as informed by Section 18 and 19 of the MFMA;

The capital programme is aligned to the asset renewal strategy and backlog eradication plan; Operational gains and efficiencies will be directed to funding the capital budget and other core services; and

Strict adherences to the principle of no project plan no budget. If there is no business plan no funding allocation can be made.

The following table is a high-level summary of the 2021/22 budget and MTREF (classified per main type of operating expenditure):

Table 8 Summary of operating expenditure by standard classification item

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)											
Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21	2021/22 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure			
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24	
Expenditure By Type											
Employee related costs	2	76 926	84 280	99 700	110 037	110 037	110 037	107 819	112 304	117 192	
Remuneration of councillors		12 666	13 023	13 249	14 087	14 087	14 087	14 643	15 258	15 929	
Debt impairment	3	15 145	41 621	48 224	32 708	32 708	32 708	30 635	31 922	33 326	
Depreciation & asset impairment	2	27 988	27 712	30 298	30 188	30 188	30 188	32 726	33 751	34 001	
Finance charges		996	680	919	650	650	650	400	328	320	
Bulk purchases - electricity	2	16 565	22 907	26 098	29 201	30 401	30 401	35 143	36 619	38 231	
Inventory consumed	8	(513)	(508)	(980)	508	_	_	2 288	2 156	2 255	
Contracted services		29 597	39 078	34 792	49 361	56 225	56 225	56 718	56 945	59 478	
Transfers and subsidies		_	_	_	1 622	1 622	1 622	1 883	1 918	1 999	
Other expenditure	4, 5	36 080	28 573	30 329	38 189	41 964	41 964	41 206	41 764	43 476	
Losses		17 786	1 053	740	_	_	_	-	_	-	
Total Expenditure		233 235	258 420	283 370	306 552	317 882	317 882	323 462	332 965	346 208	

The budgeted allocation for employee related costs for the 2021/22 financial year totals R122.5 million, which equals 37.9 per cent of the total operating expenditure. An annual increase of 4.2 and 4.4 per cent has been included in the two outer years of the MTREF.

Employee related costs decreased from R110.9 million to R107.9 million which reflects a decrease of 2 percent. As part of the planning assumptions and interventions, decrease has taken into consideration the current status of the positions filled as per the approved organogram. The municipality has taken a decision not to fill any new position funded internally for this financial year, expect for one position of PMU Technician which has been funded from MIG top slice. Further to that decrease has also considered budget allocated towards provision for leave. Budget allocated for provision for leave has been reduced from R7.5 million to R2.5 million, this adjustment has been based on this year performance towards leave.

Increase in Employee related cost has taken into consideration the proposed increase of 6.25 per cent as proposed by Circular No.2/2020 for salary and wage increase for the period 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022 per Salary Wage Collective agreement between SALGA, and we have also considered the notch increase that is affected on an annual basis according to the new salary scales as issued by SALGA.

Furthermore, employee related costs budget has included wages for EPWP, Food for waste programme and Ingwenya nature reserve beneficiaries which committed budget of R4.2 million: EPWP wages are funded from grant allocated in 2021/22 financial year as per business plan.

Increase in the number of positions for other municipal staff has remained the same at 314 when comparing to this current financial year.

Increase in employee related costs for 6 senior managers has considered an increase of 5.5 per cent increase as per COGTA upper limits of Total Remuneration Packages payable to municipal managers and managers directly accountable to municipal manager Gazette Notice No. 42023.and budgeting for performance. Further to that we have also budgeted for senior managers performance bonus at 7 per cent of their annual package.

Employee related costs and remuneration of Councilor's have been budgeted at percentage of 37.9 percent of the total operating expenditure, which is within the norm range of 25 percent to 40 percent as per MFMA Circular No.71.

Remuneration of Councilors has increased from R14.1 million to R14.6 million which reflects an increase of 3.9 per cent. Increase in remuneration of Councilors has considered the current year's performance as per Adjustment budget 2020/21 as we have taken into consideration the latest Notice of upper limits for Councilors No.43246 as issued by COGTA. With the mSCOA classification SDL expenditure is allocated under Other Expenditure.

For the 2021/22 financial year this amount equates to R32.7 million and decreases to R30.6 million by 2022/23. While this expenditure is considered to be a non-cash flow item, it informed the total cost associated with rendering the services of the municipality, as well as the municipality's realistically anticipated revenues. With the increasing debtor's book, the majority of debt is due to Ingonymana Trust and Residential Households, budget allocated has considered this debt is irrecoverable based on the historical avenues undertaken in recovering it.

The municipality have had a series of meetings with COGTA and Municipal valuer in an attempt to determine the legality of the debt charged. It has been established that indeed the Municipality has acted within it right to charge the Board however there were legislative requirements that were not adhered to in the past.

Cogta has advised us to clean our accounts and ensure that everything is order, perform a supplementary valuation roll which will correct and reconcile the billing system against the valuation roll. After this exercise a meeting with the representatives of ITB will take place and form their we hope to get an amicable solution.

Provision for debt impairment will decrease in line with the decrease of Property Rates and Interest Revenue as a result of the Ingonyama Trust Board exemption. It should be noted that the (ITB) has always been provided for at 100% since they are regarded as none paying debtors. So their exemption subsequently result to a decline in the provision for doubtful debt, the Revenue Forgone in question amounts to R8,3 M and this is equal to the amount that could have been provided for as doubtful debt.

The current outreach programme has since seen an increase on the number of people that are coming forward to apply for our indigent relief. Having considered the high rise of retrenchments as a result of the economic recession and the economic Implications of COVID 19. We anticipate that we are going to witness a rapid increase of our indigent register.

The data cleansing exercise, is indicating that at least 500 of our debtors in our debt book are deceased people, with 120 companies who are either liquidated or dissolved. The current engagements with the ITB as well might result to a possible write off. If all the above goes accordingly we anticipate a possible write off of not less R30 million.

Provision for depreciation and asset impairment: has been informed by the Municipality's Asset Management Policy. Depreciation is widely considered a proxy for the measurement of the rate asset consumption. Budget appropriations in this regard total R32.7 million for the 2021/22 financial and equates to 10.1 per cent of the total operating expenditure. The implementation of GRAP 17 accounting standard has also been considered in determining budget for provision for depreciation.

It is anticipated that some infrastructural projects will be brought into use before the end of the current financial year, the project of Upgrade and improvement of Enembe Road which will see the depreciation amount for infrastructure assets slightly going up.

The total amount forecasted for the next financial year amounts to R32.7 million this is after taking into consideration the forecasted Capital Expenditure on various asset classes and the implication of write-offs at year-end. The amounts for movable assets such as Computer Equipment, Furniture, Machinery and Transport assets were adjusted to cater for the forecasted Capital Expenditure for the next financial year.

Finance Charges: consists primarily of the repayment of interest on long-term borrowing (cost of capital) R400 thousand has been allocated for 2021/22 financial year, current year actual performance has been considered in determining the allocated budget.

The MFMA specifies that borrowing can only be utilized to fund capital or refinancing of borrowing in certain conditions.

The municipality engages in a number of financing arrangements to minimize its interest rate costs and risk. However, for simplicity the 2021/22 MTREF is based on the assumption that all borrowings are undertaken using fixed interest rates for amortization-style loans requiring both regular principal and interest payments.

Bulk purchases: are directly informed by the purchase of electricity from Eskom. The annual price increases have been factored into the budget appropriations and directly inform the revenue provisions. Bulk purchases have taken into consideration 17.8 per cent as proposed in NERSA guideline for 2021/22 financial year as per guideline on municipal electricity price increase. Bulk purchases have increased from 30.4 million to 35.1 million in 2021/22, which is due to proposed increase of 17.8 per cent, increase has also considered the actual consumption by Umngeni for implementation of water works and the level of demand which has been noted as increasing drastically in the six months of the financial year when comparing to the 2020/21 financial year.

Inventory Consumed: For 2021/22 the appropriation against this group of expenditure has been reclassified and allocated budget of R2.2 million and continues to grow by 8.7 per cent for the two outer years of which budget allocation is in excess of R2.3 million by 2023/24. Budget allocated for inventory consumed relates to materials procured by the municipality towards repairs and maintenance. The municipality procures stores items which is often used by internal staff for maintenance of infrastructure which is undertaken internally.

Contracted Services for 2021/22 the appropriation against this group of expenditure has been increased by 1 per cent (R56.7 million) and it has grown by 4.9 for the two outer years of which budget allocation is in excess of R61.8 million by 2022/23.

As part of the process of identifying further cost efficiencies, a business process reengineering project will commence in the 2021/22 financial year to identify alternative practices and procedures, including building in-house capacity for certain activities that are currently being contracted out. The outcome of this exercise will be factored into this budget cycle and it is envisaged that additional cost savings will be implemented.

As part of the compilation of the 2020/2021 MTREF this group of expenditure was critically evaluated and operational efficiencies were enforced as the municipality is trying to reduce the outsourcing of services. The municipality took a resolution to perform some of these contracted services internally as assessments were done and reports reflected that the municipality can be capable of delivering these services, however it was also noted that municipality is currently in no position to fully perform these services internally, such as lease of refuse truck and provision of Security Services as the municipality does not have full capacity to perform them internally.

During the compilation of the 2021/22 MTREF operational repairs and maintenance was identified as a strategic imperative owing to the aging of the Municipality's infrastructure and historic deferred maintenance and the weather pattern disasters especially to rural roads. Budget allocated for other materials in 2021/22 financial year is sufficient to cover the repairs and maintenance as the budget estimate for this item has considered the repairs and maintenance plan that is annually reviewed by the municipality.

This budget comprise of amongst others the purchase of materials for maintenance, cleaning materials and also outsourcing services related to repairs & maintenance. In line with the Municipality's repairs and maintenance plan this group of expenditure has been prioritized to ensure sustainability of the Municipality's infrastructure.

Transfers & Subsidies: As part of compilation of the 2021/22 MTREF this group of expenditure was critically evaluated and operational efficiencies were enforced by annual reviewing of indigent register so as to ensure that deserving beneficiaries were qualifying.

In the 2021/22 financial year, this group of expenditure totals R1.9 million and has increased by 16.1 per cent; increase in this item has also considered the percentage increase of 6.22 per cent and increase in the number of beneficiaries that quality for free basic electricity from 1876 to 1900.

Budget allocated for free basic refuse has also considered the current year's actual performance and also, we have effected 5 per cent increase, furthermore we have considered the level of demand based on the number of households the municipality will be providing this service to which has increased from 23700 to 26 431 due to additional households that qualify for free basic refuse within the municipality.

Other expenditure comprises of various line items relating to the daily operations of the municipality. Other expenditure has been decreased from R41.9 million to R41.2 million with a decrease of 2 per cent. This group of expenditure has also been identified as an area in which cost savings and efficiencies can be achieved, as the municipality has identified arears in which cost cutting can be implemented, without disturbing operations of the municipality. Budget allocated for this item has considered cost containment regulations that were issued on the 7th June 2020 to take effect on the 1st July 2021.

Furthermore, it should be noted that other expenditure exceeds the allocated norm of 10 per cent by 12.7 per cent, variance is due to critical operations by the municipality which needs to be prioritized as they contribute to improved service delivery, however this item will be regularly monitored so as to ensure realistic targets are met. The municipality has reprioritized its programs to consider the changes introduced by COVID 19, as the municipality has cancelled most of the projects that group larger number of community members, to reprioritize service delivery projects.

The following table gives a breakdown of the main expenditure categories for the 2021/22 financial year.

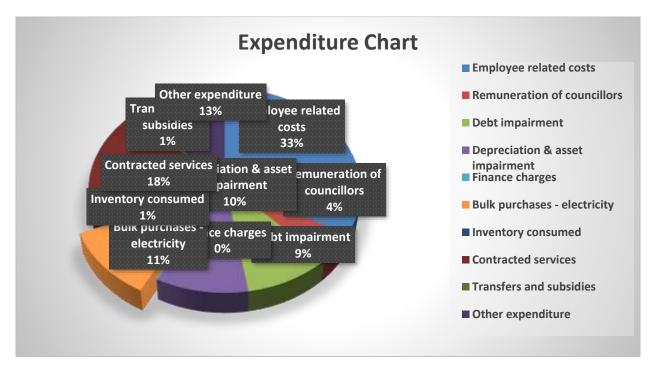


Figure 1 Main operational expenditure categories for the 2021/22 financial year

1.8.1 Priority given to repairs and maintenance

Aligned to the priority being given to preserving and maintaining the municipality's current infrastructure, the 2021/22 budget and MTREF provide for extensive growth in the area of asset maintenance, as informed by the asset renewal strategy and repairs & maintenance plan of the Municipality. In terms of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, operational repairs and maintenance is not considered a direct expenditure driver but an outcome of certain other expenditures, such as remuneration, purchases of materials and contracted services. Considering these cost drivers, the following table is a consolidation of all the expenditures associated with repairs and maintenance:

Table 9 Operational repairs and maintenance

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Table SA1 Supportinging detail to 'Budgeted Financial Performance'											
Description	Ref	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Current Year 2020/21			2021/22 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure			
		Audited	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget		Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24	
R thousand											
Repairs and Maintenance	8										
Employee related costs	6 648	13 686	16 781	19 652	21 764	21 764	23 633	25 663	27 868		
Inventory Consumed (Project Maintenance	10 530	12 316	18 777	8 068	8 068	8 068	_	-	_		
Contracted Services		3 115	9 431	7 949	16 875	19 345	19 345	19 275	19 920	20 609	
Other Expenditure								6 093	6 348	6 628	
Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditu	20 293	35 432	43 507	44 595	49 177	49 177	49 001	51 932	55 105		

During the compilation of the 2021/22 MTREF operational repairs and maintenance were identified as a strategic imperative owing to the aging of the Municipality's infrastructure and historic deferred maintenance and the weather pattern disasters especially to rural roads. To this end, repairs and maintenance for roads was substantially increased by 12.4 per cent in the 2021/22 financial year, from R49.1 million to R55.1 million. The total allocation for 2021/22 equates to R49.0 million a increase of 4 per cent in relation to the Adjustment Budget and continues to grow at 5.9 and 6.1 per cent over the MTREF. In relation to the total operating expenditure, repairs and maintenance comprises of 8.0 and 6.2 per cent for the respective financial years of the MTREF which is above the norm of 8.

The table below provides a breakdown of the repairs and maintenance in relation to asset class:

Table 10 Repairs and maintenance per asset class

Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		22 Medium ue & Expe	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS		31 103	36 534	36 916	47 063	49 533	49 533	52 001	53 671	54 611
<u>Depreciation</u>	7	27 988	27 103	28 967	30 188	30 188	30 188	32 726	33 751	34 001
Repairs and Maintenance by Asset Class	3	3 115	9 431	7 949	16 875	19 345	19 345	19 275	19 920	20 609
Roads Infrastructure		977	3 884	2 337	5 710	4 780	4 780	4 950	5 118	5 285
Storm water Infrastructure		293	120	73	1 600	1 600	1 600	1 250	1 303	1 360
Electrical Infrastructure		539	1 790	991	2 350	2 400	2 400	3 250	3 367	3 486
Water Supply Infrastructure		-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Sanitation Infrastructure		-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Solid Waste Infrastructure		-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Rail Infrastructure		-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Coastal Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Information and Communication Infras	stru	-	78	312	350	350	350	3 000	3 126	3 264
Infrastructure		1 809	5 873	3 713	10 010	9 130	9 130	12 450	12 913	13 394
Community Facilities		9	6	245	995	1 445	1 445	825	860	897
Sport and Recreation Facilities		_	279	123	500	500	500	1 250	1 198	1 251
Community Assets		9	284	367	1 495	1 945	1 945	2 075	2 058	2 149
Heritage Assets		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Revenue Generating		-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Non-revenue Generating		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Investment properties		_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operational Buildings		77	144	514	750	1 450	1 450	250	261	272
Housing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other Assets		77	144	514	750	1 450	1 450	250	261	272
Biological or Cultivated Assets		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Servitudes		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Licences and Rights		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Intangible Assets		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Computer Equipment		_	_	164	150	150	150	_	_	_
Furniture and Office Equipment		1	_	103	300	300	300	_	_	_
Machinery and Equipment		1 219	3 129	3 088	4 170	6 370	6 370	4 500	4 689	4 795
Transport Assets		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Land		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Anin	als	_	_		_	_	_			-
TOTAL EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS		31 103	36 534	36 916	47 063	49 533	49 533	52 001	53 671	54 611

For the 2021/22 financial year 64.9 per cent or R12.5 million of total repairs and maintenance will be spent on infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets and Machinery & equipment have been allocated R4.5 million of total repairs and maintenance equating to 23.4 per cent, Community assets have been allocated R1.9 million of total repairs and maintenance equating to 10.2 per cent.

1.9 Free Basic Services: Basic Social Services Package

The social package assists households that are poor or face other circumstances that limit their ability to pay for services. To receive these free services, the households are required to register in terms of the Municipality's Indigent Policy. The target is to register 500 or more indigent households during the 2021/22 financial year, a process is reviewed annually to benefit in Free Basic Services offered by the municipality. Detail relating to free services, cost of free basis services, revenue lost owing to free basic services as well as basic service delivery measurement is contained in Table 27 MBRR A10 (Basic Service Delivery Measurement).

The cost of the social package of the registered indigent households is largely financed by national government through the local government equitable share received in terms of the annual Division of Revenue Act.

1.10 Capital expenditure

The following table provides a breakdown of budgeted capital expenditure by vote:

Table 11 2021/22 Medium-term capital budget per vote

Vote Description	Re	Current Yea	ar 2020/21	2021/22 N		erm Reven Framework	•	enditure	
R thousand	1	Adjusted Budget	%	Budget Year 2021/22	%	Budget Year +1 2022/23	%	Budget Year +2 2023/24	%
Single-year expenditure to be approp	2								
Vote 1 - Executive and council		650	0.70	20	0.03	-		_	
Vote 2 - Finance and administration		2 975	3.19	5 150	6.97	-		_	
Vote 3 - Internal audit		-	-	_	-	-		_	
Vote 4 - Community and social service	es	8 122	8.72	10 108	13.67	_		_	
Vote 5 - Sport and Recreation		7 670	8.23	5 754	7.78	10 150	23.58	-	
Vote 6 - Public safety		1 730	1.86	_	-	-		_	
Vote 7 - Housing		200	0.21	_	-	_		_	
Vote 8 - Planning and Development		17 900	19.21	9 985	13.51	5 000	11.62	6 500	14.09
Vote 9 - Road transport		49 945	53.59	30 703	41.53	27 892	64.80	39 636	85.91
Vote 10 - Energy sources		2 260	2.43	8 200	11.09	-		_	
Vote 11 - Waste Management		1 740	1.87	4 000	5.41	-		_	
Vote 12 - Environmental Protection		-		_		-		-	
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		-		_		-		-	
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		-		_		-		-	
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_				-		_	
Capital single-year expenditure sub-to	otal	·	100%	73 920	100%	43 042	100%	46 136	100%
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		93 192	100%	73 920	100%	43 042	100%	46 136	100%

For 2021/22 an amount of R15.4 million have been appropriated for the development of infrastructure which represents 26.1 per cent of the total capital budget. In the outer years this amount totals R19.8 million and increases to R11.5 million respectively for each of the financial years. Community assets have been allocated R9.6 which represents 16.3 per cent. Transport and roads receive the highest allocation of R25.9 million in 2021/22 which equates to 43.9 per cent followed by Other Assets at 13.9 per cent or R8.9 million.

Total new assets represent 54.4 per cent or R32.1 million of the total capital budgets while renewal of existing assets represents 3.4 per cent or 1.7 million and upgrading of existing assets equates to 42.8 per cent or R25.2 million.

Capital budget funded from grants through National & Provincial Treasury equates to R36.5 million or 49.4 per cent. National Grant have been funded by MIG allocation of 95 per cent of the total allocation as 5 per cent has been allocated towards PMU.

Capital Budget funded through provincial grants have split as follows for Library Grant of R1.2 million which represents 1.6 per cent of total allocated grant. Budget allocated is in accordance with the approved business plan for Library Grant through the Department of Arts & Culture.

Capital funded internally equates to 50.6 per cent or R37.4 million, which has been funded from cash backed reserves from previous year. The municipality has prioritized the Establishment of DLTC Centre which has been allocated budget of R5 million. Establishment of this center is one of the strategies in the revenue enhancement strategy as the municipality anticipates to improve revenue collection upon completion and operation of the training center. Furthermore, it should be noted that there have been activities such as land surveyor and the project is out on tender for construction in this current year.

Furthermore, to that the municipality has prioritized the upgrading of roads infrastructure which will be funded internally as it was noted that they are not in a condition due to its aging of its infrastructure, this is to ensure that there is improved service delivery.

1.11 Annual Budget Tables - Parent Municipality

The following eighteen pages present the ten main budget tables as required in terms of section 8 of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations. These tables set out the municipality's 2021/22 budget and MTREF as approved by the Council. Each table is accompanied by *explanatory notes* on the facing page.

Table 12 MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A1 Budget	•							2021/22 M	edium Term	Revenue
Description	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		Current Ye	ear 2020/21			nditure Fran	
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Financial Performance										
Property rates	37 601 34 072	40 080 32 774	46 606 37 807	52 479 43 076	52 479 43 076	52 479 43 076	(82 539) (43 803)	46 642 48 762	52 239 56 046	60 255 63 012
Service charges Investment revenue	2 983	4 893	6 819	3 500	43 076	43 076	4 652	46 762	5 158	5 385
Transfers recognised - operational	140 949	155 084	174 636	191 346	229 735	229 735	225 124	200 340	211 711	210 023
Other own revenue	53 055	16 573	26 942	20 935	8 835	8 835	5 839	8 470	8 826	9 214
Total Revenue (excluding capital	268 661	249 404	292 810	311 336	338 276	338 276	109 273	309 163	333 979	347 889
transfers and contributions) Employee costs	76 926	84 280	99 700	110 037	110 037	110 037	84 628	107 819	112 304	117 192
Remuneration of councillors	12 666	13 023	13 249	14 087	14 087	14 087	11 349	14 643	15 258	15 929
Depreciation & asset impairment	27 988	27 712	30 298	30 188	30 188	30 188	23 786	32 726	33 751	34 001
Finance charges Inventory consumed and bulk purcha	996 16 052	680 22 399	919 25 118	650 32 174	650 33 736	650 33 736	27 595	400 37 432	328 38 775	320 40 486
Transfers and grants	-	-	23 110	1 622	1 622	1 622	1 433	1 883	1 918	1 999
Other expenditure	98 608	110 325	114 086	120 258	130 897	130 897	93 411	128 560	130 630	136 281
Total Expenditure Surplus/(Deficit)	233 235 35 427	258 420 (9 016)	283 370 9 440	309 016 2 319	321 217 17 058	321 217 17 058	242 206 (132 933)	323 462 (14 299)	332 965 1 014	346 208 1 680
Surplus/(Dencil)	33 421	(9010)	9 440	2319	17 036	17 000	(132 933)	(14 299)	1 014	1 000
Transfers and subsidies - capital										
(monetary allocations) (National /										
Provincial and District)	40 834	39 577	16 279	34 208	44 367	44 367	29 860	35 370	38 042	39 636
I ransfers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) (National /										
Provincial Departmental Agencies,										
Households, Non-profit Institutions,										
Private Enterprises, Public										
Corporatons, Higher Educational										
Institutions) & Transfers and	_	288	2 159	_	_	_	_	1 170	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital	76 261	30 849	27 878	36 527	61 425	61 425	(103 073)	22 241	39 056	41 316
transfers & contributions		000.0	2. 0.0	00 02.	020	020	(100 010)		00 000	
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of										
associate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	76 261	30 849	27 878	36 527	61 425	61 425	(103 073)	22 241	39 056	41 316
Capital expenditure & funds source										
Capital expenditure	248 533	237 694	254 468	59 655	93 192	93 192	_	73 920	43 042	46 136
Transfers recognised - capital Borrowing	147 014 5 207	138 744 3 881	151 564 3 881	34 949	46 682	46 682	_	36 540	38 042	39 636
Internally generated funds	96 312	95 070	99 023	24 706	46 511	46 511	_	37 380	5 000	6 500
Total sources of capital funds	248 533	237 694	254 468	59 655	93 192	93 192	_	73 920	43 042	46 136
Financial position		440 ==0	4=400=	(4.00=)	.=	.=		4=0.404		0.40.400
Total current assets Total non current assets	127 402 487 303	113 772 502 174	154 065 506 994	(4 925) 593 207	171 611 575 943	171 611 575 943	235 713 950 214	153 161 620 443	239 540 619 149	248 102 655 377
Total current liabilities	55 359	33 489	51 108	9 081	23 721	23 721	(48 885)	21 710	17 333	16 950
Total non current liabilities	14 403	14 015	15 827	(17 475)	20 085	20 085	(15 827)	20 924	21 701	22 386
Community wealth/Equity	430 068	429 732	429 818	667 377	702 188	702 188	########	730 971	819 655	864 144
Cash flows	00.405	50.504	77.000	000.047	404.000	404.000	000 050	FF 000	00.070	50.047
Net cash from (used) operating Net cash from (used) investing	26 105	53 591	77 360	308 917	134 666 (3 660)	134 666 (3 660)	209 258	55 228 (73 920)	66 976 (43 042)	58 817 (46 136
Net cash from (used) financing	2 704	1 890	893	(1 317)	(0 000)	(0 000)	893	(400)	(328)	(320
Cash/cash equivalents at the year e	28 809	55 482	108 254	307 600	242 183	242 183	365 152	100 797	124 403	136 764
Cash backing/surplus reconciliation										
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments	36 030 38 110	60 635 27 680	111 182 44 434	58 759 51 923	120 219 (29 792)	120 219 (29 792)	213 082 (46 371)	100 797 (13 945)	187 643 (15 168)	188 744 (16 953
Balance - surplus (shortfall)	(2 080)		66 748	6 836	150 012	150 012	259 453	114 742	202 811	205 697
Asset management	()		- 2 - 10					=		
Asset register summary (WDV)	487 303	502 174	506 994	593 207	550 545	550 545	550 545	620 443	619 149	655 377
Depreciation	27 988	27 103	28 967	30 188	30 188	30 188	30 188	32 726	33 751	34 001
Renewal and Upgrading of Existing Repairs and Maintenance	209 104 3 115	201 738 9 431	223 616 7 949	26 042 16 875	45 352 19 345	45 352 19 345	45 352 19 345	39 131 19 275	27 892 19 920	39 636 20 609
•	3 1 13	J 431	7 349	10 0/3	13 343	19 343	18 343	19 210	13 320	20 009
Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provide	_	505	636	727	727	727	807	807	841	876
Revenue cost of free services provi	1 512	9 050	0	15 030	15 030	15 030	16 418	16 418	17 108	17 461
Households below minimum servi	ce level									
Water: Sanitation/sewerage:	0	-0	- 0	- 0	-0	-0		_ 0	_ 0	_ 0
Energy:	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Refuse:	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
				L		£	L		1	

Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary

Table A1 is a budget summary and provides a concise overview of the Municipality's budget from all of the major financial perspectives (operating, capital expenditure, financial position, cash flow, and MFMA funding compliance).

The table provides an overview of the amounts approved by Council for operating performance, resources deployed to capital expenditure, financial position, cash and funding compliance, as well as the municipality's commitment to eliminating basic service delivery backlogs.

Financial management reforms emphasises the importance of the municipal budget being funded. This requires the simultaneous assessment of the Financial Performance, Financial Position and Cash Flow Budgets, along with the Capital Budget. The Budget Summary provides the key information in this regard.

The operating surplus/deficit (after Total Expenditure) is positive over the MTREF Capital expenditure is balanced by capital funding sources, of which Transfers recognised are reflected on the Financial Performance Budget.

Borrowing is incorporated in the net cash from financing on the Cash Flow Budget Internally generated funds are financed from accumulated cash-backed surpluses from previous years. The amount is incorporated in the Net cash from investing on the Cash Flow Budget.

The Cash backing/surplus reconciliation shows that in previous financial years the municipality was not paying much attention to managing this aspect of its finances, and consequently many of its obligations are not cash-backed. This place the municipality in a very vulnerable financial position, as the recent slow-down in revenue collections highlighted. Consequently, Council has taken a deliberate decision to ensure adequate cash-backing for all material obligations in accordance with the Funding and Reserves Policy. This cannot be achieved in one financial year. But over the MTREF there is progressive improvement in the level of cash-backing of obligations. It is anticipated that the goal of having all obligations cash-back will be achieved by 2021/22, when a small surplus as reflected.

Even though the Council is placing great emphasis on securing the financial sustainability of the municipality, this is not being done at the expense of services to the poor. The section of Free Services shows that the amount spent on Free Basic Services and the revenue cost of free services provided by the municipality continues to increase. In addition, the municipality continues to make progress in addressing service delivery backlogs.

Table 13 MBRR Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification)

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A2 Bud	aete	ed Financia	al Performa	ance (reve	nue and e	xpenditure	by function	nal classi	fication)	
				,		•			22 Medium	Term
unctional Classification Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		ue & Expe	
								Budget	Budget	Budget
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	-	Full Year	Year	Year +1	Year +2
T III adaila	•	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Revenue - Functional								LUL I/LL	LULLILU	LULUILT
Governance and administration	'n	251 253	72 058	221 149	255 023	290 297	290 297	247 561	265 777	272 385
Executive and council		2 499	_	_	7 498	7 498	7 498	7 806	8 048	8 362
Finance and administration		248 754	72 058	221 149	247 525	282 799	282 799	239 755	257 729	264 023
Internal audit		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Community and public safety		2 963	151 113	47 510	5 166	7 650	7 650	4 364	4 579	4 586
Community and social services		2 867	151 076	47 510	5 166	7 650	7 650	4 364	4 579	4 586
Sport and recreation		0	_	_	_	_	–	_	_	_
Public safety		95	37	1	_	_	l –	_	_	_
Housing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Economic and environmental s	erv		44 152	20 428	39 601	48 061	48 061	40 782	41 206	42 935
Planning and development		38 781	37 752	13 076	35 478	43 938	43 938	39 832	40 216	41 901
Road transport		6 429	6 400	7 351	4 123	4 123	4 123	950	990	1 033
Environmental protection		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Trading services		10 070	22 452	22 797	46 480	37 361	37 361	52 997	60 458	67 619
Energy sources		1 619	5 008	5 910	29 696	24 459	24 459	39 454	45 346	51 300
Water management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste water management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
_Waste management		8 450	17 444	16 887	16 784	12 902	12 902	13 543	15 112	16 319
Other	4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Revenue - Functional	2	309 496	289 774	311 884	346 270	383 369	383 369	345 704	372 021	387 524
Expenditure - Functional										
Governance and administration	n	116 914	138 938	147 179	147 441	157 558	157 558	151 860	156 816	163 435
Executive and council		36 493	36 465	35 064	44 638	47 994	47 994	47 939	49 301	51 498
Finance and administration		80 422	102 283	111 955	102 503	108 864	108 864	102 382	105 911	110 263
Internal audit			189	160	300	700	700	1 539	1 604	1 674
Community and public safety		31 447	34 721	40 535	41 711	42 428	42 428	44 710	45 554	46 770
Community and social services		27 313	30 321	33 383	32 365	32 241	32 241	31 218	31 610	32 252
Sport and recreation		3 803	4 212	6 949	8 444	9 144	9 144	12 592	13 007	13 539
Public safety		331	142	139	902	1 042	1 042	880	917	957
Housing		_	47	64	_	_	_	20	21	22
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	74 04-	70.075	75 50-
Economic and environmental s	erv		53 296	55 294	68 705	68 328	68 328	71 347	72 675	75 597
Planning and development		16 364	16 278	15 971	20 343	20 985	20 985	21 226	21 161	22 122
Road transport		30 904	32 008	35 339	40 901	39 881	39 881	47 451	48 785	50 625
Environmental protection		4 488	5 009	3 983	7 461	7 461	7 461	2 669 EE E4E	2 729	2 849
Trading services		29 748	38 955	43 249	51 159	52 904	52 904	55 545	57 919	60 407
Energy sources		23 567	31 419	34 546	39 722	41 782	41 782	47 420	49 348	51 459
Water management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste water management		6 404	7 525	0 700	11 427	11 122	11 122	0 105	0 574	0.040
Waste management	4	6 181	7 535	8 703	11 437	11 122	11 122	8 125	8 571	8 948
Other	, .	220.066	265 909	286 257	200.016	321 217	224 247	222 462	222.065	346 208
Total Expenditure - Functional	3	229 866			309 016		321 217	323 462	332 965	·
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		79 630	23 865	25 627	37 254	62 152	62 152	22 241	39 056	41 316

Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification)

Table A2 is a view of the budgeted financial performance in relation to revenue and expenditure per standard classification. The modified GFS standard classification divides the municipal services into 15 functional areas. Municipal revenue, operating expenditure and capital expenditure are then classified in terms of each of these functional areas which enable the National Treasury to compile 'whole of government' reports.

Note the Total Revenue on this table includes capital revenues (Transfers recognised – capital) and so does not balance to the operating revenue shown on Table A4. Note that as a general principle the revenues for the Trading Services should exceed their expenditures.

Other functions that show a deficit between revenue and expenditure are being financed from rates revenues and other revenue sources reflected under the Budget & Treasury Office.

Table 14 MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

	_	0045/15	004045	2016/25		4.74	00/04	2021/2	22 Medium	Term
Vote Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		ue & Expe	_
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Revenue by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - Executive and council		2 499	_	_	7 498	7 498	7 498	7 806	8 048	8 362
Vote 2 - Finance and administrati	on	248 754	72 058	221 149	247 525	282 799	282 799	239 755	257 729	264 023
Vote 3 - Internal audit		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Vote 4 - Community and social se	ėrvio	2 867	151 076	47 510	5 166	7 650	7 650	4 364	4 579	4 586
Vote 5 - Sport and Recreation		0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 6 - Public safety		95	37	1	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 7 - Housing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 8 - Planning and Developme	nt	38 781	37 752	13 076	35 478	43 938	43 938	39 832	40 216	41 901
Vote 9 - Road transport		6 429	6 400	7 351	4 123	4 123	4 123	950	990	1 033
Vote 10 - Energy sources		1 619	5 008	5 910	29 696	24 459	24 459	39 454	45 346	51 300
Vote 11 - Waste Management		8 450	17 444	16 887	16 784	12 902	12 902	13 543	15 112	16 319
Vote 12 - Environmental Protection	้วท	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 14 - NAME OF VOTE 14		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Revenue by Vote	2	309 496	289 774	311 884	346 270	383 369	383 369	345 704	372 021	387 524
Expenditure by Vote to be appro	1	00.400	00.405	05.004	44.000	47.004	47.004	47.000	40.004	5 4 400
Vote 1 - Executive and council		36 493	36 465	35 064	44 638	47 994	47 994	47 939	49 301	51 498
Vote 2 - Finance and administrati	on	80 422	102 283	111 955	102 503	108 864	108 864	102 382	105 911	110 263
Vote 3 - Internal audit	١.	- -	189	160	300	700	700	1 539	1 604	1 674
Vote 4 - Community and social s	ervi	1	30 321	33 383	32 365	32 241	32 241	31 218	31 610	32 252
Vote 5 - Sport and Recreation		3 803	4 212	6 949	8 444	9 144	9 144	12 592	13 007	13 539
Vote 6 - Public safety		331	142	139	902	1 042	1 042	880	917	957
Vote 7 - Housing		_	47	64	_	–	_	20	21	22
Vote 8 - Planning and Developme	ent	16 364	16 278	15 971	20 343	20 985	20 985	21 226	21 161	22 122
Vote 9 - Road transport		30 904	32 008	35 339	40 901	39 881	39 881	47 451	48 785	50 625
Vote 10 - Energy sources		23 567	31 419	34 546	39 722	41 782	41 782	47 420	49 348	51 459
Vote 11 - Waste Management		6 181	7 535	8 703	11 437	11 122	11 122	8 125	8 571	8 948
Vote 12 - Environmental Protection	n	4 488	5 009	3 983	7 461	7 461	7 461	2 669	2 729	2 849
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	229 866	265 909	286 257	309 016	321 217	321 217	323 462	332 965	346 208
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	2	79 630	23 865	25 627	37 254	62 152	62 152	22 241	39 056	41 316

Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

Table A3 is a view of the budgeted financial performance in relation to the revenue and expenditure per municipal vote. This table facilitates the view of the budgeted operating performance in relation to the organisational structure of the Municipality. This means it is possible to present the operating surplus or deficit of a vote. The following table is an analysis of the surplus or deficit for the municipality.

Table 15 MBRR Table A4 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A4 Bud	gete	ed Financia	al Perform	ance (reve	nue and e	xpenditure	e)			
								2021/2	22 Medium	Term
Description	ке	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	120/21	Reven	ue & Expe	nditure
						l		Budget	Budget	Budget
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Year	Year +1	Year +2
R triousariu	ı	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast			
D								2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Revenue By Source	2	40.606	E0 400	46 606	E0 470	E0 470	EQ 470	46.640	E0 000	60.055
Property rates	2	40 626	58 180	46 606	52 479	52 479	52 479	46 642	52 239	60 255
Service charges - electricity rever		25 622	24 368	29 909	33 865	33 865	33 865	39 216	45 099	51 042
Service charges - water revenue		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service charges - sanitation reve		0.450	0.011	0.524	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.546	10.047	11.070
Service charges - refuse revenue	1	8 450	8 911	8 534	9 938	9 938	9 938	9 546	10 947	11 970
Rental of facilities and equipment		333	170	204	280	180	180	130	135	141
Interest earned - external investm			4 893	6 819	3 500	4 150	4 150	4 950	5 158	5 385
Interest earned - outstanding deb	ors		13 851	11 830	18 136	6 136	6 136	6 740	7 023	7 332
Dividends received		50	-	-	-	-	-	-	070	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		378	404	131	449	449	449	265	276	288
Licences and permits		1 207	1 133	762	1 381	1 381	1 381	695	724	756
Agency services		140.040	455.004	474 626	101 040	220 725	220 725	200 240	044 744	240.000
Transfers and subsidies	_	140 949	155 084	174 636	191 346	229 735	229 735	200 340	211 711	210 023
Other revenue	2	669	1 015	1 776	689	689	689	640	667	696
Gains		35 346	_	12 239			_	-	_	
Total Revenue (excluding		271 686	268 009	293 446	312 062	339 002	339 002	309 163	333 979	347 889
canital transfers and										
Expenditure By Type						440.00-		407.040		44= 400
Employee related costs	2	76 926	84 280	99 700	110 037	110 037	110 037	107 819	112 304	117 192
Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment	3	12 666 15 145	13 023 41 621	13 249 48 224	14 087 32 708	14 087 32 708	14 087 32 708	14 643 30 635	15 258 31 922	15 929 33 326
Depreciation & asset impairment		27 988	27 712	30 298	30 188	30 188	30 188	32 726	33 751	34 001
Finance charges	_	996	680	919	650	650	650	400	328	320
Bulk purchases - electricity	2	16 565	22 907	26 098	29 201	30 401	30 401	35 143	36 619	38 231
Inventory consumed	8	(513)	(508)	(980)	508	_	_	2 288	2 156	2 255
Contracted services		29 597	39 078	34 792	49 361	56 225	56 225	56 718	56 945	59 478
Transfers and subsidies	4 -	-		-	1 622	1 622	1 622	1 883	1 918	1 999
Other expenditure Losses	4, 5	36 080 17 786	28 573 1 053	30 329 740	38 189	41 964	41 964	41 206	41 764	43 476
Total Expenditure		***************************************	\$		200 FF2	247.000	247.000	323 462	222.005	246 200
		233 235	258 420	283 370	306 552	317 882	317 882		332 965	346 208
Surplus/(Deficit) I ransters and subsidies - capital		38 452	9 590	10 076	5 511	21 121	21 121	(14 299)	1 014	1 680
(monetary allocations) (National		40 834	39 577	16 279	34 208	44 367	44 367	35 370	38 042	39 636
(monetary allocations) (National										
/ Provincial Departmental										
Agencies, Households, Non-										
profit Institutions, Private										
Enterprises, Public Corporatons,	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Transfers and subsidies - capital	(in-l	_	288	2 159	_	_	_	1 170	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital		79 286	49 455	28 515	39 718	65 487	65 487	22 241	39 056	41 316
transfers & contributions										
Taxation		_			_			_		_
Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation Attributable to minorities		79 286	49 455	28 515	39 718	65 487	65 487	22 241	39 056	41 316
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to		79 286	49 455	28 515	39 718	65 487	65 487	22 241	39 056	41 316
municipality										
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of										
associate	7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		79 286	49 455	28 515	39 718	65 487	65 487	22 241	39 056	41 316

Explanatory notes to Table A4 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

Total revenue is R309.1 million in 2021/22 and escalates to R323.9 million by 2022/23. This represents a year-on-year increase of 5 per cent for the 2021/22 financial year and 4.4 per cent for the 2022/23 financial year.

Revenue to be generated from property rates is 52.5 million in the 2021/22 financial year and increases to R57.4 million by 2022/23 which represents 16.9 per cent of the operating revenue base of the Municipality. Increase in property rates has considered the increase in other tariffs by 5 per cent.

Services charges relating to electricity and refuse removal constitutes the component of the revenue basket of the Municipality totaling R43.8 million for the 2021/22 financial year and increasing to R59.2 million by 2022/23. For the 2021/22 financial year services charges amount to 14.1 per cent of the total revenue base and grows by 31.5 per cent per annum over the medium-term. This growth has mainly been attributed by effecting 14.59 per cent increase for electricity and 4.5 per cent for refuse. The municipality has also considered the agreement between the Municipality and Umngeni water for the Thukela water works project for the supply of bulk electricity.

Rental of facilities and equipment have been decreased in the 2021/22 financial year from R280 thousand to R130 thousand with a decrease of 53%. Budget amount has also considered the increase on rental tariffs at 5%, decrease in the budget has considered the level of demand for the utilization of municipal properties and the actual collection to date. Furthermore, it should be noted that rental from facilities and equipment has been affected by COVID since the municipality is expected to adhere to Regulations which does not allow gathering of people which exceed the allocated number as per regulations.

Though there has been a decrease in the revenue generated from this service as a result of the Lockdown and the decrease of social, religious and recreational gatherings, with the current roll out of the Vaccines anticipate that the situation on the ground will change and the budget performance will improve, we have however ensured that we do not become over optimistic in this line item but rather realistic considering the conditions on the ground

However, it has been noted that with community facilities there is a challenge facing the Municipality is managing the gap between cost drivers and tariffs levied, as any shortfall must be made up by either operational efficiency gains or service level reductions.

Interest on external investments have been increased from R4.2 million to R5.0 million for 2021/22 financial year, increase of 19.2 per cent has considered the projected closing balance for investments and the 2021/22 and Gazetted Grants which will transferred to the municipality as publicized. The municipality has applied the market interest rate of 8.75 per cent which is below the current interest rate of 8.75 per cent so as to set realistic targets.

Interest on external Investment revenue contributes marginally to the revenue base of the municipality with a budget allocation of R5.0 million, R5.2 million and R5.4 million for the respective three financial years of the 2021/22 MTREF. It needs to be noted that these allocations have been conservatively estimated and as part of the cash backing of reserves and provisions. The actual performance against budget will be carefully monitored. Any variances in this regard will be addressed as part of the mid-year review and adjustments budget.

Interest on Outstanding have been increased from R6.1 million to R6.7 million for 2021/22; increase of 9.8 per cent is based on the level of outstanding debtors as the large bulk of debt is due to Ingonyama Trust and Households. Debt Collection initiatives are being done so as to encourage consumers to settle their debts, however interest is still to be charged on outstanding debt.

Interest rate has been decreased from 10% to 2%, this has greatly decreased the Interest on outstanding debtors Revenue, The exemption of State Trust and Communal Land category will mainly be applicable to the Ingonyama Trust Board Properties, this is the most defaulting consumer and it forms a large part of our debt book therefore the suspension of it billing will result to a significant decline I the Interest revenue.

Fines have been increased from R449 thousand to R265 thousand; decrease of 40.9 percent, proposed budget for fines is based on the current year's actual performance for 2020/21 billing. This is the level in which the municipality anticipates to recover/collect fines once it has also determined the analysis for the implementation of GRAP 1 which is recognized at year end.

Licenses & Permits have been increased from R1.4 million to R695 thousand for 2021/22 financial year; decrease of 49.6 percent is based on the current year's actual performance and level of demand for this source. Budget allocated has also considered the percentage increase of 5 per cent which has been effected for various license & Permits tariffs for Traffic Department , further to that budget allocated has also considered the actual performance to date for licenses and permits.

Other revenue has been decreased from R689 thosand to R640 thousand for 2021/22 financial year decrease of 7.1 per cent has considered the increase in tariffs by 5 per cent for photocopy, fire services and connection fees, furthermore to that level of performance has been considered in determining the budget estimates for these revenue sources.

Transfers recognised – operational includes the local government equitable share and other operating grants from national and provincial government. It needs to be noted that the grants receipts from national government have been decreased over the MTREF by 12.7 per cent and then increases by 5.6 per cent to 0.7 per cent for the two outer years. Furthermore, 5 per cent of the MIG allocation has been allocated towards the Project Management Unit as per the approved business plan in accordance with Schedule 5-part B, therefore R1.8 million has been allocated towards operation activities of the PMU unit.

Bulk purchases have significantly increased over the 2020/21 adjustment budget to 2021/22 period escalating from R30.4 million to R35.1 million. This increase is attributed to the substantial increase in the cost bulk electricity from Eskom; the municipality has effected proposed increase of 17.8 per cent for bulk purchases by NERSA furthermore the increase in bulk purchases has considered the current level of demand by Umngeni Water based on the consumption per kilowatts to date.

Employee related costs and other expenditure are the main cost drivers within the municipality and alternative operational gains and efficiencies will have to be identified to lessen the impact of wage and other expenditure increases in future years.

Table 16 MBRR Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding source

Vote Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		22 Medium	
-									ue & Expe	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Single-year expenditure to be ap	2									
Vote 1 - Executive and council Vote 2 - Finance and administrati		1 525 52 807	3 949 55 799	1 525 58 884	650 2 300	650 2 975	650 2 975	20 5 150	_	_
Vote 3 - Internal audit	Ī	_	_	-				_	_	_
Vote 4 - Community and social se	ervi		78 835	80 707	1 788	8 122	8 122	10 108	- .	_
Vote 5 - Sport and Recreation		301	301	301	8 110	7 670	7 670	5 754	10 150	_
Vote 6 - Public safety Vote 7 - Housing		_	_	_	1 790 200	1 730 200	1 730 200	_	_	_
Vote 8 - Planning and Developme	ent	13 822	25	1 638	15 651	17 900	17 900	9 985	5 000	6 500
Vote 9 - Road transport		83 679	72 627	90 937	26 176	49 945	49 945	30 703	27 892	39 636
Vote 10 - Energy sources		23 692	26 158	20 476	2 150	2 260	2 260	8 200	-	_
Vote 11 - Waste Management		_	_	-	840	1 740	1 740	4 000	_	_
Vote 12 - Environmental Protection	on	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13] Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital single-year expenditure's	ub-	248 533	237 694	254 468	59 655	93 192	93 192	73 920	43 042	46 136
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		248 533	237 694	254 468	59 655	93 192	93 192	73 920	43 042	46 136
Capital Expenditure - Functional										
Governance and administration	'n	54 331	59 748	60 409	2 950	3 625	3 625	5 170	_	_
Executive and council		1 525	3 949	1 525	650	650	650	20	_	_
Finance and administration		52 807	55 799	58 884	2 300	2 975	2 975	5 150	-	_
Internal audit Community and public safety		73 010	79 136	81 008	11 888	17 722	17 722	15 8 6 3	10 150	_
Community and public safety Community and social services		72 708	78 835	80 707	1 788	8 122	8 122	10 108	10 150	_
Sport and recreation		301	301	301	8 110	7 670	7 670	5 754	10 150	_
Public safety		-	-	-	1 790	1 730	1 730	-	-	_
Housing		_	_	-	200	200	200	_	_	_
Health		-	70.050	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.400
Economic and environmental s	erv	97 500 13 822	72 652 25	92 574 1 638	41 827 15 651	67 845 17 900	67 845 17 900	40 688 9 985	32 892 5 000	46 136 6 500
Planning and development Road transport		83 679	72 627	90 937	26 176	49 945	49 945	30 703	27 892	39 636
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 00 000
Trading services		23 692	26 158	20 476	2 990	4 000	4 000	12 200	-	_
Energy sources		23 692	26 158	20 476	2 150	2 260	2 260	8 200	_	_
Water management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste water management Waste management		_	_	_	840	1 740	1 740	4 000	_	_
Other		_	_	_	-	-	- 1740	-	_	_
Total Capital Expenditure - Func	3	248 533	237 694	254 468	59 655	93 192	93 192	73 920	43 042	46 136
Funded by:										
National Government		147 014	138 512	151 333	33 977	43 021	43 021	35 370	38 042	39 636
Provincial Government		-	231	231	972	3 660	3 660			-
District Municipality		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
I ransters and subsidies -										
capital (monetary allocations)										
(National / Provincial										
Departmental Agencies,										
Households, Non-profit										
Institutions, Private		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers recognised - capital	4	147 014	138 744	151 564	34 949	46 682	46 682	36 540	38 042	39 636
Borrowing	6	5 207	3 881	3 881						
Internally generated funds		96 312	95 070	99 023	24 056	46 511	46 511	37 380	5 000	6 500
Total Capital Funding	7	248 533	237 694	254 468	59 005	93 192	93 192	73 920	43 042	46 136

Explanatory notes to Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding source

1. Table A5 is a breakdown of the capital programme in relation to capital expenditure by municipal vote (multi-year and single-year appropriations); capital expenditure by standard classification; and the funding source necessary to fund the capital budget, including information on capital transfers from national and provincial departments.

Table 17 MBRR Table A6 - Budgeted Financial Position

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A6 Budg				Hariciai							
		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		Current Y	ear 2020/2	21		22 Medium ue & Expe	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
ASSETS											
Current assets Cash Call investment deposits Consumer debtors Other debtors	1 1	34 402 1 628 42 113 48 746	58 901 1 734 66 414 (13 785)	109 354 1 828 68 854 (26 951)	58 759 - (59 175) (4 000)	120 219 - 52 330 (1 918)	120 219 - 52 330 (1 918)	86 174 126 908 52 330 (30 704)	6 448 94 349 44 093 7 247	38 502 149 142 48 644 2 253	40 236 148 508 56 014 2 299
Current portion of long-term recei	vab	_ 513	508	980	(508)	980	980	1 005	1 025	1 000	1 044
Inventory Total current assets		127 402	113 772	154 065	(308) (4 925)		171 611	235 713	153 161	239 540	248 102
Non current assets		127 402	113/1/2	134 003	(4 923)	171011	171011	233 / 13	133 101	239 340	240 102
Long-term receivables Investments		- - - -	- - - -	70.440	- - - -	70.440	70.440	- - 70 440	- - 70 440	- - 70 440	- - 70 116
Investment property Investment in Associate Property, plant and equipment	3	57 922 - 428 277	57 877 - 443 462	70 116 - 436 098	57 877 - 534 711	70 116 - 505 047	70 116 - 505 047	70 116 - 879 406	70 116 - 549 237	70 116 - 547 896	70 116 - 584 075
Biological Intangible	J	1 105	836	- 780	619	780	780	- 692	1 091	1 137	1 187
Other non-current assets		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total non current assets TOTAL ASSETS		487 303 614 705	502 174 615 947	506 994 661 058	593 207 588 283	575 943 747 554	575 943 747 554	950 214 1 185 927	620 443 773 605	619 149 858 688	655 377 903 479
LIABILITIES		014703	013 347	001 000	300 203	747 334	171 337	1 103 321	113 003	030 000	303 473
Current liabilities Bank overdraft Borrowing	1 4	- 3 761	2 704	_ 1 764	_ (1 317)		- 440	_ (1 764)	_ 780	_ 902	_ 964
Consumer deposits Trade and other payables Provisions	4	361 48 980 2 258	176 28 834 1 775	116 47 109 2 120	211 10 188 –	320 22 961 –	320 22 961 –	35 (49 276) 2 120	283 20 698 (51)	194 16 237 –	99 15 886 –
Total current liabilities		55 359	33 489	51 108	9 081	23 721	23 721	(48 885)	21 710 [°]	17 333	16 950
Non current liabilities Borrowing		- 14 403	_ 14 015	_ 15 827	289 (17 764)	440 19 645	440 19 645	_ (15 827)	725 20 198	654 21 046	413 21 972
Provisions Total non current liabilities		14 403 14 403	14 015 14 015	15 827 15 827	(17 764) (17 475)		20 085	(15 827) (15 827)	20 198 20 924	21 046 21 701	21 972 22 386
TOTAL LIABILITIES		69 762	47 504	66 934	(8 394)		43 806	(64 712)	42 634	39 033	39 335
NET ASSETS	5	544 942	568 443	594 124	(6 394) 596 677	703 748	703 748	1 250 639	730 971	819 655	864 144
	J	JTT J42	300 443	JJT 124	330 011	100140	100140	1 230 033	130 311	019 000	JUT 144
COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit) Reserves	4	227 395 202 672	227 059 202 672	227 145 202 672	667 377 –	700 351 1 837	700 351 1 837	(816 552) (202 672)	729 050 1 921	817 653 2 002	862 054 2 090
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/E	5	430 068	429 732	429 818	667 377	702 188	702 188	(1 019 224)	730 971	819 655	864 144

Explanatory notes to Table A6 - Budgeted Financial Position

- 1. Table A6 is consistent with international standards of good financial management practice, and improves understandability for councilors and management of the impact of the budget on the statement of financial position (balance sheet).
- 2. This format of presenting the statement of financial position is aligned to GRAP1, which is generally aligned to the international version which presents Assets less Liabilities as "accounting" Community Wealth. The order of items within each group illustrates items in order of liquidity; i.e. assets readily converted to cash, or liabilities immediately required to be met from cash, appear first.
- 3. Table 66 is supported by an extensive table of notes providing a detailed analysis of the major components of a number of items, including:

Call investments deposits;

Consumer debtors;

Property, plant and equipment;

Trade and other payables;

Provisions non-current;

Changes in net assets; and

Reserves

- 4. The municipal equivalent of equity is Community Wealth/Equity. The justification is that ownership and the net assets of the municipality belong to the community.
- 5. Any movement on the Budgeted Financial Performance or the Capital Budget will inevitably impact on the Budgeted Financial Position. As an example, the collection rate assumption will impact on the cash position of the municipality and subsequently inform the level of cash and cash equivalents at year end. Similarly, the collection rate assumption should inform the budget appropriation for debt impairment which in turn would impact on the provision for bad debt. These budget and planning assumptions form a critical link in determining the applicability and relevance of the budget as well as the determination of ratios and financial indicators. In addition the funding compliance assessment is informed directly by forecasting the statement of financial position.

Table 18 MBRR Table A7 - Budgeted Cash Flow Statement

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A7 Bude	gete	ed Cash Fl	ows								
Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		Current Ye	ear 2020/21			edium Term nditure Fran	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING Receipts)A	CTIVITIES									
Property rates		1 628	1 734	1 828	35 686	70 999	70 999	1 848	26 586	26 926	27 277
Service charges		1 477	1 575	1 666	37 581	35 966	35 966	1 685	42 028	43 794	45 721
Other revenue		94	99	104	3 690	2 273	2 273	105	1 478	1 540	1 608
Transfers and Subsidies - Operat	1	14 219	42 444	55 244	196 810	239 835	239 835	183 488	204 520	216 709	215 937
Transfers and Subsidies - Capital	1	7 116	6 589	15 837	35 150	43 119	43 119	26 557	37 232	40 044	41 722
Interest		_	_	_	_	245	245	-	5 085	5 298	5 531
Dividends		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Payments											
Suppliers and employees		1 571	1 151	2 681	_	(255 499)	(255 499)	(4 425)	(259 418)	(265 089)	(276 660)
Finance charges		-	-	_	_	` (650)	(650)	l ` - ′	(400)	(328)	(320)
Transfers and Grants	1	_	_	_	_	(1 622)	(1 622)	_	(1 883)	(1 918)	(1 999)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPER	АТ	26 105	53 591	77 360	308 917	134 666	134 666	209 258	55 228	66 976	58 817
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING	3 A	CTIVITIES									
Receipts											
Proceeds on disposal of PPE		_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	- 1	-
Decrease (increase) in non-currer									-	-	-
Decrease (increase) in non-currer	nt in	vestments							-	-	_
Payments Capital assets		_	_	_	_	(3 660)	(3 660)	_	(73 920)	(43 042)	(46 136)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVES	TIN	_	_	_		(3 660)	(3 660)	}	(73 920)	(43 042)	(46 136)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING	7		ļ			(0 000)	(0 000)		(10 320)	(40 042)	(40 100)
Receipts	A۱	O I IVII IEO									
Short term loans		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Borrowing long term/refinancing		_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Increase (decrease) in consumer	dep	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	- (-
Payments		0.70 /	4.000	000	(4 04 -)			000	(400)	(0.00)	(000)
Repayment of borrowing	<u> </u>	2 704	1 890	893	(1 317)	-	_	893	(400)	(328)	(320)
NET CASH FROM(USED) FINAN	3		1 890	893	(1 317)	_	_	893	(400)	(328)	(320)
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN		28 809	55 482	78 254	307 600	131 006	131 006	210 152	(19 092)	23 606	12 361
Cash/cash equivalents at the year		_		30 000	<u> </u>	111 177	111 177	155 000	119 889	100 797	124 403
Cash/cash equivalents at the year	2	28 809	55 482	108 254	307 600	242 183	242 183	365 152	100 797	124 403	136 764

Explanatory notes to Table A7 - Budgeted Cash Flow Statement

The budgeted cash flow statement is the first measurement in determining if the budget is funded.

REVENUE

- Property rates has budgeted to collect R26.6 million or 58 per cent of the billing, the assumed collection rate is based on the actual performance in this current financial year also we have considered the actual collection as per the audited AFS 2019/20 FY, furthermore we have considered the credit control and debt collection policy.
- 2. Service Charges: electricity has budgeted to collect R37.3 million or 95 per cent of the electricity billing, the assumed collection rate is based on the actual performance in this current financial year as the two thirds of consumers have converted to prepaid electricity and also we have considered the bulk consumer (Umngeni water works), furthermore we have also taken into consideration the collection rate per the audited AFS.

- 3. Service Charges: Refuse has budgeted to collect R4.8 million or 50 per cent of the refuse billing, the assumed collection rate is based on the actual performance in this current financial year also we have considered the actual collection as per the audited AFS 2019/20 FY, the municipality have noted the low collection rate of the previous year's however due to additional properties that were previously not billed we anticipate to improve in this service.
- 4. Rental of facilities and equipment the municipality anticipates a 100 percent collection rate at R130 thousand as rentals are collected prior the event and lease of municipal properties to employee are deducted on their salaries.
- 5. Interest earned on External Investments has assumed a collection rate of 100% R4.9 million based on the interest to be generated on the call accounts on grants to be transferred as publicized.
- 6. Interest on outstanding debtors a collection rate of 2 per cent at R135 thousand has been applied, taking into consideration the implementation of prepaid system for electricity as the consumers are expected to clear the accounts before they convert to pre-paid metering system.
- 7. Fines, Penalties and forfeits a collection rate of 5 per cent at R13 thousand has been applied, as we have taken into consideration the current year performance and also the municipality acknowledges that it recognizes its monthly receipts on cash basis and only considers treatment of iGRAP 1 at year end, however controls will be improved between the public safety department and finance so as to ensure that we accurately report for this item.
- 8. Fines for overdue books (library) have applied a collection rate of 100 per cent at R10 thousand.
- 9. Licenses and permits a 100 percent collection rate at R695 thousand has been applied due to their actual performance and performance of the business licenses and traffic department.
- 10. Other Revenue has budgeted to collect 100 per cent at R640 thousands of all other revenue sources, as these sources are collected prior the item is undertaken.
- 11. Transfers & Subsidies have been recognized at 100 per cent R204.5 million (operational) and R37.2 million (capital). Transfers and subsidized cash flow have included the INEP Allocation which have been gazette to be received by the municipality, this allocation are included in cash flow due to their agreement as the municipality serves as an agent in their regard.

PAYMENTS

It shows the expected level of cash in-flow versus cash out-flow that is likely to result from the implementation of the budget.

- 12. Suppliers and employees for cash outflows totals to R261.7 million with exclusion of non-cash items Debt Impairment and depreciation of R63.4 million. Further to that we have also considered an amount of R1.6 million towards Other Cash Flow Payments for estimated closing balance of Trade Creditors.
- 13. Capital Assets of R73.9 million corresponds with table A5.
- 14. Repayment of borrowing for R400 thousand has considered financial lease obligation which the municipality has entered into an agreement of leasing of printers (Konika Minolta) and budget allocated has also considered Wesbank lease for the municipal fleet which is currently ongoing between the municipality and FNB.
- 15. Other cash flow/ payments have budgeted an allocation of R1.6 million towards trade creditors baseline are the Audited AFS 2019/20, as the municipality anticipates that there will be accruals paid in 2021/22 financial year.

Table 19 MBRR Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A8 Cash	ba	cked rese	rves/accui	mulated su	rplus reco	nciliation	•			
Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		22 Medium ue & Expe	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Cash and investments available										
Cash/cash equivalents at the year	1	28 809	55 482	108 254	307 600	242 183	242 183	100 797	124 403	136 764
Other current investments > 90 d	ays	7 222	5 153	2 928	(248 841)	(121 964)	(121 964)	-	63 240	51 980
Non current assets - Investments	1	_	_	_			_ `	-	-	_
Cash and investments available:		36 030	60 635	111 182	58 759	120 219	120 219	100 797	187 643	188 744
Application of cash and investme	nts									
Unspent conditional transfers		10 419	9 792	26 159	(5 685)	5 589	5 589	6 720	_	_
Unspent borrowing		_	_	_	` _ ´	_	_	-	-	_
Statutory requirements	2									
Other working capital requirement	3	27 691	17 889	18 275	57 608	(35 382)	(35 382)	(20 665)	(15 168)	(16 953)
Other provisions										,
Long term investments committed		_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
Reserves to be backed by cash/ir	5									
Total Application of cash and inv	est	38 110	27 680	44 434	51 923	(29 792)	(29 792)	(13 945)	(15 168)	(16 953)
Surplus(shortfall)		(2 080)	32 954	66 748	6 836	150 012	150 012	114 742	202 811	205 697

Notes to Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

- 1. The cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation is aligned to the requirements of MFMA Circular 42 Funding a Municipal Budget.
- 2. In essence the table evaluates the funding levels of the budget by firstly forecasting the cash and investments at year end and secondly reconciling the available funding to the liabilities/commitments that exist.
- 3. The outcome of this exercise would either be a surplus or deficit. A deficit would indicate that the applications exceed the cash and investments available and would be indicative of non-compliance with the MFMA requirements that the municipality's budget must be "funded".
- 4. Non-compliance with section 18 of the MFMA is assumed because a shortfall would indirectly indicate that the annual budget is not appropriately funded.

Table 20 MBRR Table A9 - Asset Management

Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	nt Year 20	20/21		22 Medium ue & Expe	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original		Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year +1	Budget Year +2
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	_	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	7 ear 2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Total New Assets	1	39 430	35 955	30 851	33 613	47 841	47 841	34 790	15 150	6 500
Roads Infrastructure Storm water Infrastructure		164	6 283	7 228	604	200	200	2 062	_	_
Electrical Infrastructure		3 711	5 675	_	500	560	560	_	_	_
Water Supply Infrastructure		_	_		_	_	-	_	_	_
Sanitation Infrastructure Solid Waste Infrastructure	1	_	=		- 740	1 640	1 640	_	_	_
Rail Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Coastal Infrastructure Information and Communication Infra	Stri] _			_	_	_	_	_	_
Infrastructure	Ï	3 875	11 958	7 228	1 844	2 400	2 400	2 062	_	_
Community Facilities Sport and Recreation Facilities	1	16 853 301	5 297 301	4 922 301	14 872 6 930	16 603 6 770	16 603 6 770	14 903 3 364	5 000 10 150	6 500
Community Assets		17 154	5 598	5 223	21 802	23 373	23 373	18 268	15 150	6 500
Heritage Assets		-	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
Revenue Generating Non-revenue Generating		_	_		=			=		_
Investment properties		_	_	_		.=.			_	_
Operational Buildings Housing		_	_		300	400	400	300	_	_
Other Assets		_	_	_	300	400	400	300	_	_
Biological or Cultivated Assets Servitudes		_	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Licences and Rights		_	_	_	_	_	=	_	_	_
Intangible Assets Computer Equipment		_	_	_	- 620	- 785	- 785	1 330	_	_
Furniture and Office Equipment		18 400	18 400	18 400	1 887	1 252	1 252	710		=
Machinery and Equipment		_	l –	-	1 760	14 631	14 631	7 770	_	_
Transport Assets Land		=	=	=	5 400 —	5 000	5 000	4 350 —		=
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Ani	ήals								Ξ	
Total Renewal of Existing Assets	2	151 950	151 515	161 826	_	3 520	3 520	4 700	_	_
Roads Infrastructure	1	58 964	49 222	54 902	_	3 520	3 520	4 000	_	_
Storm water Infrastructure Electrical Infrastructure		19 981	20 484	20 476	=	_	_	_	_	_
Water Supply Infrastructure		19 981	20 464	20 476	_	_	-	_	_	_
Information and Communication Infra	stru				_					_
Infrastructure Community Facilities		78 945 36 140	69 706 41 950	75 378 43 505	_	3 520	3 520	4 000		_
Sport and Recreation Facilities		2 459	2 459	2 459	_	_	_		_	_
Community Assets Heritage Assets		38 599	44 410	45 964	_	=	=	300		_
Revenue Generating		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Non-revenue Generating			=					_		
Investment properties Operational Buildings		=	=	_	_	1 =	-	400	_	_
Housing										
Other Assets Biological or Cultivated Assets		_	=	_		=	=	400 -		_
Intangible Assets					_	_	_	_	_	_
Computer Equipment Furniture and Office Equipment		4 811 4 998	5 017 5 791	5 309 6 328	_	_	=	_		=
Machinery and Equipment		9 804	12 015	12 282	_	=	=	=		_
Transport Assets	1	14 794	14 576	16 565	_	=	l =	_		_
Land Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Ani	! nals	_	=		_	=	=	=		_
Tatal I Immedian of Eviation Access		E7 450	F0 000	64 700	26.042	44 000	44 000	24 424	27 802	20.624
Total Upgrading of Existing Assets Roads Infrastructure	6	57 153 24 551	50 223 17 121	61 790 28 806	26 042 22 492	41 832 33 494	41 832 33 494	34 431 24 491	27 892 27 892	39 63 6
Storm water Infrastructure		_	_	_	_		-	700	_	_
Electrical Infrastructure Information and Communication Infra	 stru		_	_	1 200	1 200	1 200	3 000	_	_
Infrastructure	Ī	24 551	17 121	28 806	23 692	34 694	34 694	28 191	27 892	39 63
Community Facilities Sport and Recreation Facilities		32 603	231 32 871	418 32 566	1 700	2 388	2 388	960 400	_	_
Community Assets		32 603	33 102	32 984	1 700	2 388	2 388	1 360	_	_
Heritage Assets		_	_	_	_	=	=	_		_
Revenue Generating Non-revenue Generating	1	_			_	=		_	_	_
Investment properties	1	_	-	_	-				-	_
Operational Buildings Housing		_	_		_	4 100	4 100	3 880 —	_	_
Other Assets		_	_	_	_	4 100	4 100	3 880	_	_
Biological or Cultivated Assets Intangible Assets		<u> </u>	=	=		<u> </u>	=	<u>=</u>	<u> </u>	
Computer Equipment		=	_	_	650	650	650	1 000		_
Furniture and Office Equipment			=	_	_	=	=	_	_	_
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Ani	lais			_						
Total Capital Expenditure	4	248 533	237 694	254 468	59 655	93 192	93 192	73 920	43 042	46 136
Roads Infrastructure Storm water Infrastructure		83 679	72 627	90 937	23 096	37 214	37 214	30 553 700	27 892 -	39 636
Electrical Infrastructure	1	23 692	26 158	20 476	1 700	1 760	1 760	3 000	_	_
Water Supply Infrastructure Sanitation Infrastructure					_	_	_	_	_	_
Solid Waste Infrastructure		=	=	_	740	1 640	1 640	_	=	_
Rail Infrastructure Coastal Infrastructure		_	_		_	=	_	_	_	_
Information and Communication Infra	stru		=	_	_	-	-	_		_
Infrastructure	1	107 371	98 785	111 412	25 536	40 614	40 614	34 253	27 892	39 63
Community Facilities Sport and Recreation Facilities		52 993 35 363	47 478 35 631	48 844 35 327	16 572 6 930	18 991 6 770	18 991 6 770	16 163 3 764	5 000 10 150	6 50
Community Assets		88 356	83 110	84 171	23 502	25 761	25 761	19 928	15 150	6 50
Heritage Assets Revenue Generating		_	=	_	_	=	_	_		_
Non-revenue Generating	1									
Investment properties		=	i –	_		4 = 5 =	4.555	4	_	_
Operational Buildings Housing		=	_		300	4 500	4 500	4 580 -	_	_
Other Assets		_	_	_	300	4 500	4 500	4 580	_	_
		_	=	_	_	=	=	_	_	_
Biological or Cultivated Assets Servitudes		, –					_	_		_
Biological or Cultivated Assets Servitudes Licences and Rights		_	l –	. –						
Servitudes Licences and Rights Intangible Assets		_	_	_	_				_	_
Servitudes Licences and Rights Intangible Assets Computer Equipment		4 811	5 017	5 309	1 270	1 435 1 252	1 435 1 252	2 330 710	=	_
Servitudes Licences and Rights Intangible Assets Computer Equipment Furniture and Office Equipment Machinery and Equipment		4 811 23 398 9 804	5 017 24 191 12 015	5 309 24 728 12 282	1 270 1 887 1 760	1 252 14 631	1 252 14 631	710 7 770		=
Servitudes Licences and Rights Intangible Assets Computer Equipment Furniture and Office Equipment		4 811 23 398	5 017 24 191	5 309 24 728	1 270 1 887	1 252	1 252	710	=	=

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A9 Asset Mana	gen	nent						2021/22 M	edium Term	Revenue
Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21	& Expe	nditure Fran	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
ACCET DECICEED CLIMMADY DDE (A		407.000	500 474	500.004	500 007	550 545	550 545	000 440	040 440	055 077
ASSET REGISTER SUMMARY - PPE (W Roads Infrastructure	כו	487 303 (23 589)	502 174 (49 660)	506 994 (46 785)	593 207 498 162	550 545 (33 444)	550 545 (33 444)	620 443 243 188	619 149 245 790	655 377 273 750
Storm water Infrastructure		311 041	340 992	335 320	490 102	335 129	335 129	75 968	78 430	81 881
Electrical Infrastructure		21 956	23 474	16 821	1 750	18 631	18 631	16 622	14 246	14 928
Water Supply Infrastructure		21 930	23414	10 02 1	1 7 30	10 031	10 031	10 022	14 <u>240</u> –	14 320
Sanitation Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Solid Waste Infrastructure		_	_	_	740	1 640	1 640	1 862	1 941	2 026
Rail Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Coastal Infrastructure		_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Information and Communication Infra	stru	, –	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Infrastructure		309 408	314 806	305 356	500 652	321 956	321 956	337 640	340 406	372 584
Community Assets		75 516	70 314	68 439	23 602	94 875	94 875	127 825	133 090	134 308
Heritage Assets		_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Investment properties		57 922	57 877	70 116	57 877	70 116	70 116	70 116	70 116	70 116
Other Assets		6 097	18 935	21 817	300	465	465	38 152	37 574	39 140
Biological or Cultivated Assets			_	-	_	_	_		_	-
Intangible Assets		1 105	836	780	619	780	780	1 091	1 137	1 187
Computer Equipment	İ	2 411	2 569	2 577	1 270	3 987	3 987	3 007	2 905	2 836
Furniture and Office Equipment		2 478	3 745	3 987	1 807	5 334	5 334	1 196	1 449	1 627
Machinery and Equipment		5 373	7 680	8 070	1 680	20 180	20 180	15 539	8 747	8 941
Transport Assets		8 594	7 013	7 452	5 400	14 452	14 452	7 477	4 551	4 622
Land	ļ.,	18 400	18 400	18 400	_	18 400	18 400	18 400	19 173	20 016
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Anir			- -	-		-	-	-		-
TOTAL ASSET REGISTER SUMMARY -	5	487 303	502 174	506 994	593 207	550 545	550 545	620 443	619 149	655 377
EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS		31 103	36 534	36 916	47 063	49 533	49 533	52 001	53 671	54 611
Depreciation	7	27 988	27 103	28 967	30 188	30 188	30 188	32 726	33 751	34 001
Repairs and Maintenance by Asset Cla		3 115	9 431	7 949	16 875	19 345	19 345	19 275	19 920	20 609
Roads Infrastructure		977	3 884	2 337	5 710	4 780	4 780	4 950	5 118	5 285
Storm water Infrastructure	İ	293	120	73	1 600	1 600	1 600	1 250	1 303	1 360
Electrical Infrastructure		539	1 790	991	2 350	2 400	2 400	3 250	3 367	3 486
Information and Communication Infra	stru		78	312	350	350	350	3 000	3 126	3 264
Infrastructure		1 809	5 873	3 713	10 010	9 130	9 130	12 450	12 913	13 394
Community Facilities		9	6	245	995	1 445	1 445	825	860	897
Sport and Recreation Facilities		_	279	123	500	500	500	1 250	1 198	1 251
Community Assets		9	284	367	1 495	1 945	1 945	2 075	2 058	2 149
Heritage Assets		-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
Revenue Generating		_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_
Non-revenue Generating	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Investment properties			-	-	750	4 450	4 450	-	-	-
Operational Buildings		77	144	514	750	1 450	1 450	250	261	272
Housing Other Assets		77	144	- 514	- 750	1 450	1 450	_ 250	_ 261	272
Biological or Cultivated Assets			144	514 _	750	1 450	1 430	250	201	
Servitudes	i	_	- -	-	_	_	_ _	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Licences and Rights		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
Intangible Assets		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Computer Equipment		_	_	164	150	150	150	_	-	_
Furniture and Office Equipment		1	-	103	300	300	300	_	-	_
Machinery and Equipment		1 219	3 129	3 088	4 170	6 370	6 370	4 500	4 689	4 795
Transport Assets		_	_	_	_	_	_	_ [-	_
Land .	i	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Anir	nals	s	_	-	_	_	_		_	_
	1						40 500			54 611
TOTAL EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS	<u> </u>	31 102	36 53/	36 016	47 063	49 533	4u 522	52 001	53 671	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS		31 103	36 534	36 916	47 063	49 533	49 533	52 001	53 671	
Renewal and upgrading of Existing Ass		84.1%	84.9%	87.9%	43.7%	48.7%	48.7%	52.9%	64.8%	85.9%
		84.1%								

Explanatory notes to Table A9 - Asset Management

Table A9 provides an overview of municipal capital allocations to building new assets and the renewal of existing assets, as well as spending on repairs and maintenance by asset class. National Treasury has recommended that municipalities should allocate at least 40 per cent of their capital budget to the renewal of existing assets, and allocations to repairs and maintenance should be 8 per cent of PPE. The budget for renewal and existing assets is above 40 per cent as per National Treasury guideline, the municipality has budgeted for 52.1 percent. An amount budgeted for the renewal of existing assets is based from the results of analysis of the municipal cash flows and available reserves; and the results have determined budget to be allocated based on our affordability in ensure realistic estimates against this item.

Table 21 MBRR Table A10 - Basic Service Delivery Measurement

		2017/18	18 2018/19 2019/20 Current Year 2020/21)20/21		22 Medium ue & Expe		
Description	Ref	3	Outcome	Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Household service targets	1									
Water: Piped water inside dwelling		9 851	10 501	11 152	11 152	11 152	11 152	12 825	12 825	12 825
Piped water inside yard (but not in dwelling)		10 902	11 622	12 385	12 385	12 385	12 385	14 243	14 243	14 243
Using public tap (at least min.service level) Other water supply (at least min.service level)	2	17 482	18 636	_ 19 791	19 791	_ 19 791	19 791	22 760	22 760	22 760
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total		38 235	40 759	43 329	43 329	43 329	43 329	49 828	49 828	49 828
Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service level)	3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
No water supply	7		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total	5	_	_	- 43 330	- 43 330	43 330	- 43 330	40.030	40.000	40.00
Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage:	Э	38 235	40 759	43 329	43 329	43 329	43 329	49 828	49 828	49 828
Flush toilet (connected to sewerage)		11 313	12 060	12 807	12 807	12 807	12 807	14 088	14 088	14 088
Flush toilet (with septic tank)		0.507	- 0.454	- 0.704	0.704	_ 0.704	0.704	40.000	40.000	40.000
Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated)		8 587 15 173	9 154 16 174	9 721 17 177	9 721 17 177	9 721 17 177	9 721 17 177	10 693 18 895	10 693 18 895	10 693 18 895
Other toilet provisions (> min.service level)		2 690	2 868	3 045	3 045	3 045	3 045	3 350	3 350	3 350
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total Bucket toilet		37 763 472	40 255 472	42 751 300	42 751 300	42 751 300	42 751 300	47 026 150	47 026 150	47 026 150
Other toilet provisions (< min.service level)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
No toilet provisions Below Minimum Service Level sub-total		- 472	- 472	- 300	- 300	- 300	300	– 150	– 150	- 150
Fotal number of households	5	38 235	40 727	43 051	43 051	43 051	43 051	47 176	47 176	47 176
Energy:										
Electricity (at least min.service level)		1 040	1 040	389 574	389 574	389 574	389 574	389 625	389 625	389 625
Electricity - prepaid (min.service level) Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total		1 040	1 040	963	963	963	963	1 014	1 014	1 014
Electricity (< min.service level)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level) Other energy sources		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total	_			_	_	-	-	_		_
Total number of households	5	1 040	1 040	963	963	963	963	1 014	1 014	1 014
<u>Refuse:</u> Removed at least once a week		11 705	11 705	23 700	28 152	28 152	28 152	31 032	31 032	31 032
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total		11 705	11 705	23 700	28 152	28 152	28 152	31 032	31 032	31 032
Removed less frequently than once a week		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Using communal refuse dump Using own refuse dump		_	_	_ _	_	_ _	_	_ _	_ _	_ _
Other rubbish disposal		_	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-
No rubbish disposal Below Minimum Service Level sub-total			_			_		_		
Total number of households	5	11 705	11 705	23 700	28 152	28 152	28 152	31 032	31 032	31 032
Households receiving Free Basic Service	7									
Water (6 kilolitres per household per month)		_	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_
Sanitation (free minimum level service) Electricity/other energy (50kwh per household per month)			_	_	- 1 876	- 1 876	1 876	2 000	2 000	2 000
Refuse (removed at least once a week)		_	23 700	23 700	26 431	26 431	26 431	26 431	26 431	26 431
Cost of Free Basic Services provided - Formal Settlements	8									
Water (6 kilolitres per indigent household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation (free sanitation service to indigent households) Electricity/other energy (50kwh per indigent household per m	ont	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Refuse (removed once a week for indigent households)		_	505	636	727	727	727	-	-	-
Cost of Free Basic Services provided - Informal Formal Ser Fotal cost of FBS provided	ttier	_	- 505	- 636	727	- 727	- 727	_ _	_ _	_ _
Highest level of free service provided per household	·}									
Property rates (R value threshold) Water (kilolitres per household per month)										
Sanitation (kilolitres per household per month)										
Sanitation (Rand per household per month)										
Electricity (kwh per household per month) Refuse (average litres per week)										
Revenue cost of subsidised services provided (R'000)	9									
Property rates (tariff adjustment) (impermissable values										
Property rates (tariff adjustifient) (impermissable values										
per section 17 of MPRA)			(0.050)		15 030	15 030	15 030	16 418	17 108	17 861
per section 17 of MPRA) Property rates exemptions, reductions and rebates and		(4 540)		_	15 030	15 030	15 030	10418	17 108	17 86
per section 17 of MPRA)	mo	(1 512) –	(9 050) -	-	_	_	- 1			
per section 17 of MPRA) Property rates exemptions, reductions and rebates and impermissable values in excess of section 17 of MPRA) Water (in excess of 6 kilolitres per indigent household per Sanitation (in excess of free sanitation service to indigent	hou) ´	(9 050) - -	-	_	_	_	_	-	-
per section 17 of MPRA) Property rates exemptions, reductions and rebates and impermissable values in excess of section 17 of MPRA) Water (in excess of 6 kilolitres per indigent household per Sanitation (in excess of free sanitation service to indigent Electricity/other energy (in excess of 50 kwh per indigent F	hous) – ´ – –	(9 050) - - - -	[- - -	- - -	-	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _
per section 17 of MPRA) Property rates exemptions, reductions and rebates and impermissable values in excess of section 17 of MPRA) Water (in excess of 6 kilolitres per indigent household per Sanitation (in excess of free sanitation service to indigent Electricity/other energy (in excess of 50 kwh per indigent household per Refuse (in excess of one removal a week for indigent household per Municipal Housing - rental rebates	hou lous iseh) – – –	(9 050) - - - -	-	- - -	-	-	_	-	_ _ _
per section 17 of MPRA) Property rates exemptions, reductions and rebates and impermissable values in excess of section 17 of MPRA) Water (in excess of 6 kilolitres per indigent household per Sanitation (in excess of free sanitation service to indigent Refuse (in excess of one removal a week for indigent household per service to indigent househ	hous) – – –	(9 050) - - - -	-	- - -	-	-	_	-	_ _ _

Explanatory notes to Table A10 - Basic Service Delivery Measurement

Table A10 provides an overview of service delivery levels, including backlogs (below minimum service level), for each of the main services.

The Municipality continues to make good progress with the eradication of backlogs in the area as it is estimated approximately 15 000 households:

Electricity services – backlog will be reduced by 150 households. As indicated in the IDP, the emphasis in the electricity sector is on addressing urgent network upgrades.

Once the most pressing network issues have been addressed, the electrification programme will be prioritised; with 4500 households budgeted to be electrified in 2021/22. Free basic electricity is provided by Eskom on behalf of the municipality to its registered beneficiaries within Mandeni as per the approved indigent register. Budget allocated of R1.6 million has considered Eskom invoices for providing the service.

Transfers and subsidies have increased with a budget amount of R1.6 million from 2020/21 adjusted budget to R1.8 million in 2021/22 financial year; increase has considered the number of beneficiaries that qualify for these free basic services in terms of level of demand. The municipality annually review its indigent register so as to ensure that qualifying beneficiaries are registered.

The municipality has also considered annually review its indigent register as per the indigent policy. Therefore, it becomes possible that the number of beneficiaries on our indigent register varies over the years depending on the approved register.

Refuse services – backlog will be reduced by 1107 households in 2021/22, and a further 87 households in the outer two years of the MTREF. However, it should be noted that this function is being reviewed with a view to realizing greater efficiencies, which is likely to translate into a more rapid process to address backlogs.

The budget provides for 28 431 households registered as indigent in 2021/22, and therefore entitled to receiving Free Basic Services. The number is set to increase to 1500 households given the rapid rate of in-migration to the Municipality, especially by poor people seeking economic opportunities.

It is anticipated that these Free Basic Services will cost the municipality is R 1.9 million in 2021/22, increasing to R2.0 million in 2023/24. This is covered by the municipality's equitable share allocation from national government; the municipality has in place an indigent register which is reviewed quarterly, currently the indigent list has 2000 households which are receiving 50kw.

In addition to the Free Basic Services, the Municipality also 'gives' households R6 million for free basic service electricity though an electrification programme in 2021/22, and it increases to R7 million in 2023/24. This 'tax expenditure' needs to be seen within the context of the municipality's overall revenue management strategy – the more the municipality gives away, the less there is available to fund other services. Currently, the 'free services' represent about 5 per cent of total operating expenditure.

Part 2 – Supporting Documentation

2.1 Overview of the annual budget process

Section 53 of the MFMA requires the Mayor of the municipality to provide general political guidance in the budget process and the setting of priorities that must guide the preparation of the budget. In addition Chapter 2 of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations states that the Mayor of the municipality must establish a Budget Steering Committee to provide technical assistance to the Mayor in discharging the responsibilities set out in section 53 of the Act.

The Budget Steering Committee consists of the Municipal Manager and senior officials of the municipality meeting under the chairpersonship of the Portfolio Committee for Finance.

The primary aims of the Budget Steering Committee are to ensure: that the process followed to compile the budget complies with legislation and good budget practices; that there is proper alignment between the policy and service delivery priorities set out in the Municipality's IDP and the budget, taking into account the need to protect the financial sustainability of municipality; that the municipality's revenue and tariff setting strategies ensure that the cash resources needed to deliver services are available; and that the various spending priorities of the different municipal departments are properly evaluated and prioritised in the allocation of resources.

Budget Steering Committee meetings were convened during the process of compiling the 2021/22 budget and MTREF.

2.2 Budget Process Overview

In terms of section 21 of the MFMA the Mayor is required to table in Council ten months before the start of the new financial year (i.e. in August 2020) a time schedule that sets out the process to revise the IDP and prepare the budget.

The Mayor tabled in Council the required IDP and budget time schedule on 31st August 2020. Key dates applicable to the process were:

August 2020 – Joint strategic planning session of the Mayoral Committee and Executive Management. Aim: to review past performance trends of the capital and operating budgets, the economic realities and to set the prioritization criteria for the compilation of the 2021/22 MTREF; IDP/BUDGET/PMS Technical Committee Meeting to discuss Process Plan

September 2020 – Review of National Policies and budget plans and potential price increase of bulk resources with function and department officials

December 2020 - Detail departmental budget proposals (capital and operating) submitted to the Budget and Treasury Office for consolidation and assessment against the financial planning guidelines;

3 to 7 January 2021 - Review of the financial strategy and key economic and financial planning assumptions by the Budget Steering Committee. This included financial forecasting and scenario considerations:

January 2021 – Multi-year budget proposals are submitted to the Mayoral Committee for endorsement:

25 January 2021 - Council considers the 2020/21 Mid-year Review;

February 2021 - Recommendations of the Mayoral Committee are communicated to the Budget Steering Committee, and on to the respective departments. The 2021/22 MTREF is revised accordingly;

28 February 2021 – Council considers the 2020/21 Adjustment Budget

February 2021 - Finalize and submit to the Mayor proposed budget and plans for next three-year budget taking into account the recent mid-year review and any corrective measures proposed as part of the oversight report for previous years audited AFS and AR

06 June 2021 - Tabling in Council of the 2021/22 IDP and Budget MTREF for public consultation; **April 2021** – Public consultation;

29th April 2021 - Closing date for written comments;

01 April to 07 June 2021 – finalization of the 2021/22 IDP and 2021/22 & MTREF BUDGET, taking into consideration comments received from the public, comments from National Treasury, and updated information from the most recent Division of Revenue Bill and financial framework; and

17th June 2021 - Tabling of the 2021/22 & MTREF before Council for consideration and approval.

2.3 IDP and Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan

This is the fourth generation of the municipal IDP, as this is the new (Integrated Development Plan) IDP which has been adopted by Council in June 2021. It started in August 2019 after the tabling of the IDP Process Plan and the Budget Time Schedule for the 2021/22 MTREF in August.

The Municipality's IDP is its principal strategic planning instrument, which directly guides and informs its planning, budget, management and development actions. This framework is rolled out into objectives, key performance indicators and targets for implementation which directly inform the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan. The Process Plan applicable to the third generation included the following key IDP processes and deliverables:

Registration of community needs;

Compilation of departmental business plans including key performance indicators and targets;

Financial planning and budgeting process;

Public participation process;

Compilation of the SDBIP, and

The review of the performance management and monitoring processes.

The IDP has been taken into a business and financial planning process leading up to the 2021/22 MTREF, based on the approved 2021/22 MTREF, Mid-year Review and adjustments budget. The business planning process has subsequently been refined in the light of current economic circumstances and the resulting revenue projections.

With the compilation of the 2021/22 MTREF, each department/function had to review the business planning process, including the setting of priorities and targets after reviewing the mid-year and third quarter performance against the 2021/22 Departmental Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan. Business planning links back to priority needs and master planning, and essentially informed the detail operating budget appropriations and three-year capital programme.

2.3.1 Financial Modelling and

2.3.2 Key Planning Drivers

As part of the compilation of the 2021/22 MTREF, extensive financial modelling was undertaken to ensure affordability and long-term financial sustainability. The following key factors and planning strategies have informed the compilation of the 2021/22 MTREF:

Municipality growth

Policy priorities and strategic objectives

Asset maintenance

Economic climate and trends (i.e. inflation, Eskom increases, household debt, migration patterns)

Performance trends

The approved 2021/22 adjustments budget and performance against the SDBIP

Cash Flow Management Strategy

Debtor payment levels

Loan and investment possibilities

The need for tariff increases versus the ability of the community to pay for services;

Improved and sustainable service delivery

Dashboard imperatives

Disaster management mandate

Traffic Department

Vacant positions

Indigent customers

Job evaluation result

In addition to the above, the strategic guidance given in National Treasury's MFMA Circulars 51, 54, 58, 59, 66 and 67,70,71,72, 74,75,78,79,82,85,86,89,91,93,94,97, 98, 99 and 108 have been taken into consideration in the planning and prioritisation process.

2.3.3 Community Consultation

The Budget for 2021/22 MTREF has been tabled before Council on 31st May 2021 for community consultation which has been published on the municipality's website, and hard copies were made available at customer care offices, municipal notice boards and various libraries. The opportunity to give electronic feedback was communicated on the Municipality's website, and the Municipality's call centre was engaged in collecting inputs via e-mail, fax and SMS.

All documents in the appropriate format (electronic and printed) were provided to National Treasury, and other national and provincial departments in accordance with section 23 of the MFMA, to provide an opportunity for them to make inputs.

Ward Committees were utilised to facilitate the community consultation process from 01 April to 30 April 2021, and include 8 public briefing sessions. The applicable dates and venues were published in all the local newspapers. This consultation was compared to the previous year's process. This then attributed to the additional initiatives which were launched during the consultation process, including the specific targeting of ratepayer associations. Individual sessions were scheduled with organised business and imbizo's were held to further ensure transparency and interaction. Other stakeholders involved in the consultation included churches, non-governmental institutions and community-based organisations.

2.4 Overview of alignment of annual budget with IDP

The Constitution mandates local government with the responsibility to exercise local developmental and cooperative governance. The eradication of imbalances in South African society can only be realized through a credible integrated developmental planning process.

Municipalities in South Africa need to utilise integrated development planning as a method to plan future development in their areas and so find the best solutions to achieve sound long-term development goals. A municipal IDP provides a five-year strategic programme of action aimed at setting short, medium and long term strategic and budget priorities to create a development platform, which correlates with the term of office of the political incumbents. The plan aligns the resources and the capacity of a municipality to its overall development aims and guides the municipal budget. An IDP is therefore a key instrument which municipalities use to provide vision, leadership and direction to all those that have a role to play in the development of a municipal area. The IDP enables municipalities to make the best use of scarce resources and speed up service delivery.

Integrated developmental planning in the South African context is amongst others, an approach to planning aimed at involving the municipality and the community to jointly find the best solutions towards sustainable development. Furthermore, integrated development planning provides a strategic environment for managing and guiding all planning, development and decision making in the municipality.

It is important that the IDP developed by municipalities correlate with National and Provincial intent. It must aim to co-ordinate the work of local and other spheres of government in a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for all the people living in that area. Applied to the Municipality, issues of national and provincial importance should be reflected in the IDP of the municipality. A clear understanding of such intent is therefore imperative to ensure that the Municipality strategically complies with the key national and provincial priorities.

The aim of this revision cycle was to develop and coordinate a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for all the people living in the area, also reflecting issues of national and provincial importance. One of the key objectives is therefore to ensure that there exists alignment between national and provincial priorities, policies and strategies and the Municipality's response to these requirements.

The national and provincial priorities, policies and strategies of importance include amongst others:

Green Paper on National Strategic Planning of 2009;

Government Programme of Action:

Development Facilitation Act of 1995;

Provincial Growth and Development Strategy (GGDS);

National and Provincial spatial development perspectives;

Relevant sector plans such as transportation, legislation and policy;

National Key Performance Indicators (NKPIs);

Accelerated and Shared Growth Initiative (ASGISA);

National 2014 Vision:

National Spatial Development Perspective (NSDP) and

The National Development Plan (NDP).

The Constitution requires local government to relate its management, budgeting and planning functions to its objectives. This gives a clear indication of the intended purposes of municipal integrated development planning. Legislation stipulates clearly that a municipality must not only give effect to its IDP, but must also conduct its affairs in a manner which is consistent with its IDP. The following table highlights the IDP's strategic objectives for the 2021/22 MTREF and further planning refinements that have directly informed the compilation of the budget:

Table 22 IDP Strategic Objectives

IDP/POE REF	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA	GOAL	OBJECTIVE	STRATEGIES	RESPONSIBL E DEPARTMEN T
GOOD GOV	ERNANCE AND I	PUBLIC PART	ICIPATION		
GGPP 01	GOOD GOVERNANC E AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATI	TO FOSTER A CULTURE OF COMMUNIT Y INVOLVEME	2.3 Ensure a participative, transparent and accountable governance	2.3.1 Improve the public participation processes	Community services 0MM
GGPP 03	ON	NT AND GOOD GOVERNAN CE IN THE AFFAIRS OF		2.3.2 Ensure the existence and functionality of the public participation structures	
GGPP 04		THE MUNICIPALIT Y		2.3.3 Ensure functional municipal structures	Corporate services
GGPP 05		'			Office of the MM
BASIC SERV	VICE DELIVERY	AND INFRAST	RUCTURE DEVELOP.	MENT	
BSD 01	BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY AND INFRASTRUCTU RE DEVELOPMENT	Providing equal access to high quality sustainable basic	1.1. To improve access to basic services	1.1.1. Facilitate the reduction of water and sanitation infrastructure and service backlogs.	TSD
BSD 03		infrastructure and services		1.1.2 Facilitate access to electricity for all targeted	TSD
BSD 04				1.1.3 Reduce the road and storm-water infrastructure	
BSD 05				1.1.4 Facilitate the reduction of the housing backlog	TSD
BSD 18				1.1.5 Provide efficient waste collection and management	
BSD 19				1.1.6 Maintain a functional Infrastructure Development	
BSD 22				1.1.7 To prepare a 3 year capital infrastructure funding plan	TSD

IDP/POE REF	KEY PERFORMANCE AREA	GOAL	MLM STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE	STRATEGIES	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT
FINANCIA	AL VIABILITY AN	D MANAGEM	ENT		
FVM 01	FINANCIAL VIABILITY AND	TO DEVELOP A SUSTAINABL	2.2 Ensure a financially viable municipality.	2.2.1 Improve the audit opinion	OMM
FVM 03	E 1 E	E AND EFFICIENT MUNICIPALITY BASED ON SOUND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT		2.2.2 Ensure the IDP aligned financial planning	
FVM 04				2.2.3 Effectively and efficiently manage the expenditure of the municipality	ВТО
FVM 09				2.2.4 Manage and increase the municipal revenue base	ВТО
FVM 13				2.2.5 Ensure that the municipality acquires	ВТО
FVM 14				2.2.6 Ensure a constant and accurate financial reporting.	ВТО
FVM 16					вто
COMMUN	ITY AND SOCIAL	SERVICES DE	VELOPMENT		
CSD 01	COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERVICES DEVELOPMENT		5.1 Ensure that our people have access to community facilities and services	5.1.1 Provide the library services 5.1.2 Facilitate the provision of new community facilities	CSPS
CSD 02		and facilities.	5.2 Aspire to a healthy safe and crime free area	5.2.1 Facilitate the provision of the community health facilities	CSPS
CSD 03				5.2.2 Ensure the municipal contribution to HIV/AIDS	CSPS
CSD 04				5.2.3 Improve on road safety	CSPS
CSD 05				5.2.4 Ensure the municipal contribution to community	CSPS
CSD 06				5.3.2 Design and implement sports, arts and	CSPS
LOCAL E	CONOMIC DEVEL	OPMENT			

LED 01	LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		3.1 Achieve a holistic human development and capacitation for the realisation of skilled and employable workforce		EDPHS
LED 03		4. Facilitate the creation of job		3.1.2 Ensure the empowerment of youth, women and people living with disabilities	EDPHS
LED 04		opportunities	4.1 Facilitating the creation of employment opportunities for skilled and employable people	4.1.1 Implement the EPWP programme	EDPHS
LED 06				4.1.2 Strategically plan for the local economic development	EDPHS
				4.1.3 facilitate the implementation of the CWP	
LED 07				4.1.4 Coordinate the fight against poverty	EDPHS
				4.1.5 Unlock the agricultural potential	
				4.1.6 Promote the manufacturing sector activities	
				4.1.7 Facilitate SMME development	
				4.1.8 Promote Mandeni to be a tourist destination.	

IDP/POE REF	KEY PERFORMANC E AREA	GOAL	MLM STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE	STRATEGIES	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT
MUNICIPAL	INSTITUTIONA	L DEVELOPM	ENT AND TRANSFORM	MATION	
IDT 01	MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONA L DEVELOPMEN T AND TRANSFORMA	effective, efficient , transparent and	working environment	2.1.1 Maintain and improve the municipal policies	CSD
IDT 02	TION	accountable leadership		2.1.2 Ensure effective and efficient human resource management	CSD
IDT 03				2.1.3 Ensure effective and efficient human resource development	CSD
IDT 04				2.1.4 Improve performance	CSD
IDT 05				2.1.5 Improve information technology and document management systems	CSD
IDT 06			2.1.6 Improve on customer care	CSD	
IDT 07				2.1.7 Maintain and improve municipal	CSD
IDT 08					
BACK TO B	ASICS -Cros	s cutting me	asures		
SDF 01	SPATIAL RATIONAL AND ENVIRONMEN TAL MANAGEMEN T	Promoting and facilitating environmenta I protection	6.1 Realise a completely protected environment	6.1.1 Improve commun awareness on environment protection 6.1.2 Implement the coast management plan	
		spatial	6.2 Facilitate a creation of		
			a disaster ready community	6.2.1 Develop and adopt t disaster management plan 6.2.2 Create a commun disaster awareness	
SDF 02			6.3 Ensure an integrated and aligned development planning	6.3.1 Implement the SDF 6.3.2 Implement t Dokodweni Local Ar Development Plan	EDPHS he ea

SDF 03		6.3.3 Implement the Tugela EDPH Mouth Local Area Development Plan
		6.3.4 Ensure the existence of the municipal land use guideline
		6.3.5 Promote the municipal integrated planning

In order to ensure integrated and focused service delivery between all spheres of government it was important for the Municipality to align its budget priorities with that of national and provincial government. All spheres of government place a high priority on infrastructure development, economic development and job creation, efficient service delivery, poverty alleviation and building sound institutional arrangements.

Local priorities were identified as part of the IDP review process which is directly aligned to that of the national and provincial priorities. The key performance areas can be summarised as follows against the five strategic objectives:

Provision of quality basic services and infrastructure which includes, amongst others:

Provide electricity;

Provide housing;

Provide roads and storm water;

Provide Municipality planning services; and

Maintaining the infrastructure of the Municipality.

Economic growth and development that leads to sustainable job creation by:

Ensuring the is a clear structural plan for the Municipality:

Ensuring planning processes function in accordance with set timeframes;

Facilitating the use of labour intensive approaches in the delivery of services and the building of infrastructure.

3.1. Fight poverty and build clean, healthy, safe and sustainable communities:

Effective implementation of the Indigent Policy;

Working with the provincial department of health to provide primary health care services;

Extending waste removal services and ensuring effective Municipality cleansing;

Working with strategic partners such as SAPS to address crime;

Ensuring save working environments by effective enforcement of building and health regulations;

Promote viable, sustainable communities through proper zoning; and

Promote environmental sustainability by protecting wetlands and key open spaces.

3.2 Integrated Social Services for empowered and sustainable communities

Work with provincial departments to ensure the development of community infrastructure such as schools and clinics is properly co-ordinate with the informal settlements upgrade programme

3.3 Foster participatory democracy and Batho pele principles through a caring, accessible and accountable service by:

Optimising effective community participation in the ward committee system; and Implementing batho pele in the revenue management strategy.

3.4 Promote sound governance through:

Publishing the outcomes of all tender processes on the municipal website

3.5 Ensure financial sustainability through:

Reviewing the use of contracted services, continuing to implement the infrastructure renewal strategy and the repairs and maintenance plan.

3.6 Optimal institutional transformation to ensure capacity to achieve set objectives Review of the organizational structure to optimize the use of personnel;

In line with the MSA, the IDP constitutes a single, inclusive strategic plan for the Municipality. The five-year programme responds to the development challenges and opportunities faced by the Municipality by identifying the key performance areas to achieve the five strategic objectives mentioned above.

In addition to the five-year IDP, the Municipality undertakes an extensive planning and developmental strategy which primarily focuses on a longer-term horizon; 15 to 20 years. This process is aimed at influencing the development path by proposing a substantial programme of public-led investment to restructure current patterns of settlement, activity and access to resources in the Municipality so as to promote greater equity and enhanced opportunity. The strategy specifically targets future developmental opportunities in traditional dormitory settlements. It provides direction to the Municipality's IDP, associated sectoral plans and strategies, and the allocation of resources of the Municipality and other service delivery partners.

This development strategy introduces important policy shifts which have further been translated into seven strategic focus areas/objectives as outlined below:

Developing dormant areas;

Enforcing hard development lines – so as to direct private investment:

Maintaining existing urban areas;

Strengthening key economic clusters;

Building social cohesion;

Strong developmental initiatives in relation to the municipal institution as a whole; and Sound financial fundamentals.

Lessons learned with previous IDP revision and planning cycles as well as changing environments were taken into consideration in the compilation of the third generation IDP, including:

Strengthening the analysis and strategic planning processes of the Municipality;

Initiating zoned planning processes that involve the communities in the analysis and planning processes. More emphasis was placed on area based interventions, within the overall holistic framework;

Ensuring better coordination through a programmatic approach and attempting to focus the budgeting process through planning interventions; and

Strengthening performance management and monitoring systems in ensuring the objectives and deliverables are achieved.

The 2021/22 MTREF has therefore been directly informed by the IDP development process and the following tables provide a reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and operating revenue, operating expenditure and capital expenditure.

Table 23 MBRR Table SA4 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted revenue

KZN291 Mandeni - S Strategic Objective	Goal	Cod	3	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		ent Year 20			edium Tern nditure Fran	
D the word			Ref	Audited	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year	Budget Year +1	Budget Year +2 2023/24
R thousand Ensure an integrated	Poononois (o	9				259				2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
and aligned	accountable,	8	' –	_	_	259	_	_	_	_	_	_
development	effective and											
planning	efficient local											
piariring	government											
Facilitate a creation	Responsive,	9	,	_	_	352	(745)	(1 138)	(1 138)	_	_	_
of a disaster ready	accountable,		1 –			002	(1.0)	(1.00)	(1.00)			
community	effective and											
	efficient local											
	government											
Good Governance	Responsive,	9)	2	500	_	_	(491)	(491)	_	_	_
	accountable,		1-					, ,	, ,			
	effective and											
	efficient local											
	government											
Improve	Responsive,	9	_	166	381	460	_	_	_	(150)	(156)	(163)
performance	accountable,											
	effective and											
	efficient local											
	government											
Improve the audit	Responsive,	9	_	10 528	15 460	16 437	(24 791)	(32 976)	(32 976)	(24 468)	(24 724)	(24 984)
opinion	accountable,											
	effective and											
	efficient local											
	government											
Manage increase	A comprehensive,	13	3 _	(1 406)	(2 803)	0	15 030	15 030	15 030	16 418	17 108	17 861
and the municipal	responsive and											
base	sustainable social											
	protection system			0.50.0			(000 100)	(0.4.0.000)	(0.4.0.000)	(00= 0=0)	(000 = 0 t)	(000 0==)
Manage increase	Responsive,	9	' –	215 849	91 498	223 457	(292 168)	(310 039)	(310 039)	(287 878)	(302 794)	(303 857)
and the municipal	accountable,											
base	effective and											
	efficient local											
Provide and	government	9					(4 029)	(6 219)	(6.210)			
maintain Library	Responsive, accountable,	8	' –	_	_	_	(4 029)	(6 2 19)	(6 219)	_	_	_
services	effective and											
30111003	efficient local											
	government											
TakeOn	A comprehensive,	13	ı l	(107)	(6 247)	_	_	_	_	_ !	_	_
ranoon	responsive and	"	1 -	(107)	(0 2 11)							
	sustainable social											
	protection system											
TakeOn	Responsive,	9)	43 629	151 407	54 639	(4 417)	(4 417)	(4 417)	(12 394)	(10 410)	(10 673)
	accountable,						, ,	,	, ,	·	/	/
	effective and											
To improve access	efficient local Responsive,	g		40 834	39 577	16 279	(35 150)	(43 119)	(43 119)	(37 232)	(40 044)	(41 722)
to all basic services	accountable,	5	-	70 004	55 511	10 213	(00 100)	(-0 118)	(-0 118)	(01 202)	(=0 0==)	(-1144)
to all basic services	effective and											
	efficient local											
	government											
Allocations to other	λ9	_1	2									
	luding capital transf			309 496	289 774	311 884	(346 270)	(383 369)	(383 369)	(345 704)	(361 021)	(363 539)

Table 24 MBRR Table SA5 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted operating expenditure

	supporting Table SA5	1								2021/	22 Medium	Term
Strategic Objective	Goal	Cod		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20)20/21		ue & Expe	
		_	Ref	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget	Budget	Budget
				Outcome	Outcome		Budget	Budget	Forecast	Year	Year +1	Year +2
R thousand										2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Ensure an integrated		9		36 493	36 465	35 064	44 638	47 444	47 444	47 939	49 301	51 498
and aligned	accountable, effective											
development	and efficient local											
	Responsive,	9		80 422	102 283	111 955	102 503	108 864	108 864	102 382	105 911	110 263
of a disaster ready	accountable, effective											
community	and efficient local	_										
Good Governance	Responsive,	9		_	189	160	300	700	700	1 539	1 604	1 674
	accountable, effective											
	and efficient local	_										
Improve	Responsive,	9		27 313	30 321	33 383	32 365	32 241	32 241	31 218	31 610	32 252
performance	accountable, effective and efficient local											
Improve the audit	Responsive,	9		3 803	4 212	6 949	8 444	9 144	9 144	12 592	13 007	13 539
opinion	accountable, effective											
	and efficient local											
Manage increase	A comprehensive,	13		331	142	139	902	1 042	1 042	880	917	957
and the municipal	responsive and											
base	sustainable social											
Manage increase	Responsive,	9		_	47	64	_	-	-	20	21	22
and the municipal	accountable, effective											
base	and efficient local											
Provide and	Responsive,	9		16 364	16 278	15 971	20 343	20 985	20 985	21 226	21 161	22 122
maintain Library	accountable, effective											
services	and efficient local											
TakeOn	A comprehensive,	13		30 904	32 008	35 339	40 901	39 881	39 881	47 451	48 785	50 625
	responsive and											
	sustainable social											
TakeOn	Responsive,	9		23 567	31 419	34 546	39 722	41 782	41 782	47 420	49 348	51 459
	accountable, effective											
	and efficient local											
To improve access	Responsive,	9		6 181	7 535	8 703	11 437	11 122	11 122	8 125	8 571	8 948
to all basic services	accountable, effective											
	and efficient local											
				4 488	5 009	3 983	7 461	7 461	7 461	2 669	2 729	2 849
		VARIATION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN		***************************************				Van				
Allocations to other	priorities											
Total Expenditure			1	229 866	265 909	286 257	309 016	320 667	320 667	323 462	332 965	346 208

Table 25 MBRR Table SA6 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted capital expenditure

KZN291 Mandeni - S Strategic Objective	Goal	GOA	one	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	otal expend 020/21	2021/	22 Medium ue & Expe	
			Ref	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget	Budget Year +2
R thousand achieve a holistic	An efficient,	12		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget 1 500	Budget 1 080	Forecast 1 080	2021/22 1 850	Year +1 2022/23	2023/24
numan development and incapacitating	effective and development-		_				. 555			. 555		
Aspire to a healthy,	A long and healthy life for all South	2	_	301	301	301	_	_	_	_	_	_
safe and crime free area	Africans	1					242		242	450		
Aspire to a healthy, safe and crime free	An efficient, effective and	12	_	_	_	_	212	212	212	150	_	_
area balance sheet	development- An efficient,	6	_	19 981	20 484	20 476	_	_	_	_	_	_
budgeting	competitive and responsive											
BRUSHCUTTING MACHINES	An efficient, effective and	12	_	_	_	_	100	220	220	110	_	_
COMMUNITY	development- An efficient,	12	_	_	_	_	600	600	600	_	_	_
CONSULTATION MEETING	effective and development-											
Enhance the Knowledge	An efficient, effective and	12	_	_	_	_	_	400	400	_	_	_
Economy Ensure an	development- An efficient,	6	_	_	_	_	_	4 820	4 820	4 800	_	_
intergrated and aligned development	competitive and responsive											
Ensure an intergrated and	An efficient, effective and	12	_	_	_	_	_	10 801	10 801	1 850	_	_
aligned development Ensure that our	development- An efficient,	12	_	1 093	1 323	1 768	440	1 680	1 680	8 448	_	_
people have access to community	effective and development-											
Ensure that our people have access	A long and healthy life for all South	2	_	_	_	_	500	550	550	1 476	_	_
to community Ensure that our	Africans An efficient,	12		_	_	_	470	470	470	510	_	_
people have access to community	effective and development-		_				4.0	4,0		0.0		
Ensure that our people have access	Quality basic education	1	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	500	_	_
to community							4 700			405		
Ensure the existence and functionality of	An efficient, effective and	12	_	_	_	365	4 700	3 825	3 825	135	_	_
the public Establishment of	development- An efficient,	12	_	25	25	1 087	8 000	10 300	10 300	5 000	5 000	6 500
Driving License Testing Centre.	effective and development-											
Expansion of Government-led job	An efficient, effective and	12	_	_	_	_		1 800	1 800	1 120	_	_
creation Facilitate a creation	development- An efficient,	12	_	_	_	_	_	400	400	_	_	_
of a disaster ready community	effective and development-											
Facilitating the creation of	A long and healthy life for all South	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	400	_	_
employment Facilitating the	Africans An efficient,	12	_	_	_	186	400	379	379	300	_	_
creation of employment	effective and development-											
Good Governance	An efficient, effective and	12	_	-	_	_	510	510	510	20	_	_
Greening of open	development- An efficient,	6		_	_	_	_	_	_	600	_	_
spaces and Municipal facilities	competitive and responsive											
Greening of open spaces and	An efficient, effective and	12	_	_	_	_	60	110	110	70	_	_
Municipal facilities Improve information	development- An efficient,	12		l _	_	_	500	500	500	1 000	_	_
technology and document	effective and development-		_				-					
Improve the audit	An efficient, effective and	12	_	_	_	-	100	300	300	_	_	_
-	development- An efficient,	1.0		15 321	3 949	1 525	2 486	1 716	1 716	900		
Maintain and improve municipal buildings and	effective and development-	12	_	15 321	3 949	1 525	2 466	1 / 16	1716	900	_	_
Maintain and	An efficient,	12	_	_	_	_	650	650	650	1 000	_	_
improve the municipal policies	effective and development-											
Manage increase and the municipal	An efficient, effective and	12	_	_	_	_		_	_	400	_	_
base Procurement of 20	development- An efficient,	6	_	_	_	_	740	1 640	1 640	_	_	_
new skips	competitive and responsive											
Promoting SMME, Entrepreneurial and	An efficient, effective and	12	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	300	_	_
Youth Development Provide and	development- An efficient,	12	_	_	_	_	_	2 000	2 000	150	_	_
maintain Library services	effective and development-											
Provide and maintain Library	Quality basic education	1	-	_	231	231	500	1 308	1 308	260	_	_
services Realise a	An efficient,	12		_	_	_	800	_	_	1 130	_	_
completely protected	effective and development-											
SPEAKER'S STRATEGIC	An efficient, effective and	12	_	-	_	_	200	200	200	_	_	_
PROGRAMMES TakeOn	development- A long and healthy	2		35 062	35 330	35 026						
Takeon	life for all South	-	_	33 002	33 330	33 020	_	_	_	_	_	_
TakeOn	An efficient, competitive and	6	_	58 964	49 222	54 902	_	-	_	_	_	_
	responsive											
TakeOn	An efficient, effective and	12	_	85 824	94 139	97 224	80	80	80	_	_	_
TakeOn	development- Quality basic	1	_	3 122	3 611	5 165	_	_	_	_	_	_
	education											
To improve access to all basic services	A long and healthy life for all South	2	-	_	_	_	6 430	6 220	6 220	2 088	10 150	_
To improve access	Africans An efficient,	6	_	28 426	29 079	36 034	24 496	33 854	33 854	28 853	27 892	39 636
to all basic services	competitive and responsive											
To improve access to all basic services	An efficient, effective and	12	-	414	_	177	3 381	4 767	4 767	8 800	_	_
To improve access	development- A long and healthy	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	400	_	_
to basic services	life for all South	~	_	-	_	_		_	_	400	_	_
To improve access to basic services	An efficient, competitive and	6	_	-	_	-	300	300	300	400	_	-
To basic services	responsive An efficient,	12		_		_	1 500	1 500	1 500	900		
to improve access to basic services	effective and	'-	_	-	_	_	1 500	. 500	. 500	900	_	_
	development- priorities		з		 	 			+		-	-

2.5 Measurable performance objectives and indicators

Performance Management is a system intended to manage and monitor service delivery progress against the identified strategic objectives and priorities. In accordance with legislative requirements and good business practices as informed by the National Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information, the Municipality has developed and implemented a performance management system of which system is constantly refined as the integrated planning process unfolds. The Municipality target, monitors, assesses and reviews organisational performance which in turn is directly linked to individual employee's performance.

At any given time within government, information from multiple years is being considered; plans and budgets for next year; implementation for the current year; and reporting on last year's performance. Although performance information is reported publicly during the last stage, the performance information process begins when policies are being developed, and continues through each of the planning, budgeting, implementation and reporting stages. The planning, budgeting and reporting cycle can be graphically illustrated as follows:

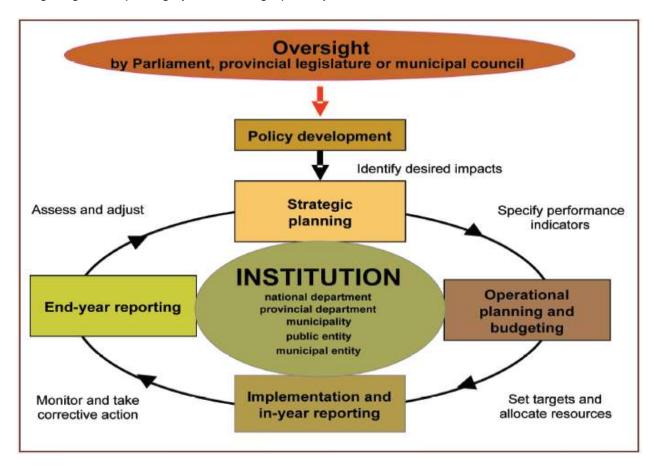


Figure 2 Planning, budgeting and reporting cycle

The performance of the Municipality relates directly to the extent to which it has achieved success in realising its goals and objectives, complied with legislative requirements and meeting stakeholder expectations. The Municipality therefore has adopted one integrated performance management system which encompasses:

Planning (setting goals, objectives, targets and benchmarks);

Monitoring (regular monitoring and checking on the progress against plan);

Measurement (indicators of success);

Review (identifying areas requiring change and improvement);

Reporting (what information, to whom, from whom, how often and for what purpose); and Improvement (making changes where necessary).

The performance information concepts used by the Municipality in its integrated performance management system are aligned to the *Framework of Managing Programme Performance Information* issued by the National Treasury:

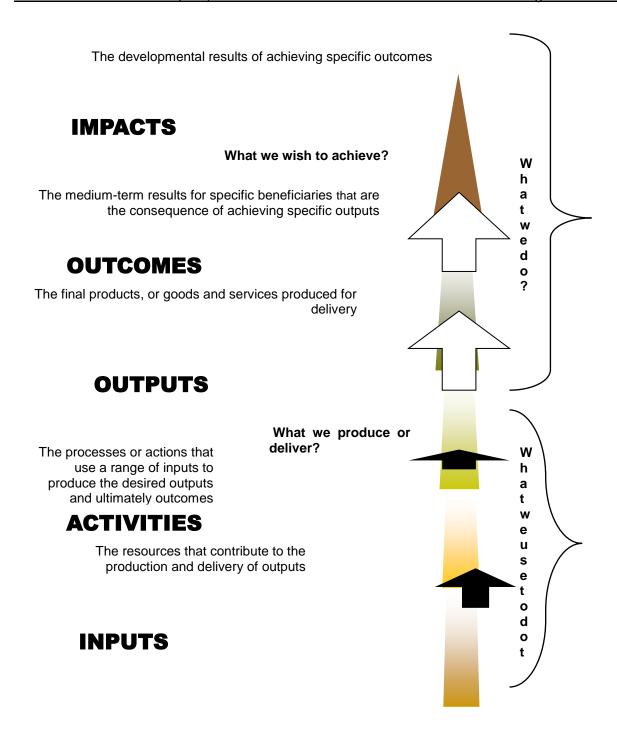


Figure 3 Definition of performance information concepts

The following table provides the main measurable performance objectives the municipality undertakes to achieve this financial year

Table 26 MBRR Table SA7 - Measurable performance objectives

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting T	able SA7 Measu	reable perf	ormance o	bjectives						
	Unit of	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		22 Medium ue & Expe	
Description	measurement	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Vote 1 - Roads & Stormwater Function 1 - Roads										
Sub-function 1 - Eradication Reduce road backlogs	kilometres kilometres kilometres		9500.0%	10500.0%	10500.0%	13000.0% 10500.0% 25000.0%	10000.0%	10000.0%	10000.0%	
Sub-function 2 - Roads Surfaced Roads resurfaced	kilometres		7000.0%	9800.0%	9800.0%	9800.0%	8500.0%	8500.0%	8500.0%	
Sub-function 3 - Roads for Stormwater	kilometres		4500.0%	7500.0%	7500.0%	7500.0%	9500.0%	9880.0%	10295.0%	10747.9%
Function 2 - Energy & Sub-function 1 - Electricity households to be provided with Installation of 200 new	number of					27800.0% 18000.0%				
Sub-function 2 - New Completed and occupied	number of					45000.0%				
Sub-function 3 - Maintan Electrcity & repairs Maintanance	percentage		4500.0%	5500.0%	5500.0%	5500.0%	5500.0%	5720.0%	5960.2%	6222.5%
Vote 2 - vote name Function 1 - (name) Sub-function 1 - (name) Insert measure/s description										

The following table sets out the municipalities main performance objectives and benchmarks for the 2021/22 MTREF.

Table 27 MBRR Table SA8 - Performance indicators and benchmarks

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting 1	J. C. C. G. Torritanico Illan					<u> </u>			2021/2	2 Medium	Term
Description of financial		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		Current Y	ear 2020/2	1		е & Ехре	
indicator	Basis of calculation	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2021/22	Year +1	Year +2
Borrowing Management											
Credit Rating											
Capital Charges to Operating	Interest & Principal Paid	-0.7%	-0.5%	0.0%	0.6%	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Expenditure Capital Charges to Own	/Operating Expenditure Finance charges &	-1.3%	-1.1%	0.0%	1.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.0%	0.5%	0.6%	0.6%
Revenue	Repayment of borrowing /Own Revenue			2.272		2.272		0.070			
Borrowed funding of 'own' capital expenditure	Borrowing/Capital expenditure excl. transfers and grants and contributions	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Safety of Capital											
Gearing	Long Term Borrowing/ Funds & Reserves	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	24.0%	24.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.4%	-0.3%
<u>Liquidity</u>	l and a resolves										
Current Ratio	Current assets/current liabilities	2.3	3.4	3.0	(0.9)	7.3	7.3	(5.6)	0.3	3.3	3.2
Current Ratio adjusted for aged debtors	Current assets less debtors > 90 days/current liabilities	2.3	3.4	3.0	(0.9)	7.3	7.3	(5.6)	0.3	3.3	3.2
Liquidity Ratio	Monetary Assets/Current Liabilities	0.7	1.8	2.2	19.1	5.1	5.1	(4.9)	1.0	0.0	0.0
Revenue Management			4.00/	0.007	4.40/	70.40/	444.407	444.40/	0.00/	0.4.00/	05.40/
Annual Debtors Collection Rate (Payment Level %)	12 Mths Billing		4.2%	3.6%	4.1%	76.1%	111.1%	111.1%	0.0%	34.3%	35.1%
Current Debtors Collection Rate (Cash receipts % of		4.2%	3.6%	4.1%	76.1%	111.1%	111.1%	0.0%	34.3%	35.1%	35.9%
Outstanding Debtors to Revenue	Total Outstanding Debtors to Annual Revenue	33.4%	19.6%	14.3%	-20.2%	14.9%	14.9%	-28.4%	13.9%	13.9%	14.4%
Longstanding Debtors	Debtors > 12 Mths										
Recovered	Recovered/Total Debtors > 12 Months Old										
Creditors Management	12 WORLIS OIG										
Creditors System Efficiency	% of Creditors Paid Within										
Creditors to Cash and Investments	Terms (within`MFMA' s	107.2%	35.7%	25.2%	5.2%	26.6%	26.6%	4.7%	-13.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Indicators											
Other indicators	Total Volume Losses (kW)										
Electricity Distribution Losses	Total Cost of Losses (Rand										
(2)	% Volume (units purchased										
	and generated less units										
	Total Volume Losses (k²)										
Water Distribution Losses (2)	Total Cost of Losses (Rand										
	% Volume (units purchased										
Employee costs	Employee costs/(Total	28.3%	31.4%	34.0%	35.3%	32.5%	32.5%	-80.2%	34.9%	34.8%	36.2%
Remuneration	Total remuneration/(Total	33.0%	36.3%	38.5%	39.8%	36.6%	36.6%		39.6%	39.5%	41.1%
Repairs & Maintenance	Revenue - capital revenue) R&M/(Total Revenue	1.1%	3.5%	2.7%	5.4%	5.7%	5.7%		6.2%	6.2%	6.4%
Finance charges &	excluding capital revenue) FC&D/(Total Revenue -	10.7%	10.6%	10.6%	9.9%	9.1%	9.1%	-22.7%	10.7%	10.7%	11.1%
Depreciation IDP regulation financial viability	capital revenue)										
indicators											
i. Debt coverage	(Total Operating Revenue - Operating Grants)/Debt	(69.2)	(126.4)	90.2	_	-	_	443.4	526.1	515.3	527.4
	service payments due within										
ii.O/S Service Debtors to	financial year) Total outstanding service	121.1%	57.4%	49.2%	-65.4%	52.3%	52.3%	24.7%	45.0%	46.0%	47.0%
Revenue	debtors/annual revenue received for services	121.170	07.770	10.2 /0	33.470	02.070	02.070	24.770	10.070	10.070	-11.076
iii. Cost coverage	(Available cash +	2.0	3.1	4.0	14.7	3.0	3.0	13.3	(2.8)	8.3	18.5
	Investments)/monthly fixed operational expenditure										

2.6 Performance indicators and benchmarks

2.6.1.1 Borrowing Management

Capital expenditure in local government can be funded by capital grants, own-source revenue and long term borrowing. The ability of a municipality to raise long term borrowing is largely dependent on its creditworthiness and financial position. As with all other municipalities, Mandeni Municipality's borrowing strategy is primarily informed by the affordability of debt repayments.

The Municipality has raised mainly amortising loans over the past fifteen years, hence effectively 'front-loading' its debt service costs

In summary, various financial risks could have a negative impact on the future borrowing capacity of the municipality. In particular, the continued ability of the Municipality to meet its revenue targets and ensure its forecasted cash flow targets are achieved will be critical in meeting the repayments of the debt service costs.

2.6.1.2 Liquidity

Current ratio is a measure of the current assets divided by the current liabilities and as a benchmark the Municipality has set a limit of 1, hence at no point in time should this ratio be less than 1. For the 2020/21 MTREF the current ratio is 4.3 in the 2021/22 financial year and 6.1 for the two outer years of the MTREF. Going forward it will be necessary to maintain these levels.

The liquidity ratio is a measure of the ability of the municipality to utilize cash and cash equivalents to extinguish or retire its current liabilities immediately. Ideally the municipality should have the equivalent cash and cash equivalents on hand to meet at least the current liabilities, which should translate into a liquidity ratio of 1. Anything below 1 indicates a shortage in cash to meet creditor obligations. For the 2020/21 financial year the ratio was 5.0 and as part of the financial planning strategy it has been reduced to 4.3 in the 2021/22 financial year. This needs to be considered a pertinent risk for the municipality as any under collection of revenue will translate into serious financial challenges for the Municipality. As part of the longer term financial planning objectives this ratio will have to be set at a minimum of 1.

2.6.1.3 Revenue Management

As part of the financial sustainability strategy, an aggressive revenue management framework has been implemented to increase cash inflow, not only from current billings but also from debtors that are in arrears in excess of 90 days. The intention of the strategy is to streamline the revenue value chain by ensuring accurate billing, customer service, and credit control and debt collection.

2.6.1.4 Creditors Management

The Municipality has managed to ensure that creditors are settled within the legislated 30 days of invoice. While the liquidity ratio is of no concern, by applying daily cash flow management the municipality has managed to ensure a 100 per cent compliance rate to this legislative obligation. This has had a favorable impact on suppliers' perceptions of risk of doing business with the

Municipality, which is expected to benefit the Municipality in the form of more competitive pricing of tenders, as suppliers compete for the Municipality's business.

2.6.1.5 Other Indicators

Employee costs as a percentage of operating revenue continues to increase over the MTREF. This is primarily owing to the review of organogram and low tariff increase which has direct relationship with low billing level.

Similar to that of employee costs, repairs and maintenance as percentage of operating revenue is also increasing owing directly to cost drivers such as assets maintenance plans far above inflation. In real terms, repairs and maintenance has increased as part of the Municipality's strategy to ensure the management of its asset base.

2.6.2 Free Basic Services: basic social services package for indigent households

The social package assists residents that have difficulty paying for services and are registered as indigent households in terms of the Indigent Policy of the Municipality. With the exception of water, only registered indigents qualify for the free basic services.

For the 2021/22 financial year 28 431 registered indigents have been provided for in the budget. In terms of the Municipality's indigent policy registered households are entitled to, 50 kwh of electricity and free waste removal equivalent to 85ℓ once a week, as well as a discount on their property rates.

Further detail relating to the number of households receiving free basic services, the cost of free basic services, highest level of free basic services as well as the revenue cost associated with the free basic services is contained in Table 27 MBRR A10 (Basic Service Delivery Measurement) on page 64.

Note that the number of households in informal areas that receive free services and the cost of these services are not taken into account in the table noted above.

2.7 Overview of budget related-policies

The Municipality's budgeting process is guided and governed by relevant legislation, frameworks, strategies and related policies.

2.7.1 Review of credit control and debt collection procedures/policies

The Collection Policy has been currently reviewed and it has been approved by Council in June 2019. The policy is credible, sustainable, manageable and informed by affordability and value for money there has been a need to review certain components to achieve a higher collection rate. Some of the possible revisions will include the lowering of the credit periods for the down payment of debt. In addition emphasis will be placed on speeding up the indigent registration process to ensure that credit control and debt collection efforts are not fruitlessly wasted on these debtors.

As most of the indigents within the municipal area are unable to pay for municipal services because they are unemployed, the Integrated Indigent Exit Programme aims to link the registered indigent households to development, skills and job opportunities. The programme also seeks to ensure that all departments as well as external role players are actively involved in the reduction of the number of registered indigent households.

The 2021/22 MTREF has been prepared on the basis of achieving an average debtors' collection rate of 68 per cent on current billings, current year's overall collection rate of 68 per cent has determined the 2021/22 collection rate. In addition the collection of debt in excess of 90 days has been prioritised as a pertinent strategy in increasing the Municipality's cash levels. In addition, the potential of a payment incentive scheme is being investigated and if found to be viable will be incorporated into the policy.

2.7.2 Asset Management, Infrastructure Investment and Funding Policy

A proxy for asset consumption can be considered the level of depreciation each asset incurs on an annual basis. Preserving the investment in existing infrastructure needs to be considered a significant strategy in ensuring the future sustainability of infrastructure and the Municipality's revenue base. Within the framework, the need for asset renewal was considered a priority and hence the capital programme was determined based on renewal of current assets versus new asset construction.

Further, continued improvements in technology generally allows many assets to be renewed at a lesser 'real' cost than the original construction cost. Therefore, it is considered prudent to allow for a slightly lesser continual level of annual renewal than the average annual depreciation. The Asset Management, Infrastructure and Funding Policy is therefore considered a strategic guide in ensuring a sustainable approach to asset renewal, repairs and maintenance and is utilised as a guide to the selection and prioritisation of individual capital projects. In addition the policy prescribes the accounting and administrative policies and procedures relating to property, plant and equipment (fixed assets).

2.7.3 Supply Chain Management Policy

The Supply Chain Management Policy is currently being reviewed and will be adopted by Council on the 31st May 2021. A reviewed policy has been considered by Council of which the amendments will extensively be consulted on.

2.7.4 Budget and Virement Policy

The Budget and Virement Policy aims to empower senior managers with an efficient financial and budgetary amendment and control system to ensure optimum service delivery within the legislative framework of the MFMA and the Municipality's system of delegations. The Budget and Virement Policy is currently has been reviewed and adopted by Council in May 2021.

2.7.5 Cash Management and Investment Policy

The Municipality's Cash Management and Investment Policy have been currently reviewed and adopted by Council in May 2021. The aim of the policy is to ensure that the Municipality's surplus cash and investments are adequately managed, especially the funds set aside for the cash backing of certain reserves. The policy details the minimum cash and cash equivalents required at any point in time and introduce time frames to achieve certain benchmarks.

2.7.6 Tariff Policies

The Municipality's tariff policies provide a broad framework within which the Council can determine fair, transparent and affordable charges that also promote sustainable service delivery. The policies have been approved on various dates and a consolidated tariff policy is envisaged to be compiled for ease of administration and implementation of the next two years.

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All the above policies are available on the Municipality's website, as well as the following budget related policies:

Property Rates Policy; Funding and Reserves Policy; Credit Control and Credit Control Policy; Supply Chain Management Policy **Asset Management Policy** Borrowing Policy; Budget Implementation and management Policy; Basic Social Services Package (Indigent Policy). Corporate Social Fund Policy Asset Loss Control Policy **Insurance Policy Tariff Policy** Unauthorized, Irregular, Fruitless & wasteful Expenditure policy Long-term Financial Planning Policy Related Parties Policy Cost Containment Measures Policy

2.8 Overview of budget assumptions

2.8.1 External factors

The South African economy contracted by an estimated 7.2 per cent in 2020 compared with the 7.8 per cent contraction projected in the 2020 Medium Term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS). The revised estimate results from easing lockdown restrictions in the third quarter and a faster-than-expected resumption of global growth, especially in China. The National Treasury projects real economic growth of 3.3 per cent in 2021, following an estimated contraction of 7.2 per cent in 2020. Real GDP growth is expected to moderate to 1.9 per cent in 2022 and 2023.

The outlook remains highly uncertain, and the economic effects of the pandemic are far-reaching. There were 1.7 million fewer jobs by the third quarter of 2020 compared to the same period in 2019. Rising unemployment and income losses have entrenched existing inequalities. GDP is only expected to recover to pre-pandemic levels in late 2023. High-frequency data for the third quarter, such as the volume of electricity distributed, mining and manufacturing output, business confidence and the ABSA Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) shows evidence of a limited economic rebound.

Although growth rates are likely to improve quickly as restrictions are removed, based on current projections, the output is only expected to return to pre-pandemic levels in 2024. Given South Africa's structural constraints, its recovery will be slower than many of its developing-country peers. Industrial sectors (which include mining, manufacturing, construction and utilities) lagged substantially, undermined by structural constraints including unreliable electricity supply and weak public investment that preceded the pandemic. Over the next several years, the country requires the implementation of long-standing structural reforms to sustainably move to a higher growth path.

2.8.2 Collection rate for revenue services

The base assumption is that tariff and rating increases will increase at a rate slightly higher that CPI over the long term. It is also assumed that current economic conditions, and relatively controlled inflationary conditions, will continue for the forecasted term.

The rate of revenue collection is currently expressed as a percentage (68 per cent) of annual billings for property rates. Cash flow is assumed to be 68 per cent of billings, plus an increased collection of arrear debt from the revised collection and credit control policy. The performance of arrear collections will however only be considered a source of additional cash in-flow once the performance has been carefully monitored.

Service Charges on electricity and refuse removal are billed simultaneously, therefore an average collection rate of 68% is assumed for service charged due to controls that are in place as per the credit control policy.

2.8.3 Growth or decline in tax base of the municipality

Debtor's revenue is assumed to increase at a rate that is influenced by the consumer debtor's collection rate, tariff/rate pricing, real growth rate of the Municipality, household formation growth rate and the poor household change rate.

Household formation is the key factor in measuring municipal revenue and expenditure growth, as servicing 'households' is a greater municipal service factor than servicing individuals. Household formation rates are assumed to convert to household dwellings. In addition the change in the number of poor households influences the net revenue benefit derived from household formation growth, as it assumes that the same costs incurred for servicing the household exist, but that no consumer revenue is derived as the 'poor household' limits consumption to the level of free basic services.

2.8.4 Salary increases

The Salary and Wage Collective Agreement for the period 01 July 2018 to 30 June 2021 is still in operation, therefore municipalities need to budget for their employee related costs in line with the multi-year wage agreement, and also ensure the agreement is correctly implemented and applied as per clauses of the agreement.

The salary wage increase in budget projection have been based in terms of the clause 6.3 and 6.5 of the collective Agreement shall be six comma two five (6.25%), with the effect from 1 July 2020 as per Circular No.2/2020, since the municipality has not received the latest Salary and wage agreement.

2.8.5 Impact of national, provincial and local policies

Integration of service delivery between national, provincial and local government is critical to ensure focussed service delivery and in this regard various measures were implemented to align IDPs, provincial and national strategies around priority spatial interventions. In this regard, the following national priorities form the basis of all integration initiatives:

Creating jobs;

Enhancing education and skill development; Improving Health services; Rural development and agriculture; and Fighting crime and corruption.

To achieve these priorities integration mechanisms are in place to ensure integrated planning and execution of various development programs. The focus will be to strengthen the link between policy priorities and expenditure thereby ensuring the achievement of the national, provincial and local objectives.

2.8.6 Ability of the municipality to spend and deliver on the programmes

It is estimated that a spending rate of at least 85 per cent is achieved on operating expenditure and 98 per cent on the capital programme for the 2021/22 & MTREF of which performance has been factored into the cash flow budget.

2.9 Overview of budget funding

2.9.1 Medium-term outlook: operating revenue

The following table is a breakdown of the operating revenue over the medium-term:

Table 28 Breakdown of the operating revenue over the medium-term

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A4 Bude	qete	ed Financia	al Performa	ance (reve	nue and e	xpenditure	<u>.</u>				
Description	Re		2018/19	2019/20		Current Ye				22 Medium ue & Expe	-
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	ŧ.	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Revenue By Source											
Property rates	2	40 626	58 180	46 606	52 479	52 479	52 479	52 479	46 642	47 239	47 855
Service charges - electricity rever	2	25 622	24 368	29 909	33 865	33 865	33 865	33 865	39 216	40 099	41 042
Service charges - water revenue	2	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_
Service charges - sanitation rever		_	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Service charges - refuse revenue	2	8 450	8 406	7 899	9 211	9 211	9 211	9 938	9 546	9 947	10 370
Rental of facilities and equipment		333	170	204	280	180	180	63	130	135	141
Interest earned - external investm	ents	2 983	4 893	6 819	3 500	4 150	4 150	3 660	4 950	5 158	5 385
Interest earned - outstanding debt	tors	15 071	13 851	11 830	18 136	6 136	6 136	3 088	6 740	7 023	7 332
Dividends received		50	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
Fines, penalties and forfeits		378	404	131	449	449	449	29	265	276	288
Licences and permits		1 207	1 133	762	1 381	1 381	1 381	528	695	724	756
Agency services		_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_
Transfers and subsidies		140 949	155 084	174 636	191 346		229 735	171 706	200 340	211 711	210 023
Other revenue	2	669	1 015	1 776	689	689	689	903	640	667	696
Gains		35 346	_	12 239	_	_		_	_	_	_
Total Revenue (excluding	-	271 686	267 504	292 810	311 336	338 276	338 276	276 259	309 163	322 979	323 889
capital transfers and											

The following graph is a breakdown of the operational revenue per main category for the 2021/22 financial year.

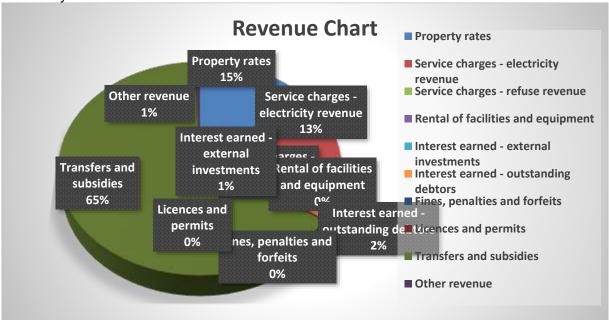


Figure 4 Breakdown of operating revenue over the 2021/22 MTREF

Tariff setting plays a major role in ensuring desired levels of revenue. Getting tariffs right assists in the compilation of a credible and funded budget. The Municipality derives most of its operational revenue from the provision of goods and services such as electricity, Property rates, operating and capital grants from organs of state and other minor charges (such as building plan fees, licenses and permits etc).

The revenue strategy is a function of key components such as:

Growth in the Municipality and economic development;

Revenue management and enhancement;

Achievement of a 68 per cent annual collection rate for consumer revenue;

National Treasury guidelines:

Electricity tariff increases within the National Energy Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) approval; Achievement of full cost recovery of specific user charges;

Determining tariff escalation rate by establishing/calculating revenue requirements;

The Property Rates Policy in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004) (MPRA), and

The ability to extend new services and obtain cost recovery levels.

The above principles guide the annual increase in the tariffs charged to the consumers and the ratepayers aligned to the economic forecasts.

The proposed tariff increases for the 2021/22 MTREF on the different revenue categories are:

Table 29 Proposed tariff increases over the medium-term

Choose name from list - Support	ing ⁻	Γable SA14	Household b	ills		
		2021/22 [Medium Term Fram	Revenue & E nework	xpenditure	
Description	Ref	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	•	2021/22 Total Budgeted Revenue
Rand/cent		% incr.				
Monthly Account for Household -	1					
'Middle Income Range'						
Rates and services charges:						
Property rates		5.0%	1 180.88	1 192.12	1 203.37	46 641 524
Electricity: Basic levy		14.6%	649.80	655.47	661.14	
Electricity: Consumption		14.6%	2 951.65	2 977.41	3 003.17	39 216 211
Refuse removal		5.0%	155.05	156.53	158.00	9 546 128
Other						
sub-total		11.8%	4 937.37	4 981.53	5 025.68	
VAT on Services						
Total large household bill:		11.8%	4 937.37	4 981.53	5 025.68	
% increase/-decrease			11.8%	0.9%	0.9%	

Revenue to be generated from property rates is R46.6 million in the 2021/22 financial year and increases to R47.9 million by 2023/24 which represents 15.0 per cent of the operating revenue base of the Municipality. It remains relatively constant over the medium-term. With the implementation of the Municipal Property Rates Act the basis of rating significantly changed.

Services charges relating to electricity and refuse removal constitutes the third largest component of the revenue basket of the Municipality totaling R39,2 million for the 2021/22 financial year and increasing to R41.0 million by 2023/24. For the 2021/22 financial year services charges amount to 15.7 per cent of the total revenue base and grows by 15.8 per cent per annum over the medium-term. This growth can mainly be attributed to the increase in the bulk prices of electricity.

Operational grants and subsidies amount to R200.3 million, R211.8 million and R210.0 million for each of the respective financial years of the MTREF, or 65, 66 and 65 per cent of operating revenue. It needs to be noted that in real terms the grants receipts from national government have increased in 2022/23 financial year and in the two outer years it grows rapidly over the MTREF by 5.6 per cent and 0.7 per cent.

Investment revenue contributes marginally to the revenue base of the Municipality with a budget allocation of R5.0 million, R5.2 million and R5.4 million for the respective three financial years of the 2021/22 MTREF. It needs to be noted that these allocations have been conservatively estimated and as part of the cash backing of reserves and provisions. The actual performance against budget will be carefully monitored. Any variances in this regard will be addressed as part of the mid-year review and adjustments budget. The municipality have adjusted budget from the adjustment budget of 2020/21 of R4.2 million, this is due to underspending in conditional grants that resulted in the municipality generating interest.

The tables below provide detail investment information and investment particulars by maturity.

Table 30 MBRR SA15 – Detail Investment Information

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Ta	able	SA15 Inve	estment pa	articulars b	y type					
		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		22 Medium ue & Expe	
	Ref	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
R thousand										
Parent municipality Securities - National Government Listed Corporate Bonds Deposits - Bank Deposits - Public Investment Con Deposits - Corporation for Public Bankers Acceptance Certificates Negotiable Certificates of Depos Guaranteed Endowment Policies Repurchase Agreements - Banks Municipal Bonds	nmi De lt - I	_ _ _	- 0 60 607 - - - - - -	- 0 19 108 - - - - - -	54 806 - - - - - - -	57 379 - - - - - - - - -	58 759 - - - - - - - - -	94 349 - - - - - - - -	149 142 - - - - - - - - -	148 508 - - - - - - - - -
Municipality sub-total	1	24 600	60 607	19 108	54 806	57 379	58 759	94 349	149 142	148 508
Entities Securities - National Government Listed Corporate Bonds Deposits - Bank Deposits - Public Investment Con Deposits - Corporation for Public Bankers Acceptance Certificates Negotiable Certificates of Depos Guaranteed Endowment Policies Repurchase Agreements - Banks	nmi De l it - I	posits Banks								
Entities sub-total		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
Consolidated total:	l	24 600	60 607	19 108	54 806	57 379	58 759	94 349	149 142	148 508

Table 31 MBRR SA16 – Investment particulars by maturity

KZN291 Mandeni - Supp	orting Table S	A16 Investment	t particu	lars by ma	turity						
vestments by Maturi Ref	Period of Investment	1	1 -	or Fixed interest	Interest Rate ³	Expiry date of investment	Opening balance	Interest to be realised	Partial / Premature Withdrawal	Investment Top Up	Closing Balance
of institution & invest 1	Yrs/Months					mivesument					
Parent municipality Call account 1-GRANTS Call account 2 -HOUSIN Call account 3-MIG Call account 4-NDPG Call account 5-TMT Call account 6-INEP Call account 7-AR Call account 8- Title De STANDARD BANK STANDARD NEDBANK	12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS	ALL ACCOUNT ALL ACCOUNT ALL ACCOUNT ALL ACCOUNT ALL ACCOUNT ALL ACCOUNT ALL ACCOUNT INVESTMENT INVESTMENT INVESTMENT INVESTMENT	Yes No No No No No No No	Fixed Fixed Fixed Fixed Fixed Fixed Fixed Fixed Fixed Fixed Fixed Fixed	0.0245 0.0245 0.0245 0.0245 0.0245 0.0245 0.0245 0.0245 0.0245 0.02 0 0.034 0.035	30 June 2020 01 July 2020 02 July 2020 03 July 2020 04 July 2020 05 July 2020 06 July 2020 07 July 2020 08 July 2020 09 July 2020 10 July 2020 11 July 2020	60 701 1 807 5 718 2 243 2 657 106 3 398 4 0 1 690 1 863	1 024 95 285 1 3 87 6 92 0 - 24 21	(321 398) (46 126) (7 616) (3 490)	37 232 4 872	8 062 1 902 (2 891) 3 246 1 112 0 4 0 1 713 1 884
STANDARD BANK NEDBANK STANDARD BANK STANDARD BANK	12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS 12MNTHS	INVESTMENT INVESTMENT INVESTMENT INVESTMENT	Yes Yes Yes Yes	Fixed Fixed Fixed Fixed	0.06675 0.0482 0.0398 0.047	12 July 2020 13 July 2020 30 June 2020 30 June 2020	30 000 30 000 15 000 50 000	988 988 637 700	(50 000)	5 000	30 988 30 988 20 637 700
Municipality sub-total							203 189		(428 630)	314 839	94 349
Entities											11111
Entities sub-total							-		-	- 1	-
TOTAL INVESTMEN 1							203 189		(428 630)	314 839	94 349

For the medium-term, the funding strategy has been informed directly by ensuring financial sustainability and continuity. The MTREF therefore provides for a budgeted surplus of R93.4 million, R149.1 million and increases to R148.5 million in each of the financial years. This surplus is intended to partly fund capital expenditure from own sources as well as ensure adequate cash backing of reserves and funds.

2.9.2 Medium-term outlook: capital revenue

The following table is a breakdown of the funding composition of the 2021/22 medium-term capital programme:

Table 32 Sources of capital revenue over the MTREF

Vote Description	Re	Current Yea	r 2020/21	2021/22 N		erm Reven Framework	•	enditure	
R thousand	1	Adjusted Budget	%	Budget Year 2021/22		Budget Year +1 2022/23		Budget Year +2 2023/24	
Funded by: National Government Provincial Government District Municipality I ransters and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) (National / Provincial Departmental Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions, Private Transfers recognised - capital	4	43 021 3 660 - - 46 682	46.16 3.93 -	35 670 1 170 - 36 840	53.14 1.74	38 042 - - 38 042	88.38	39 636 - - 39 636	85.91
Borrowing Internally generated funds	6	46 511	_ 49.91	30 280	45.11	_ 5 000	11.62	- 6 500	14.09
Total Capital Funding	7	93 192	100%	67 120	100%	43 042	100%	46 136	100%

The above table is graphically represented as follows for the 2021/22 financial year.

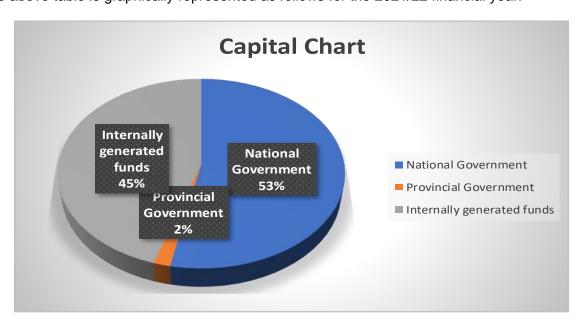


Figure 5 Sources of capital revenue for the 2021/22 financial year

Capital grants and receipts equates to 67.1 per cent of the total funding source which represents R30.3 million for the 2021/22 financial year and steadily decreases to 5.0 million or 6.5 per cent by 2022/23. Increase relating to grant receipts is 21 and 7.5 per cent over the medium-term

Table 33 MBRR Table SA 18 - Capital transfers and grant receipts

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Ta										
Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		ent Year 20			22 Medium	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget	Budget	Budget
RECEIPTS:	1, 2									
On anoting a Transfer of and Oranta										
Operating Transfers and Grants		440.077	457.700	404 000	404447	004 504	004 504	000 470	044 000	040.000
National Government:		148 377	157 762	181 862	194 117	234 561	234 561	202 170	214 288	213 600
Local Government Equitable Sh	1	134 192	146 821	167 483	181 342	218 402	218 402	191 149	203 436	201 664
Finance Management		1 900	1 900	1 900	1 900	2 346	2 346	1 850	1 850	1 850
EPWP Incentive		2 285	2 255	2 234	2 387	2 387	2 387	2 435		_
Integrated National Electrification	3	10 000	6 786	9 500	6 000	8 545	8 545	4 875	7 000	8 000
Municipal Infrastructure Grant(P					1 743	1 743	1 743	1 861	2 002	2 086
Disaster Releif Grant COVID 19				745	745	1 138	1 138			
Other transfers/grants [insert d	lesc	~~!~~~~~~			*******************************			***************************************		***************************************
Provincial Government:		2 480	5 278	3 488	3 636	4 027	4 027	1 315	1 908	1 477
Community Library Services Gr		2 480	3 581	1 228	2 714	2 714	2 714	1 315	1 408	1 477
Provincialization of Governmen	1		1 147	1 510	515	515	515			
Ward Based Plan		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	500	
Sport and Recreation		_	50	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
GIS Patinent Grant			500							
Spetial Development Framewor	-			750						
Single Landuse Scheme						491	491			
Tittle deeds restoration progran	nme				407	307	307			
District Municipality:		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
[insert description]										
Other grant providers:				_				······		
[insert description]										
Total Operating Transfers and G	1 5	150 857	163 040	185 350	197 753	238 588	238 588	203 485	216 196	215 077
			100010	100 000						
Capital Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		40 838	39 577	33 954	33 408	41 377	41 377	37 232	40 044	41 722
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (35 940	34 706	33 954	33 408	41 377	41 377	37 232	40 044	41 722
Neighbourhood Development P		4 898	4 871	_						
r to grade annough 2 of old princing .	-	. 000								
	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Other capital transfers/grants [inco	rt descl	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Provincial Government:	11130		_	1 131	800	2 990	2 990	2 714	2 806	2 946
Provincialization of Libraries			_	1 131	800	2 990	2 990	2 714	2 806	2 946
FIOVITICIALIZATION OF LIDITATIES				1 131	800	∠ 990	2 990	Z / 14	∠ 800	Z 940
[insert description]								***************************************		
Total Capital Transfers and Gran	1 5	40 838	39 577	35 085	34 208	44 367	44 367	39 946	42 850	44 668
TOTAL RECEIPTS OF TRANSFI			202 617	220 434	231 961	282 955	3	243 431	259 046	259 745

2.9.3 Cash Flow Management

Cash flow management and forecasting is a critical step in determining if the budget is funded over the medium-term. The table below is consistent with international standards of good financial management practice and also improves understandability for councilors and management. Some specific features include:

Clear separation of receipts and payments within each cash flow category;

Clear separation of capital and operating receipts from government, which also enables cash from 'Ratepayers and other' to be provide for as cash inflow based on actual performance. In other words the *actual collection rate* of billed revenue, and

Separation of borrowing and loan repayments (no set-off), to assist with MFMA compliance assessment regarding the use of long term borrowing (debt).

Table 34 MBRR Table A7 - Budget cash flow statement

KZN291 Mandeni - Table A7 Budg				1311 110							
Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		Current Ye	ear 2020/21			edium Term nditure Fran	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING	A	TIVITIES									
Receipts											
Property rates		1 628	1 734	1 828	35 686	70 999	70 999	1 848	26 586	26 926	27 277
Service charges		1 477	1 575	1 666	37 581	35 966	35 966	1 685	42 028	43 794	45 721
Other revenue		94	99	104	3 690	2 273	2 273	105	1 478	1 540	1 608
Transfers and Subsidies - Operat	1	14 219	42 444	55 244	196 810	239 835	239 835	183 488	204 520	216 709	215 937
Transfers and Subsidies - Capital	1	7 116	6 589	15 837	35 150	43 119	43 119	26 557	37 232	40 044	41 722
Interest		_	-	-	_	245	245	-	5 085	5 298	5 531
Dividends		_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
Payments											
Suppliers and employees		1 571	1 151	2 681	_	(255 499)	(255 499)	(4 425)	(259 418)	(265 089)	(276 660)
Finance charges		_	_	_	_	(650)	(650)	_	(400)	(328)	(320)
Transfers and Grants	1	_	-	-	_	(1 622)	(1 622)	_	(1 883)	(1 918)	(1 999)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPER	ΑT	26 105	53 591	77 360	308 917	134 666	134 666	209 258	55 228	66 976	58 817
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING) A	CTIVITIES									
Receipts											
Proceeds on disposal of PPE		_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	_
Decrease (increase) in non-currer									_	- 1	_
_Decrease (increase) in non-currer	nt in	vestments							_	- 1	_
Payments						(0.000)	(0.000)		(70.000)	(40.040)	(40.400)
Capital assets	T II		_	_		(3 660)	(3 660)	_	(73 920)	(43 042)	(46 136)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVES	,		-	-	_	(3 660)	(3 660)	-	(73 920)	(43 042)	(46 136)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING) A	CTIVITIES									
Receipts											
Short term loans Borrowing long term/refinancing		_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Increase (decrease) in consumer	der	_	_		_	_	_	_		_	
Payments	40 P										
Repayment of borrowing		2 704	1 890	893	(1 317)	_	-	893	(400)	(328)	(320)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINAN	CIN	2 704	1 890	893	(1 317)	_	-	893	(400)	(328)	(320)
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN	1 C	28 809	55 482	78 254	307 600	131 006	131 006	210 152	(19 092)	23 606	12 361
Cash/cash equivalents at the year Cash/cash equivalents at the year		28 809	_ 55 482	30 000 108 254	307 600	111 177 242 183	111 177 242 183	155 000 365 152	119 889 100 797	100 797 124 403	124 403 136 764

The above table shows that cash and cash equivalents of the Municipality were slowly increased between the 2020/21 and 2021/22 financial year moving from a positive cash balance of R100.8 to a surplus of R136.8 million with the approved 2023/24 MTREF. With the 2020/21 adjustments budget various cost efficiencies and savings had to be realised to ensure the Municipality could meet its operational expenditure commitments. In addition, the Municipality undertook an extensive debt collection process to boost cash levels.

These initiatives and interventions have translated into a positive cash position for the Municipality and it is projected that cash and cash equivalents on hand will increase to R100.8 million by the financial year end. For the 2021/22 MTREF the budget has been prepared to ensure high levels of cash and cash equivalents over the medium-term with cash levels anticipated to increase to R124.4 million by 2022/22\3 and steadily increases to R136.8 million by 2023/24. It should be noted the municipality's cash flow is improving towards the 2021/22. & MTREF.

2.9.4 Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

This following table meets the requirements of MFMA Circular 42 which deals with the funding of a municipal budget in accordance with sections 18 and 19 of the MFMA. The table seeks to answer three key questions regarding the use and availability of cash:

What are the predicted cash and investments that are available at the end of the budget year? How are those funds used?

What is the net funds available or funding shortfall?

A surplus would indicate the cash-backed accumulated surplus that is available. A shortfall (applications > cash and investments) is indicative of non-compliance with section 18 of the MFMA requirement that the municipality's budget must be 'funded'. Non-compliance with section 18 is assumed because a shortfall would indirectly indicate that the annual budget is not appropriately funded (budgeted spending is greater than funds available or to be collected). It is also important to analyse trends to understand the consequences, e.g. the budget year might indicate a small surplus situation, which in itself is an appropriate outcome, but if in prior years there were much larger surpluses then this negative trend may be a concern that requires closer examination.

Table 35 MBRR Table A8 - Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation

	able 35 Mibrit Table Ao - Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconcination												
KZN291 Mandeni - Table A8 Cash	ı ba	icked rese	rves/accu	mulated su	irplus reco	nciliation							
Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21	2021/22 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure					
		Audited	Audited	Audited Outcome	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget	Budget	Budget			
R thousand			ne Outcome		Budget	- 1	Forecast	Year	Year +1	Year +2			
		Outcome			Duagei	Budget	ruicuasi	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24			
Cash and investments available													
Cash/cash equivalents at the year	1	28 809	55 482	108 254	307 600	242 183	242 183	100 797	124 403	136 764			
Other current investments > 90 d		7 222	5 153	2 928	(248 841)	(121 964)	(121 964)	-	63 240	51 980			
Non current assets - Investments	1	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_			
Cash and investments available:		36 030	60 635	111 182	58 759	120 219	120 219	100 797	187 643	188 744			
Application of cash and investme	nts												
Unspent conditional transfers		10 419	9 792	26 159	(5 685)	5 589	5 589	6 720	_	_			
Unspent borrowing		_	-	-	` _ ′	_	_	-	_	_			
Statutory requirements	2												
Other working capital requirement	3	27 691	17 889	18 275	57 608	(35 382)	(35 382)	(20 665)	(15 168)	(16 953)			
Other provisions													
Long term investments committed		_	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_			
Reserves to be backed by cash/ir													
Total Application of cash and inv	est	38 110	27 680	44 434	51 923	(29 792)		(13 945)	(15 168)	(16 953)			
Surplus(shortfall)		(2 080)	32 954	66 748	6 836	150 012	150 012	114 742	202 811	205 697			

From the above table it can be seen that the cash and investments available total 114.7 million in the 2021/22 financial year and increases to R205.7 million by 2023/24, including the projected cash and cash equivalents as determined in the cash flow forecast. The following is a breakdown of the application of this funding:

Unspent conditional transfers (grants) are automatically assumed to be an obligation as the municipality has received government transfers in advance of meeting the conditions. Ordinarily, unless there are special circumstances, the municipality is obligated to return unspent conditional grant funds to the national revenue fund at the end of the financial year.

Due to delays in implementing capital programs we foresee that unspent conditional transfer will be R6.7 million for 2021/22 financial year through the following grants (INEP of 1.0 million; MIG of R5.7 million) and Tittle Deed Grant this assumption is based on grant register as at February 2021.

There is no unspent borrowing from the previous financial years. In terms of the municipality's Borrowing and Investments Policy, borrowings are only drawn down once the expenditure has been incurred against the particular project. Unspent borrowing is ring-fenced and reconciled on a monthly basis to ensure no unnecessary liabilities are incurred.

The main purpose of other working capital is to ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet obligations as they fall due. A key challenge is often the mismatch between the timing of receipts of funds from debtors and payments due to employees and creditors. High levels of debtor non-payment and receipt delays will have a greater requirement for working capital.

For the purpose of the cash backed reserves and accumulated surplus reconciliation a provision equivalent to one month's operational expenditure has been provided for. It needs to be noted that although this can be considered prudent, the desired cash levels should be 60 days to ensure continued liquidity of the municipality. Any underperformance in relation to collections could place upward pressure on the ability of the Municipality to meet its creditor obligations.

Most reserve fund cash-backing is discretionary in nature, but the reserve funds are not available to support a budget unless they are cash-backed. The reserve funds are not fully cash-backed. The level of cash-backing is directly informed by the municipality's cash backing policy. These include the rehabilitation of landfill sites and quarries.

It can be concluded that the Municipality has a surplus against the cash backed and accumulated surpluses reconciliation. It needs to be noted that for all practical purposes the 2021/22 MTREF was funded when considering the funding requirements of section 18 and 19 of the MFMA. The 2021/22 MTREF has been informed by ensuring the financial plan meets the minimum requirements of the MFMA. From a pure cash flow perspective (cash out flow versus cash inflow) the budget is funded and is therefore credible. The challenge for the Municipality will be to ensure that the underlying planning and cash flow assumptions are meticulously managed, especially the performance against the collection rate.

The following graph supplies an analysis of the trends relating cash and cash equivalents and the cash backed reserves/accumulated funds reconciliation over a seven-year perspective.

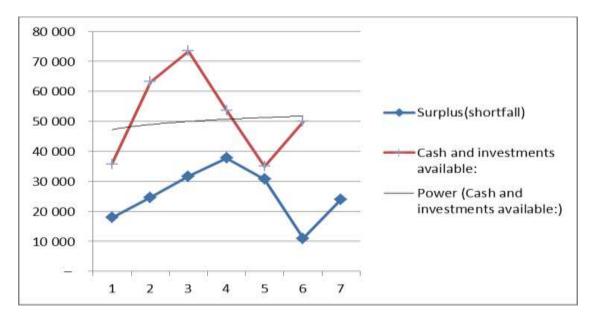


Figure 6 Cash and cash equivalents / Cash backed reserves and accumulated funds

2.9.5 Funding compliance measurement

National Treasury requires that the municipality assess its financial sustainability against fourteen different measures that look at various aspects of the financial health of the municipality. These measures are contained in the following table. All the information comes directly from the annual budgeted statements of financial performance, financial position and cash flows. The funding compliance measurement table essentially measures the degree to which the proposed budget complies with the funding requirements of the MFMA. Each of the measures is discussed below.

Table 36 MBRR SA10 – Funding compliance measurement

KZN291 Mandeni Supporting Table SA10							-	-	-	-	
			2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		22 Medium	
Description	MFMA	R								ue & Expe	p
Description	sectio n	ef	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget	Budget Year +2
	"		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2021/22	Year +1 2022/23	2023/24
Funding measures									2021/22	LULLILU	2020/21
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end - R'	18(1)b	1	28 809	55 482	108 254	307 600	242 183	242 183	100 797	124 403	136 764
Cash + investments at the yr end less appl	18(1)b	2	(2 080)	32 954	66 748	6 836	150 012	150 012	114 742	202 811	205 697
Cash year end/monthly employee/supplier		3	2.0	3.1	5.5	14.6	11.0	11.0	4.6	5.5	5.8
Surplus/(Deficit) excluding depreciation off		4	254 457	209 046	206 075	36 527	61 425	61 425	22 241	39 056	41 316
Service charge rev % change - macro CPI		3	N.A.	(4.4%)	9.9%	7.2%	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(6.2%)	7.5%	7.8%
Cash receipts % of Ratepayer & Other rev		1	3.6%	3.8%	3.6%	66.1%	104.6%	104.6%	67.5%	61.7%	56.3%
Debt impairment expense as a % of total be Capital payments % of capital expenditure	{ ' ' ' '	3	21.1% 0.0%	57.1% 0.0%	57.1% 0.0%	34.2% 0.0%	34.2% 3.9%	34.2% 3.9%	32.1% 100.0%	29.5% 100.0%	27.0% 100.0%
Borrowing receipts % of capital expenditure	1 ' ' '	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Grants % of Govt. legislated/gazetted allog		3	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Current consumer debtors % change - incr	1	1	N.A.	(42.1%)	(20.4%)	(250.8%)	(179.8%)	0.0%	1.8%	(0.9%)	14.6%
Long term receivables % change - incr(dec	1	1	N.A.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
R&M % of Property Plant & Equipment	20(1)(vi	13	0.7%	2.1%	1.8%	3.2%	3.8%	3.8%	3.5%	3.6%	3.5%
Asset renewal % of capital budget	20(1)(vi	14	61.1%	63.7%	63.6%	0.0%	3.8%	3.8%	6.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Supporting indicators											
% incr total service charges (incl prop rates,	18(1)a			1.6%	15.9%	13.2%	0.0%	0.0%	(0.2%)	13.5%	13.8%
% incr Property Tax	18(1)a			6.6%	16.3%	12.6%	0.0%	0.0%	(11.1%)	12.0%	15.3%
% incr Service charges - electricity revenue	18(1)a			(4.9%)	22.7%	13.2%	0.0%	0.0%	15.8%	15.0%	13.2%
% incr Service charges - water revenue	18(1)a			0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
% incr Service charges - sanitation revenue	18(1)a			0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
% incr Service charges - refuse revenue	18(1)a			(0.5%)	(6.0%)	16.6%	0.0%	0.0%	3.6%	14.7%	9.3%
% incr in	18(1)a		74.074	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total billable revenue	18(1)a		71 674	72 854	84 413	95 555	95 555	95 555	95 404	108 284	123 267 123 267
Service charges Property rates			71 674 37 601	72 854 40 080	84 413 46 606	95 555 52 479	95 555 52 479	95 555 52 479	95 404 46 642	108 284 52 239	60 255
Service charges - electricity revenue			25 622	24 368	29 909	33 865	33 865	33 865	39 216	45 099	51 042
Service charges - water revenue			20 022	_	_	-	-	-	- 00 210	-0000	-
Service charges - sanitation revenue			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service charges - refuse removal			8 450	8 406	7 898	9 211	9 211	9 211	9 546	10 947	11 970
Service charges - other			_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
Rental of facilities and equipment			333	170	204	280	180	180	130	135	141
Capital expenditure excluding capital grant fu			101 520	98 950	102 903	24 706	46 511	46 511	37 380	5 000	6 500
Cash receipts from ratepayers	18(1)a	1	3 199	3 407	3 598	76 957	109 238	109 238	70 092	72 260	74 606
Ratepayer & Other revenue	18(1)a	,	89 333	89 427	99 116	116 490	104 390	104 390	103 874	117 110	132 481
Change in consumer debtors (current and no	1	1 ′	(32 054)	(38 229)	(10 726)	#######	1	8 509	114 515 235 710	(443)	7 417 249 659
Operating and Capital Grant Revenue Capital expenditure - total	18(1)a 20(1)(vi	,	181 784 248 533	194 661 237 694	190 915 254 468	225 553 59 655	274 102 93 192	274 102 93 192	73 920	249 753 43 042	46 136
Capital experiature - total Capital expenditure - renewal	20(1)(vi 20(1)(vi	,	151 950	151 515	161 826	J9 033 —	3 520	3 520	4 700	43 042	40 130
·		ĺ	101 000	101010	101 020		0 020	0 020	1700		
Supporting benchmarks Crowth guideline maximum			6.00/	6.09/	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.00/	6.0%	6.0%	6.00/
Growth guideline maximum CPI guideline			6.0% 4.3%	6.0% 3.9%	4.6%	5.0%	5.0%	6.0% 5.0%	5.4%	5.6%	6.0% 5.4%
DoRA operating grants total MFY			4.370	3.976	4.076	3.076	3.076	J.U /6	J.4 /6	3.076	J.476
DoRA capital grants total MFY											
Provincial operating grants											
Provincial capital grants											
District Municipality grants											
Total gazetted/advised national, provincial a		ict (rants						_	_	-
Average annual collection rate (arrears inclu-	sive) 									***************************************	
DoRA operating			1	1		1	3				
List operating grants											
DeBA conite!									_	_	_
DoRA capital List capital grants											
List Suprial grants											
									_	_	_

KZN291 Mandeni Supporting Table SA10		Ĭ	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curra	nt Year 20	20/21	2021/2	22 Medium	Term
	MFMA	ef	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	120/21	Reveni	ue & Expe	nditure
Description	sectio n		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget		Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
<u>Trend</u>	•		•		•						
Change in consumer debtors (current and no	n-curre	nt)	(32 054)	(38 229)	, ,	. ,	114 515	(443)	_	_	_
Total Operating Revenue			268 661	249 404	292 810	311 336	338 276	338 276	309 163	333 979	347 889
Total Operating Expenditure			233 235	258 420	283 370	309 016	321 217	321 217	323 462	332 965	346 208
Operating Performance Surplus/(Deficit)	<u> </u>		35 427	(9 016)	9 440	2 319	17 058	17 058	(14 299)	1 014	1 680
Cash and Cash Equivalents (30 June 201	2)								100 797		
Revenue				(7.00/)	47 40/	0.00/	0.70/	0.00/	(0.00()	0.00/	4.00/
% Increase in Total Operating Revenue				(7.2%)	17.4%	6.3%	8.7%	0.0%	(8.6%)	8.0%	4.2%
% Increase in Property Rates Revenue				6.6%	16.3%	12.6%	0.0%	0.0%	(11.1%)	12.0%	15.3%
% Increase in Electricity Revenue				(4.9%)	22.7%	13.2%	0.0%	0.0%	15.8%	15.0%	13.2%
% Increase in Property Rates & Services Cl	narges			1.6%	15.9%	13.2%	0.0%	0.0%	(0.2%)	13.5%	13.8%
Expenditure				10.00/	0.70/	0.10/	2 00/	0.00/	0.70/	2.00/	4.00/
% Increase in Total Operating Expenditure				10.8%	9.7%	9.1%	3.9%	0.0%	0.7%	2.9%	4.0%
% Increase in Employee Costs				9.6%	18.3%	10.4%	0.0%	0.0%	(2.0%)	4.2%	4.4%
% Increase in Electricity Bulk Purchases	itian (D.			38.3%	13.9%	11.9%	4.1%	0.0%	15.6%	4.2%	4.4%
Average Cost Per Budgeted Employee Pos		emu 	neration)		381993.9 378529.4	395816.6			386448 418372		
Average Cost Per Councillor (Remuneration	I) 		0.70/	2 10/		402492.6	2 00/	2 00/		2.60/	2 50/
R&M % of PPE			0.7%	2.1%	1.8%	3.2%	3.8%	3.8%	3.5%	3.6%	3.5%
Asset Renewal and R&M as a % of PPE	_		44.0%	42.0%	46.0%	7.0%	12.0%	12.0%	9.0%	8.0%	9.0%
Debt Impairment % of Total Billable Revenu	le T		21.1%	57.1%	57.1%	34.2%	34.2%	34.2%	32.1%	29.5%	27.0%
Capital Revenue			00.040	05.070	00.000	04.700	40 544	40 544	27 200	F 000	0.500
Internally Funded & Other (R'000)			96 312	95 070	99 023 3 881	24 706	46 511	46 511	37 380	5 000	6 500
Borrowing (R'000) Grant Funding and Other (R'000)			5 207 147 014	3 881 138 744	151 564	34 949	- 46 682	- 46 682	26 5 40	20.042	39 636
` ,	 		_	1	8			i	36 540	38 042	{
Internally Generated funds % of Non Grant F	-unaing I		94.9%	96.1%	96.2%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Borrowing % of Non Grant Funding			5.1%	3.9%	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Grant Funding % of Total Funding Capital Expenditure			59.2%	58.4%	59.6%	58.6%	50.1%	50.1%	49.4%	88.4%	85.9%
Total Capital Programme (R'000)			248 533	237 694	254 468	59 655	93 192	93 192	73 920	43 042	46 136
Asset Renewal			209 104	201 738	223 616	26 042	45 352	45 352	39 131	27 892	39 636
Asset Renewal % of Total Capital Expenditu	lro.		84.1%	84.9%	87.9%	43.7%	45 352	48.7%	52.9%	64.8%	85.9%
Cash			04.170	04.570	01.370	43.7 /0	40.7 /0	40.7 /6	J2.970	04.076	05.570
Cash Receipts % of Rate Payer & Other			3.6%	3.8%	3.6%	66.1%	104.6%	104.6%	67.5%	61.7%	56.3%
Cash Coverage Ratio			0.070	0.070	0.070	00.170	0	0	07.570	01.770	00.070
Borrowing			- 0	U	- 0	0	- 0		-	0	U
									•		
Credit Rating (2009/10)			(0.70()	(0.50()	0.00/	0.00/	0.007	0.00/	0	0.007	0.00/
Capital Charges to Operating	l		(0.7%)	(0.5%)	0.0%	0.6%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Borrowing Receipts % of Capital Expenditure	e I		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Reserves Surplus/(Deficit)			(2.000)	22 OE 4	66 740	6 026	150.010	150 012	111710	202 011	205 607
Surplus/(Deficit)			(2 080)	32 954	66 748	6 836	150 012	150 012	114 742	202 811	205 697
Free Services Free Basic Services as a % of Equitable Sh			0.0%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
Free Services as a % of Operating	are 		0.0%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
Revenue											
			1 20/	0.69/	0.00/	10 50/	12 00/	12 00/	15 10/	14.00/	10.70/
(excl operational transfers)			1.2%	9.6%	0.0%	12.5%	13.8%	13.8%	15.1%	14.0%	12.7%
High Level Outcome of Funding Complian	<u>ice</u>										
Total Operating Revenue			268 661	249 404	292 810	311 336	338 276	338 276	309 163	333 979	347 889
Total Operating Expenditure			233 235	258 420	283 370	309 016	321 217	321 217	323 462	332 965	346 208
Surplus/(Deficit) Budgeted Operating Staten	nent		35 427	(9 016)	9 440	2 319	17 058	17 058	(14 299)	1 014	1 680
Surplus/(Deficit) Considering Reserves and	Cash B	acki	(2 080)	32 954	66 748	6 836	150 012	150 012	114 742	202 811	205 697
MTREF Funded (1) / Unfunded (0)		15	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
MTREF Funded ü / Unfunded û		15	û	ü	ü	ü	ü	ü	ü	ü	ü

2.9.5.1 Cash/cash equivalent position

The Municipality's forecast cash position was discussed as part of the budgeted cash flow statement. A 'positive' cash position, for each year of the MTREF would generally be a minimum requirement, subject to the planned application of these funds such as cash-backing of reserves and working capital requirements.

If the municipality's forecast cash position is positive, for any year of the medium term budget, the budget is very unlikely to meet MFMA requirements or be sustainable and could indicate a risk of non-compliance with section 45 of the MFMA which deals with the repayment of short term debt at the end of the financial year. The forecasted cash and cash equivalents for the 2021/22 MTREF shows R94.3 million, R149.1 million and R148.5 million for each respective financial year.

2.9.5.2 Cash plus investments less application of funds

The purpose of this measure is to understand how the municipality has applied the available cash and investments as identified in the budgeted cash flow statement. The detail reconciliation of the cash backed reserves/surpluses is contained in Table 20, on page 39. The reconciliation is intended to be a relatively simple methodology for understanding the budgeted amount of cash and investments available with any planned or required applications to be made. This has been extensively discussed above.

2.9.5.3 Monthly average payments covered by cash or cash equivalents

The purpose of this measure is to understand the level of financial risk should the municipality be under stress from a collection and cash in-flow perspective. Regardless of the annual cash position an evaluation should be made of the ability of the Municipality to meet monthly payments as and when they fall due. It is especially important to consider the position should the municipality be faced with an unexpected disaster that threatens revenue collection such as rate boycotts. Notably, the ratio has been increasing steadily for the period 2020/21 to 2023/24, moving from 2.3 to 1.7 with the adopted 2021/22 & MTREF. As part of the 2021/22 MTREF the municipalities improving cash position causes the ratio to move upwards to 7.1 and then increase slightly to 8.1 for the outer years. As indicated above the Municipality aims to achieve at least one month's cash coverage in the medium term, and then gradually move towards two months' coverage. This measure will have to be carefully monitored going forward.

2.9.5.4 Surplus/deficit excluding depreciation offsets

The main purpose of this measure is to understand if the revenue levels are sufficient to conclude that the community is making a sufficient contribution for the municipal resources consumed each year. An 'adjusted' surplus/deficit is achieved by offsetting the amount of depreciation related to externally funded assets. Municipalities need to assess the result of this calculation taking into consideration its own circumstances and levels of backlogs. If the outcome is a deficit, it may indicate that rates and service charges are insufficient to ensure that the community is making a sufficient contribution toward the economic benefits they are consuming over the medium term.

It needs to be noted that a surplus does not necessarily mean that the budget is funded from a cash flow perspective and the first two measures in the table are therefore critical.

2.9.5.5 Property Rates/service charge revenue as a percentage increase less macro inflation target

The purpose of this measure is to understand whether the municipality is contributing appropriately to the achievement of national inflation targets. This measure is based on the increase in 'revenue', which will include both the change in the tariff as well as any assumption about real growth such as new property development, services consumption growth etc.

The factor is calculated by deducting the maximum macro-economic inflation target increase (which is currently 3 - 6 per cent). The result is intended to be an approximation of the real increase in revenue. From the table above it can be seen that the percentage growth totals 0.1, 1.9 and 0.2 per cent for the respective financial year of the 2021/22 MTREF. Considering the lowest percentage tariff increase in relation to revenue generated from rates is 5 per cent and services charges are 5 per cent, with the increase in electricity at 14.59 per cent it is to be expected that the increase in revenue will exceed the inflation target figures. However, the outcome is lower than it might be due to the slowdown in the economy and a reduction in consumption patterns. This trend will have to be carefully monitored and managed with the implementation of the budget.

2.9.5.6 Cash receipts as a percentage of ratepayer and other revenue

This factor is a macro measure of the rate at which funds are 'collected'. This measure is intended to analyse the underlying assumed collection rate for the MTREF to determine the relevance and credibility of the budget assumptions contained in the budget. It can be seen that the outcome is at 108,111 and 114 per cent for each of the respective financial years. Given that the assumed collection rate was based on 60 per cent performance target, the cash flow statement has been conservatively determined. In addition, the risks associated with objections to the valuation roll need to be clarified and hence the conservative approach, also taking into consideration the cash flow challenges experienced in the current financial year. This measure and performance objective will have to be meticulously managed. Should performance with the mid-year review and adjustments be positive in relation to actual collections of billed revenue, the adjustments budget will be amended accordingly.

2.9.5.7 Debt impairment expense as a percentage of billable revenue

This factor measures whether the provision for debt impairment is being adequately funded and is based on the underlying assumption that the provision for debt impairment (doubtful and bad debts) has to be increased to offset under-collection of billed revenues. The provision has been appropriated at 9.4, 9.4 and 9.4 per cent over the MTREF. Considering the debt incentive scheme and the municipality's revenue management strategy's objective to collect outstanding debtors of 90 days, the provision is well within the accepted leading practice.

2.9.5.8 Capital payments percentage of capital expenditure

The purpose of this measure is to determine whether the timing of payments has been taken into consideration when forecasting the cash position. It can be seen that a 2 per cent timing discount has been factored into the cash position forecasted over the entire financial year. The municipality aims to keep this as low as possible through strict compliance with the legislative requirement that creditors be paid within 30 days.

2.9.5.9 Borrowing as a percentage of capital expenditure (excluding transfers, grants and contributions)

The purpose of this measurement is to determine the proportion of a municipality's 'own-funded' capital expenditure budget that is being funded from borrowed funds to confirm MFMA compliance. Externally funded expenditure (by transfers/grants and contributions) has been be excluded. It can be seen that borrowing equates to 0 per cent of own funded capital. Further details relating to the borrowing strategy of the Municipality can be found on page 57.

2.9.5.10 Transfers/grants revenue as a percentage of Government transfers/grants available

The purpose of this measurement is mainly to ensure that all available transfers from national and provincial government have been budgeted for. A percentage less than 100 per cent could indicate that not all grants as contained in the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) have been budgeted for. The Municipality has budgeted for all transfers.

2.9.5.11 Consumer debtors change (Current and Non-current)

The purposes of these measures are to ascertain whether budgeted reductions in outstanding debtors are realistic. There are 2 measures shown for this factor; the change in current debtors and the change in long term receivables, both from the Budgeted Financial Position. Both measures show a relatively stable trend in line with the Municipality's policy of settling debtor's accounts within 30 days.

2.9.5.12 Repairs and maintenance expenditure level

This measure must be considered important within the context of the funding measures criteria because a trend that indicates insufficient funds are being committed to asset repair could also indicate that the overall budget is not credible and/or sustainable in the medium to long term because the revenue budget is not being protected. Details of the Municipality's strategy pertaining to asset management and repairs and maintenance are contained in Table 50 MBRR SA34C on page 100.

2.9.5.13 Asset renewal/rehabilitation expenditure level

This measure has a similar objective to aforementioned objective relating to repairs and maintenance. A requirement of the detailed capital budget (since MFMA Circular 28 which was issued in December 2005) is to categorise each capital project as a new asset or a renewal/rehabilitation project. The objective is to summarise and understand the proportion of budgets being provided for new assets and also asset sustainability. A declining or low level of renewal funding may indicate that a budget is not credible and/or sustainable and future revenue is not being protected, similar to the justification for 'repairs and maintenance' budgets. Further details in this regard are contained in Table 49 MBRR SA34b on page 99.

2.10 Expenditure on grants and reconciliations of unspent funds

Table 37 MBRR SA19 - Expenditure on transfers and grant programmes

Department	_	0047/46	004044	0040/00	<u></u>	V 00	200/04	2021/2	22 Medium	Term
Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	nt Year 20	20/21	Revenu	ue & Expe	nditure
		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Voor	Budget	Budget	Budget
R thousand			Outcome		Budget	Budget	Forecast	Year	Year +1	Year +2
EXPENDITURE:	1							2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Operating expenditure of Transfe	rs	and Grants	<u> </u>							
National Government:		148 377	157 762	181 862	194 117	234 561	234 561	202 167	214 288	213 600
Local Government Equitable Sh	are		146 821	167 483	181 342	218 402	218 402	191 149	203 436	201 664
Finance Management		1 900	1 900	1 900	1 900	2 346	2 346	1 850	1 850	1 850
EPWP Incentive	n D	2 285	2 255 6 786	2 234 9 500	2 387 6 000	2 387 8 545	2 387 8 545	2 435 4 872	7 000	8 000
Integrated National Electrification Municipal Infrastructure Grant(P			0 700	9 300	1 743	1 743	1 743	1 861	2 002	2 086
Disaster Releif Grant COVID 19		/		745	745	1 138	1 138	1 001	2 002	2 000
Other transfers/grants [insert d		ription]								
Provincial Government:		3 627	5 640	2 493	3 636	4 027	4 027	3 044	4 423	4 423
Community Library Services Gra		2 480	3 581	1 228	2 714	2 714	2 714	1 315	1 477	1 477
Provincialization of Government	t	1 147	1 510	515	515	515	515	1 729	2 946	2 946
		_	_ 50	_	_	_	_	_	_	
		_	500	_		_	_	_	_	
Spetial Development Framewor	k S	upport		750						
Single Landuse Scheme						491	491			
Tittle deeds restoration program	ıme	; [407	307	307			
District Municipality:		_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
[insert description]										

Other grant providers:		_		_	_	_	_	_	_	
[insert description]										
Total operating expenditure of Tr	ans	152 004	163 402	184 355	197 753	238 588	238 588	205 211	218 711	218 023
Capital expenditure of Transfers	anc	Grants								
National Government:		40 838	39 577	33 954	33 408	41 377	41 377	35 371	35 230	35 146
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (I	MIG		34 706	33 954	33 408	41 377	41 377	35 371	35 230	35 146
Neighbourhood Development P			4 871	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Other capital transfers/grants [i	nse	ert descl								
Provincial Government:		_	_	1 131	800	2 990	2 990	1 170	_	_
		_	_	1 131	800	2 990	2 990	1 170		
Provincialization of Libraries										
Provincialization of Libraries		1			_	_	_	_	-	_
District Municipality:		_	<u>-</u>							
		_			*******************************					
District Municipality: [insert description]				_	_		_	_	_	_
District Municipality:				_	_	_	_	_	_	
District Municipality: [insert description] Other grant providers:	sfei		39 577	- 35 085	- 34 208	- 44 367	44 367	- 36 541	- 35 230	35 146

Table 38 MBRR SA 20 - Reconciliation between of transfers, grant receipts and unspent funds

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Table SA	20	Reconcilia	tion of tra	nsfers, gra	nt receipts	s and unsp	ent funds			
		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		ent Year 20			22 Medium ue & Expe	
R thousand			Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	} -	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Operating transfers and grants: National Government:	1,3									
Balance unspent at beginning of the year	ar.		616							
Current year receipts	aı	148 377	157 762	181 862	194 117	234 561	234 561	202 167	214 288	213 600
Conditions met - transferred to reven	IIIE		158 378	181 862	194 117	234 561	234 561	202 167	214 288	213 600
Conditions still to be met - transferred to			100 070	101 002	107 111	20+001	207 001	202 101	217200	210 000
Provincial Government:	·									
Balance unspent at beginning of the year	ar		1 234							
Current year receipts		2 480	5 282	3 488	3 636	4 027	4 027	3 044	4 423	4 423
Conditions met - transferred to reven	ue	2 480	6 516	3 488	3 636	4 027	4 027	3 044	4 423	4 423
Conditions still to be met - transferred to	o li	abilities								
District Municipality:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year	ar									
Current year receipts										
Conditions met - transferred to reven					_	_	_	_	_	_
Conditions still to be met - transferred to	O II	abilities								
Other grant providers:	~ r									
Balance unspent at beginning of the year Current year receipts	1 1									
Conditions met - transferred to reven	IIIA		_			_	_	_		
Conditions still to be met - transferred to				_		_	_			
Total operating transfers and grants rev			164 894	185 350	197 753	238 588	238 588	205 211	218 711	218 023
Total operating transfers and grants - C		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
National Government:	1,3						000000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Balance unspent at beginning of the year	ar	40.000			00.400	44.0==	44.0==		o= ooo	0= 440
Current year receipts		40 838	39 577	33 954	33 408	41 377	41 377	35 371	35 230	35 146
Conditions met - transferred to reven			39 577	33 954	33 408	41 377	41 377	35 371	35 230	35 146
Conditions still to be met - transferred to Provincial Government:	O II	abilities								
Balance unspent at beginning of the year	ar.									
Current year receipts	aı			1 131	800	2 990	2 990	1 170	_	_
Conditions met - transferred to reven	IIIE		_	1 131	800	2 990	2 990	1 170		
Conditions still to be met - transferred to				1 101		2 000	2 000			
District Municipality:	•									
Balance unspent at beginning of the year	ar									
Current year receipts										
Conditions met - transferred to reven	ue	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Conditions still to be met - transferred to	o li	abilities								
Other grant providers:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year	ar									
Current year receipts										
Conditions met - transferred to reven			_		_	_	_	-	_	_
Conditions still to be met - transferred to	0000000000	yononononononononononon		05.005	04.000	44.00	44.00	00 - 11	AF	
Total capital transfers and grants reven		40 838	39 577	35 085	34 208	44 367	44 367	36 541	35 230	35 146
Total capital transfers and grants - CTB	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
TOTAL TRANSFERS AND GRANTS RETOTAL TRANSFERS AND GRANTS - C			204 471 -	220 434 -	231 961	282 955 -	282 955 -	241 752 -	253 941 -	253 169 -

2.11 Councilors and employee benefits
Table 39 MBRR SA22 - Summary of councilor and staff benefits

Table 39 MBRR SA22 - S KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Ta										
Summary of Employee and Councillor remuneration		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		ent Year 20	20/21		22 Medium ue & Expe	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome		Original Budget	Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
O III (D - liti Offi D	1	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
Councillors (Political Office Beard Basic Salaries and Wages Pension and UIF Contributions Medical Aid Contributions Motor Vehicle Allowance Cellphone Allowance Housing Allowances	ers_	9 045 9 045 - - 1 418 1 425 778	9 422 - 1 413 1 423 765	9 848 - - 1 299 1 420 681	10 462 - 1 388 1 514 724	10 462 - 1 388 1 514 724	10 462 - 1 388 1 514 724	11 225 - - 1 279 1 455 684	11 696 - - 1 333 1 516 713	12 211 - - 1 392 1 583 744
Other benefits and allowances Sub Total - Councillors % increase	4	12 666	13 023 2.8%	13 249 1.7%	14 087 6.3%	14 087	14 087	14 643 3.9%	15 258 4.2%	15 929 4.4%
Senior Managers of the Municipa	2									
Basic Salaries and Wages Pension and UIF Contributions Medical Aid Contributions		3 256 12 307	3 609 10 -	4 964 10 1	5 526 11 -	5 526 11 –	5 526 11 -	5 823 11 -	6 067 11 –	6 334 12 –
Overtime		_	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
Performance Bonus Motor Vehicle Allowance Cellphone Allowance Housing Allowances	3 3	18 839 135 118	705 165 110	719 181 134	785 186 114	785 186 114	785 186 114	408 737 186 264	425 768 194 275	443 802 202 287
Other benefits and allowances Payments in lieu of leave	3	0 -	1 –	1 –	1 	1 –	1	1 –	1 –	_ 2
Long service awards Post-retirement benefit obligation	6	_ _	_ 815	_ 1 510	_		_	_	_ _	_
Sub Total - Senior Managers of M % increase	lun 4	4 685	5 416 15.6%	7 520 38.9%	6 623 (11.9%)	6 623 -	6 623 -	7 430 12.2%	7 742 4.2%	8 082 4.4%
Other Municipal Staff										
Basic Salaries and Wages Pension and UIF Contributions Medical Aid Contributions Overtime		55 495 7 741 3 600	56 448 8 770 3 952	64 144 9 871 5 193	67 170 10 895 5 310	67 170 10 895 5 310	67 170 10 895 5 310	70 949 10 755 3 949	73 929 11 207 4 115	77 182 11 700 4 296
Performance Bonus		203	3 530	4 090	3 866	3 866	3 866	5 174	5 391	5 628
Motor Vehicle Allowance	3	3 686	3 959	3 874	4 510	4 510	4 510	4 364	4 547	4 747
Cellphone Allowance Housing Allowances	3	442 246	473 379	449 278	485 297	485 297	485 297	465 258	485 268	506 280
Other benefits and allowances	3	1 227	1 434	1 395	5 382	5 382	5 382	976	1 017	1 062
Payments in lieu of leave		_	_	3 421	5 500	5 500	5 500	3 500	3 647	3 807
Long service awards Post-retirement benefit obligation	6	(400)	(80)	260 (795)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sub Total - Other Municipal Staff		72 240	78 865	92 181		103 414	103 414			
% increase	4		9.2%	16.9%	12.2%	_	_	(2.9%)	4.2%	4.4%
Total Parent Municipality		89 591	97 303	112 949	124 124	124 124	124 124	122 462	127 605	133 220
			8.6%	16.1%	9.9%	_	-	(1.3%)	4.2%	4.4%
TOTAL SALARY,							Vanananananan			
ALLOWANCES & BENEFITS		89 591	97 303	112 949	124 124	124 124	124 124	122 462	127 605	133 220
% increase	4	70.000	8.6%	16.1%	9.9%	- 440.007	- 440 007	(1.3%)		4.4%
TOTAL MANAGERS AND STAFF	5,7	76 926	84 280	99 700	110 037	110 037	110 037	107 819	112 347	117 291

Table 40 MBRR SA23 - Salaries, allowances and benefits (political office

bearers/councilors/ senior managers)

Disclosure of Salaries, Allowances &	Re		Salary		Allowances	Performanc	In-kind	Total
Benefits 1.	116	No.	-	Contribution		e Bonuses	benefits	Package
Rand per annum		1101		1.				2.
<u>Councillors</u>	3							
Speaker	4	1	726 566		40 800			767 36
Chief Whip Executive Mayor		2	230 437 844 903		70 800 40 800			301 23 885 70
Deputy Executive Mayor		4	726 566		40 800			767 36
Executive Committee		5	2 086 950		597 708			2 684 65
Total for all other councillors		J	6 609 152	7 708	2 627 541			9 244 40
Total Councillors	8	15	11 224 575	7 708	3 418 449			14 650 73
Senior Managers of the Municipality	5							
Municipal Manager (MM)			1 136 210	14 661	224 307	79 535		1 454 71
Chief Finance Officer			656 645	12 190	186 049	45 965		900 84
								_
								-
List of souls office builty works were								
List of each offical with packages >= senior	maı	nagei		10.710	20,000	70,000		4 045 07
Director: Corporte Services Director: EDPHS			1 095 663 1 095 663	12 710 12 354	30 000 208 215	76 696 76 696		1 215 07 1 392 92
Director: Infrastructure and Technical Servi	ار		743 066	12 354	364 215	52 015		1 171 55
Director: Community Services			1 095 663	12 422	174 255	76 696		1 359 03
Direction Community Contract			1 000 000		200			-
								_
	L.						***************************************	_
Total Senior Managers of the Municipality	3,10	! –	5 822 910	76 594	1 187 043	407 604	***************************************	7 494 15
A Haading for Fook Futitu	C 7							
A Heading for Each Entity List each member of board by designation	6,7							
List each member of board by designation								_
								_
								_
Total for municipal entities	3,10	!	_	-	_	-		_
TOTAL COST OF COUNCILLOR,								
DIRECTOR and EXECUTIVE	10	15	17 047 485	84 301	4 605 492	407 604		22 144 88
REMUNERATION								

Table 41 MBRR SA24 – Summary of personnel numbers

Summary of Personnel Numbers	Ref		2019/20		Curre	ent Year 20	20/21	Budg	et Year 20)21/22
Number	1,2	Position s	Permane nt employe es	Contract employe es	Position S	Permane nt employe es	Contract employe es	Position s	Permane nt employe es	Contract employe es
Municipal Council and Boards of Munici	oal E	ntities								
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus	Oth	35	9	26	35	5	30	35	5	30
Board Members of municipal entities	4									
Municipal employees	5	_								
Municipal Manager and Senior Managers	3	6		6	6		6	6		6
Other Managers	7	16	15	1	18	17	1	18	17	1
Professionals		108	86	22	111	86	25	112	87	25
Finance		29	24	5	32	23	9	32	23	9
Spatial/town planning		12	12		12	12		12	12	
Information Technology		5	4	1	4	4		4	4	
Roads		9	4	5	9	4	5	10	5	5
Electricity		5	5		5	5		5	5	
Water										
Sanitation										
Refuse		40	29	11	40	29	11	40	29	11
Other		8	8		9	9		9	9	
Technicians		15	15	_	20	16	4	20	7 16	4
Finance										
Spatial/town planning										
Information Technology										
Roads										
Electricity										
Water										
Sanitation										
Refuse										
Other		15	15		20	16	4	20	16	4
Clerks (Clerical and administrative)		25	25		25	25		25	25	
Service and sales workers										
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers										
Craft and related trades										
Plant and Machine Operators		21	21		21	21		21	21	
Elementary Occupations		70	70		77	77		77	77	
TOTAL PERSONNEL NUMBERS	9	296	241	55	313	247	66	314	248	66
% increase					5.7%	2.5%	20.0%	0.3%	0.4%	-
Total municipal employees headcount	5. 10	,								
Finance personnel headcount	3. 10		24	5	32	23	9	32	23	9
Human Resources personnel headcount			217	50	281	224	57	282	225	57

2.12 Monthly targets for revenue, expenditure and cash flow

Table 42 MBRR SA25 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure

Description F	₹e					В	udget Ye	ear 2021/2	2						Term Reve diture Fran	
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	Novem ber	Decemb er	January	Februar y	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Revenue By Source Property rates Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue	ле	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	3 887 3 268	46 642 39 216	52 239 45 099	60 255 51 042
Service charges - sanitation revenue Service charges - refuse revenue	ue	_ 796	_ 796	_ 796	_ 796	_ 796	_ 796	_ 796	_ 796	_ 796	_ 796	_ 796	_ 796	9 546	_ 10 947	_ 11 970
Rental of facilities and equipment Interest earned - external investment Interest earned - outstanding debto Dividends received		11 413 562	11 413 562	11 413 562	11 413 562	11 413 562	11 413 562	11 413 562	11 413 562	11 413 562	11 413 562	11 413 562	11 413 562	130 4 950 6 740	135 5 158 7 023	141 5 385 7 332
Fines, penalties and forfeits Licences and permits Agency services		22 58	22 58	22 58	22 58	22 58	22 58	22 58 –	22 58 –	22 58	22 58 –	22 58 –	22 58 –	265 695	276 724	288 756
Transfers and subsidies Other revenue Gains		16 695 53	16 695 53	16 695 53	16 695 53	16 695 53	16 695 53	16 695 53	16 695 53	16 695 53	16 695 53	16 695 53	16 695 53	200 340 640	211 711 667	210 023 696
Total Revenue (excluding capital t	ra	25 764	25 764	25 764	25 764	25 764	25 764	25 764	25 764	25 764	25 764	25 764	25 764	309 163	333 979	347 889
Expenditure By Type																
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation & asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases - electricity Inventory consumed		8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	8 985 1 220 2 553 2 727 33 2 929 191	107 819 14 643 30 635 32 726 400 35 143 2 288	112 304 15 258 31 922 33 751 328 36 619 2 156	117 192 15 929 33 326 34 001 320 38 231 2 255
Contracted services Transfers and subsidies Other expenditure Losses		4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	4 727 157 3 434	56 718 1 883 41 206	56 945 1 918 41 764	59 478 1 999 43 476
Total Expenditure	Ī	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	323 462	332 965	346 208
Surplus/(Deficit) Transfers and subsidies - capital		(1 192)	(1 192)	(1 192)	(1 192)	(1 192)	(1 192)	(1 192)	(1 192)	(1 192)	(1 192)	(1 192)	(1 192)	(14 299)	1 014	1 680
(monetary allocations) (National I ransters and subsidies - capital		2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	35 370	38 042	39 636
(monetary allocations) (National / Provincial Departmental																
Agencies, Households, Non-																
profit Institutions, Private Transfers and subsidies - capital (in	n-ŀ	– 98	– 98	– 98	_ 98	– 98	– 98	– 98	– 98	98	– 98	– 98	– 98	1 170		_
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital		1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	22 241	39 056	41 316
transfers & contributions Taxation Attributable to minorities		- -	_	_	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of		and the same of th														
associate	1	- 1 853	- 1 853	- 1 853	1 853	- 1 853	1 052	- 1 853	- 1 052	1 853	- 1 853	- 1 853	- 1 853	22 244	- 39 056	- 44 246
Surplus/(Deficit)	1	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	22 241	39 056	41 316

Table 43 MBRR SA26 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (municipal vote)

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Table																
Description Re			.	,		-	Budget Ye		•						Term Reve	
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	Novem ber	Decemb er	January	Februar y	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Revenue by Vote				0=4				0=4		0=4	a=.					
Vote 1 - Executive and council		651 19 980	651	651 19 980	651 19 980	7 806 239 755	8 048	8 362								
Vote 2 - Finance and administration Vote 3 - Internal audit		19 900	19 900	19 900	19 900	19 900	19 900	19 900	19 900	19 900	19 980	19 900	19 900	239 733	257 729	264 023
Vote 4 - Community and social servi	/id	364	364	364	364	364	364	364	364	364	364	364	364	4 364	4 579	4 586
Vote 5 - Sport and Recreation		_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
Vote 6 - Public safety		-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Vote 7 - Housing		-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Vote 8 - Planning and Development		3 319	3 319	3 319	3 319	3 319	3 319	3 319	3 3 1 9	3 319	3 319	3 319	3 319	39 832	40 216	41 901
Vote 9 - Road transport		79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	950	990	1 033
Vote 10 - Energy sources Vote 11 - Waste Management		3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	3 288 1 129	39 454 13 543	45 346 15 112	51 300 16 319
Vote 12 - Environmental Protection		1 129	1 129	1 129	1 129	1 129	1 129	1 129	1 129	1 129	1 129	1 129	1 129	13 343	13 112	10 319
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 15 - NAME OF VOTE 15		-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Revenue by Vote		28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	345 704	372 021	387 524
Expenditure by Vote to be appropria	ate	ed														
Vote 1 - Executive and council		3 995	3 995	3 995	3 995	3 995	3 995	3 995	3 995	3 995	3 995	3 995	3 995	47 939	49 301	51 498
Vote 2 - Finance and administration	1	8 532	8 532	8 532	8 532	8 532	8 532	8 532	8 532	8 532	8 532	8 532	8 532	102 382	105 911	110 263
Vote 3 - Internal audit		128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	1 539	1 604	1 674
Vote 4 - Community and social servi	/10	2 602	2 602	2 602	2 602	2 602	2 602	2 602	2 602	2 602	2 602	2 602	2 602	31 218	31 610	32 252
Vote 5 - Sport and Recreation		1 049 73	1 049	1 049 73	12 592 880	13 007 917	13 539 957									
Vote 6 - Public safety Vote 7 - Housing		2	73	2	2	73	73	2	73	2	2	73	73	20	21	22
Vote 8 - Planning and Development		1 769	1 769	1 769	1 769	1 769	1 769	1 769	1 769	1 769	1 769	1 769	1 769	21 226	21 161	22 122
Vote 9 - Road transport		3 954	3 954	3 954	3 954	3 954	3 954	3 954	3 954	3 954	3 954	3 954	3 954	47 451	48 785	50 625
Vote 10 - Energy sources		3 952	3 952	3 952	3 952	3 952	3 952	3 952	3 952	3 952	3 952	3 952	3 952	47 420	49 348	51 459
Vote 11 - Waste Management		677	677	677	677	677	677	677	677	677	677	677	677	8 125	8 571	8 948
Vote 12 - Environmental Protection		222	222	222	222	222	222	222	222	222	222	222	222	2 669	2 729	2 849
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14] Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Expenditure by Vote		26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	323 462	332 965	346 208
Surplus/(Deficit) before assoc.		1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	22 241	39 056	41 316
Taxation				-	. 555	. 555	-	-	-	. 555	-	-	-		-	
Attributable to minorities		_	_	_		_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of			000													
associate	-	4.050	4.050	4.050	4.050	4.050	4.050	4.050	4 050	4.050	4.050	4.050	4.050		20.050	44 040
Surplus/(Deficit) 1	\perp	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	22 241	39 056	41 316

Table 44 MBRR SA27 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (standard classification)

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Tab																
Description F	Re					E	Budget Ye	ar 2021/2	2						Term Reve diture Fran	
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	Novem ber	Decemb er	January	Februar y	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Revenue - Functional																
Governance and administration Executive and council Finance and administration Internal audit		20 630 651 19 980	20 630 651 19 980 –	20 630 651 19 980	20 630 651 19 980 —	20 630 651 19 980	20 630 651 19 980	20 630 651 19 980	20 630 651 19 980	20 630 651 19 980	20 630 651 19 980	20 630 651 19 980	20 630 651 19 980	247 561 7 806 239 755	265 777 8 048 257 729	272 385 8 362 264 023
Community and public safety Community and social services Sport and recreation		364 364	4 364 4 364	4 579 4 579	4 586 4 586											
Public safety Housing		_ _	_ _	_	_	_		_ _	_ _	_						
Health Economic and environmental se Planning and development Road transport	∍rv	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	3 399 3 319 79	40 782 39 832 950	41 206 40 216 990	42 935 41 901 1 033
Environmental protection Trading services Energy sources Water management	ŀ	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	4 416 3 288	52 997 39 454	60 458 45 346	67 619 51 300
Waste water management Waste management Other		1 129 -	1 129 -	1 1 <u>2</u> 9 –	1 129 -	1 1 <u>2</u> 9 -	13 543 -	15 112 -	16 319 -							
Total Revenue - Functional	ľ	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	28 809	345 704	372 021	387 524
Expenditure - Functional Governance and administration Executive and council Finance and administration Internal audit Community and public safety Community and social services Sport and recreation Public safety Housing Health		12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	12 655 3 995 8 532 128 3 726 2 602 1 049 73 2	151 860 47 939 102 382 1 539 44 710 31 218 12 592 880 20	156 816 49 301 105 911 1 604 45 554 31 610 13 007 917 21	163 435 51 498 110 263 1 674 46 770 32 252 13 539 957 22
Economic and environmental set Planning and development Road transport Environmental protection Trading services Energy sources Water management	∍rv	5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	7 5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	7 5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	5 946 1 769 3 954 222 4 629 3 952	71 347 21 226 47 451 2 669 55 545 47 420	72 675 21 161 48 785 2 729 57 919 49 348	75 597 22 122 50 625 2 849 60 407 51 459
Waste water management Waste management Other		677 —	677 -	677 -	677 -	677 —	677 -	677 -	677 -	677 —	677 -	677 -	677 —	8 125 -	8 571 -	8 948 -
Total Expenditure - Functional		26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	26 955	323 462	332 965	346 208
Surplus/(Deficit) before assoc.		1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	22 241	39 056	41 316
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	1	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	1 853	22 241	39 056	41 316

Table 45 MBRR SA28 - Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (municipal vote)

Description I	Re					В	udget Ye	ear 2021/2	2						Term Reve diture Fran	
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	Nov.	Dec.	January	Feb.	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Multi-year expenditure to be appr	1															
Vote 1 - Executive and council		-	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 2 - Finance and administration	n	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 3 - Internal audit		_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 4 - Community and social set	rvi	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 5 - Sport and Recreation		_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 6 - Public safety		-	- 1	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 7 - Housing		_	- 1	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Vote 8 - Planning and Developmer	nt	-	- 1	_	- 1	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 9 - Road transport		_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 10 - Energy sources		_	- 1	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 11 - Waste Management		_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 12 - Environmental Protection	n	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		_	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Capital multi-year expenditure su	2	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Single-year expenditure to be app	rop	riated														
Vote 1 - Executive and council]	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	20	_	_
Vote 2 - Finance and administration	n	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	5 150	_	_
Vote 3 - Internal audit		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 4 - Community and social sei	rvi	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	10 108	_	_
Vote 5 - Sport and Recreation		480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	5 754	10 150	_
Vote 6 - Public safety		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 7 - Housing		_	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 8 - Planning and Developmer	nt	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	9 985	5 000	6 500
Vote 9 - Road transport		2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	30 703	27 892	39 636
Vote 10 - Energy sources		683	683	683	683	683	683	683	683	683	683	683	683	8 200	_	_
Vote 11 - Waste Management		333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	4 000	_	_
Vote 12 - Environmental Protection	n	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Capital single-year expenditure s	2	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	73 920	43 042	46 136
	2	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	73 920	43 042	46 136

Table 46 MBRR SA29 - Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (standard classification)

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Ta														T		
Description	Re					В	udget Ye	ear 2021/2	2						Term Revo diture Fran	
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	Nov.	Dec.	January	Feb.	March	April	Мау	June	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Capital Expenditure - Functional	1															
Governance and administration	n	431	431	431	431	431	431	431	431	431	431	431	431	5 170	_	-
Executive and council		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	20	_	_
Finance and administration		429	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	429	5 150	_	_
Internal audit		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	- 1	-	_	_	_	_
Community and public safety		1 322	1 322	1 322	1 322	1 322	1 322	1 322	1 322	1 322	1 322	1 322	1 322	15 863	10 150	_
Community and social services		842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	842	10 108	_	_
Sport and recreation		480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	480	5 754	10 150	_
Public safety		_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Housing		_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_
Health		_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Economic and environmental s	erv	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 391	3 391	40 688	32 892	46 136
Planning and development		832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	9 985	5 000	6 500
Road transport		2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	2 559	30 703	27 892	39 636
Environmental protection		_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
Trading services		1 017	1 017	1 017	1 017	1 017	1 017	1 017	1 017	1 017	1 017	1 017	1 017	12 200	_	_
Energy sources		683	683	683	683	683	683	683	683	683	683	683	683	8 200	_	_
Water management		_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Waste water management		_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
Waste management		333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	4 000	_	_
Other		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Capital Expenditure -	2															
Functional	2	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	73 920	43 042	46 136
Funded by:																
National Government		2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	2 948	35 370	38 042	39 636
Provincial Government		98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	1 170	_	_
District Municipality		_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
capital (monetary allocations)																
(National / Provincial																
Departmental Agencies,		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers recognised - capital		3 045	3 045	3 045	3 045	3 045	3 045	3 045	3 045	3 045	3 045	3 045	3 045	36 540	38 042	39 636
Borrowing		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Internally generated funds		3 115	3 115	3 115	3 115	3 115	3 115	3 115	3 115	3 115	3 115	3 115	3 115	37 380	5 000	6 500
Total Capital Funding		6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	73 920	43 042	46 136

Table 47 MBRR SA30 - Budgeted monthly cash flow

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Table SA	30 Buuget	ea monun	y casii iio	vv									Medium	Term Rev	enue and
MONTHLY CASH FLOWS						Budget Ye	ar 2021/22	2						diture Fran	
													Budget	Budget	
R thousand	July	August	Sept.	October	Novemb er	Decembe r	January	February	March	April	May	June	Year 2021/22	Year +1 2022/23	Year +2
Cash Receipts By Source															
Property rates	2 215	2 215	2 215	2 215	2 215	2 215	2 215	2 215	2 215	2 215	2 215	2 215	26 586	26 926	27 277
Service charges - electricity revenue	3 105	3 105	3 105	3 105	3 105	3 105	3 105	3 105	3 105	3 105	3 105	3 105	37 255	38 820	40 528
Service charges - water revenue	-	_	_	l –	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service charges - sanitation revenue	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service charges - refuse revenue	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	4 773	4 974	5 192
Rental of facilities and equipment	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	130	135	141
Interest earned - external investments	424	424	424	424	424	424	424	424	424	424	424	424	5 085	5 298	5 531
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Dividends received	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fines, penalties and forfeits	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	13	14
Licences and permits	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	695	724	756
Agency services	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers and Subsidies - Operational	17 043	17 043	17 043	17 043	17 043	17 043	17 043	17 043	17 043	17 043	17 043	17 043	204 520	216 709	215 937
Other revenue	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	640	667	696
Cash Receipts by Source	23 308	23 308	23 308	23 308	23 308	23 308	23 308	23 308	23 308	23 308	23 308	23 308	279 697	294 267	296 074
Other Cash Flows by Source															
(monetary allocations) (National /															
Provincial and District)	3 103	3 103	3 103	3 103	3 103	3 103	3 103	3 103	3 103	3 103	3 103	3 103	37 232	40 044	41 722
(monetary allocations) (National /															
Provincial Departmental Agencies,															
Households, Non-profit Institutions,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Proceeds on Disposal of Fixed and	-	_	_	_	_	- 1	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Short term loans Borrowing long term/refinancing	_	_	_	_	_		_		_	_	_			_	_
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposit	_		_	_		_	_		_					I I	
Decrease (increase) in non-current received	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Decrease (increase) in non-current inves															
Total Cash Receipts by Source	26 411	26 411	26 411	26 411	26 411	26 411	26 411	26 411	26 411	26 411	26 411	26 411	316 929	334 311	337 796
Cash Payments by Type															
Employee related costs	10 264	10 264	10 264	10 264	10 264	10 264	10 264	10 264	10 264	10 264	10 264	10 264	123 173	128 347	133 994
Remuneration of councillors	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Finance charges	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	400	328	320
Bulk purchases - electricity	2 929	2 929	2 929	2 929	2 929	2 929	2 929	2 929	2 929	2 929	2 929	2 929	35 143	36 619	38 231
Acquisitions - water & other inventory	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	191	2 288	2 156	2 255
Contracted services	4 727	4 727	4 727	4 727	4 727	4 727	4 727	4 727	4 727	4 727	4 727	4 727	56 718	56 945	59 478
Transfers and grants - other municipalitie	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers and grants - other	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	1 883	1 918	1 999
Other expenditure	3 508	3 508	3 508	3 508	3 508	3 508	3 508	3 508	3 508	3 508	3 508	3 508	42 095	41 023	42 703
Cash Payments by Type	21 808	21 808	21 808	21 808	21 808	21 808	21 808	21 808	21 808	21 808	21 808	21 808	261 701	267 335	278 979
Other Cash Flows/Payments by Type															
Capital assets	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	6 160	73 920	43 042	46 136
Repayment of borrowing	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	400	328	320
Other Cash Flows/Payments	_	_	_	-	-	55	_	55	55	_	_	55	-	525	525
Total Cash Payments by Type	28 002	28 002	28 002	28 002	28 002	28 002	28 002	28 002	28 002	28 002	28 002	28 002	336 021	310 705	325 435
				-5002								-5002		1	122 400
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	(1 591)	(1 591)	(1 591)	` ′	(1 591)	(1 591)	(1 591)	` ′	(1 591)	(1 591)	(1 591)	(1 591)	` '	23 606	12 361
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year b		118 298	116 707	115 116	113 525	111 934	110 343	108 752	107 161	105 570	103 979	102 388	119 889	100 797	124 403
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year e	118 298	116 707	115 116	113 525	111 934	110 343	108 752	107 161	105 570	103 979	102 388	100 797	100 797	124 403	136 764

2.13 Contracts having future budgetary implications

In terms of the Municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy, no contracts are awarded beyond the medium-term revenue and expenditure framework (three years). In ensuring adherence to this contractual time frame limitation, all reports submitted to either the Bid Evaluation and Adjudication Committees must obtain formal financial comments from the Financial Management Division of the Treasury Department.

2.14 Capital expenditure details

The following three tables present details of the Municipality's capital expenditure programme, firstly on new assets, then the renewal of assets and finally on the repair and maintenance of assets.

Table 48 MBRR SA 34a - Capital expenditure on new assets by asset class

Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		22 Medium ue & Expe	
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited Outcome	Audited	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year	Budget Year +1	Budget Year +2
Capital expenditure on new asset	b				Duaget	Duaget	1 Orcoust	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	ເຣ ມ									
Infrastructure		3 875	11 958	7 228	1 844	2 400	2 400	2 062		
Roads Infrastructure		164	6 283	7 228	604	200	200	2 062	_	_
Roads		_	6 283	7 228 –	604	200	200	2 062	_	_
Road Structures Road Furniture		_ 164	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Spares		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Storm water Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Drainage Collection		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Storm water Conveyance		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Attenuation		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Electrical Infrastructure		3 711	5 675	_	500	560	560	_	_	_
Power Plants		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
HV Substations		_	_	_	_	60	60	_	_	_
HV Switching Station		-	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
HV Transmission Conductors		_	_	_	-		-	_	_	_
MV Substations		_	_	_	500	500	500	_	_	_
MV Switching Stations MV Networks		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
LV Networks		3 711	- 5 675	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Spares		3/11	5 6/5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Solid Waste Infrastructure		_	_	_	740	1 640	1 640	_		_
Landfill Sites		_	_	_	740	1 040	1 040	_	_	_
Waste Transfer Stations		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste Processing Facilities		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste Drop-off Points		_	_	_	740	1 640	1 640	_	_	_
Waste Separation Facilities		_	_	_	_	_	- 1	_	_	_
Electricity Generation Facilities		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Capital Spares		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Community Assets		17 154	5 598	5 223	21 802	23 373	23 373	18 268	15 150	6 500
Community Facilities		16 853	5 297	4 922	14 872	16 603	16 603	14 903	5 000	6 500
Halls		16 828	5 272	3 470	672	1 698	1 698	7 668	_	_
Centres		25	25	1 451	12 700	13 825	13 825	5 135	5 000	6 500
Crèches		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Theatres		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Libraries		_	_	_	_	_	_	250	_	_
Public Ablution Facilities		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Markets		_	_	_	4 500	4 000	4 000	4.050	_	_
Stalls Abattoirs		_	_	_	1 500	1 080	1 080	1 850	_	_
Airports		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Taxi Ranks/Bus Terminals		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Spares		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sport and Recreation Facilities		301	301	301	6 930	6 770	6 770	3 364	10 150	_
Indoor Facilities		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Outdoor Facilities		301	301	301	6 930	6 770	6 770	3 364	10 150	_
Capital Spares		_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	-	_	_	_
Other seeds					200	400	400	200		
<u>Other assets</u> Operational Buildings		_	_	_	300 300	400 400	400 400	300 300	_	_
Municipal Offices		_	_	_	200	400	400	300	_	_
Yards		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Stores		_	_	_	100	100	100	_	_	_
Laboratories		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Training Centres		_	_	_	_	300	300	_	_	_
Computer Equipment		_	_	_	620	785	785	1 330	_	_
Computer Equipment		_	_	_	620	785	785	1 330	_	_
Furniture and Office Equipment		18 400	18 400	18 400	1 887	1 252	1 252	710	_	_
Furniture and Office Equipment		18 400	18 400	18 400	1 887	1 252	1 252	710	_	_
Machinery and Equipment		_	_	_	1 760	14 631	14 631	7 770	_	_
Machinery and Equipment		_	_	_	1 760	14 631	14 631	7 770	_	_
Transport Assets		_	_	_	5 400	5 000	5 000	4 350	_	_
							, 000			
Transport Assets		_	_	_	5 400	5 000	5 000	4 350	_	_

Table 49 MBRR SA34b - Capital expenditure on the renewal of existing assets by asset class

CIASS KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Tab	le :	SA34b Car	oital expen	diture on t	he renewa	al of existin	ng assets b	ov asset cl	ass	
	Re		2018/19	2019/20		ent Year 20		2021/2	22 Medium	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	ue & Expe Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Capital expenditure on renewal of	exi	sting asse	ts by Asse	t Class/Su	ıb-class			2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Infrastructure		78 945	69 706	75 378	_	3 520	3 520	4 000	_	_
Roads Infrastructure		58 964	49 222	54 902	_	3 520	3 520	4 000	_	_
Roads		21 422	2 645	2 645	_	3 520	3 520	4 000	_	_
Road Structures		29 826	38 718	38 326	_	_	_	_	_	_
Road Furniture		7 716 –	7 859 _	13 931	1	_	_ _	_	_	_
Capital Spares Storm water Infrastructure		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Drainage Collection		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Storm water Conveyance		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Attenuation		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Electrical Infrastructure		19 981	20 484	20 476	_	_	_	_	_	_
Power Plants		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HV Substations		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HV Switching Station		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HV Transmission Conductors		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
MV Substations		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
MV Switching Stations MV Networks		- 14 101	- 14 604	- 14 604	_	_	_	_	_	_
LV Networks		5 879	5 879	5 871	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Spares		5679	3679	5 67 1	_		_	_	_	_
Community Assets		38 599	44 410 41 950	45 964 43 505				300		
Community Facilities Halls		36 140 4 657	14 409	43 505 14 409	_	_	_	300	_	_
Centres		25 588	21 158	21 158	_	_	_	_	_	_
Crèches		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Clinics/Care Centres Fire/Ambulance Stations		_	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	_	_
Testing Stations					_	_	_	_	_	_
Museums		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Galleries		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Theatres Libraries		3 122	3 611	5 165	_	_	_	_	_	_
Cemeteries/Crematoria		3 122	3011	3 103	_	_	_	_	_	
Police		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parks		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public Open Space Nature Reserves		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public Ablution Facilities		507	507	507	_	_	_	_	_	_
Markets		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Stalls Abattoirs		2 266	2 266	2 266		_	_	300	_	_
Airports		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Taxi Ranks/Bus Terminals Capital Spares		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sport and Recreation Facilities		2 459	2 459	2 459			_			
Indoor Facilities		2 459	2 459	2 459	_	_	_	_	_	_
Outdoor Facilities					_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Spares		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other assets								400		
Operational Buildings								400		
Municipal Offices		_	_	_	_	_	_	400	_	_
Pay/Enquiry Points		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Building Plan Offices		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Workshops		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Computer Equipment		4 811	5 017	5 309	_	_	_	_	_	_
Computer Equipment		4 811	5 017	5 309	_	_	_	_	_	_
Furniture and Office Equipment Furniture and Office Equipment		4 998 4 998	5 791 5 791	6 328 6 328	_	_ _	_ _	_ _	_	_
Machinery and Equipment Machinery and Equipment		9 804 9 804	12 015 12 015	12 282 12 282	Ξ	_	_	=	=	_
Transport Assets Transport Assets		14 794 14 794	14 576 14 576	16 565 16 565	_	_	_ _	_		
Land Land		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_	_	_ _		_ _
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological A Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological A	nir Inir	_ _		_ _	_ 		_ _			
Total Capital Expenditure on rene	1	151 950	151 515	161 826	-	3 520	3 520	4 700	_	-
Renewal of Existing Assets as %	of i	265.9%	63.7%	63.6%	0.0%	3.8%	3.8%	7.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Renewal of Existing Assets as %	of (542.9%	559.0%	558.7%	0.0%	11.7%	11.7%	14.4%	0.0%	0.0%

Table 50 MBRR SA34c - Repairs and maintenance expenditure by asset class

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Ta						-		2021/2	22 Medium	Term
Description	Re	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21		ue & Expe	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
Repairs and maintenance expend	litu	re by Asse	t Class/Su	b-class				202 1722	2022/20	2020/24
Infrastructure		1 809	5 873	3 713	10 010	9 130	9 130	12 450	12 913	13 394
Roads Infrastructure		977	3 884	2 337	5 710	4 780	4 780	4 950	5 118	5 285
Roads Road Structures		977	3 711 173	2 337	4 980 300	4 480 200	4 480 200	4 250 350	4 389 365	4 523 381
Road Structures Road Furniture		_	1/3	_	430	100	100	350	365	381
Capital Spares		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Storm water Infrastructure		293	120	73	1 600	1 600	1 600	1 250	1 303	1 360
Drainage Collection Storm water Conveyance		293	120	73	800 800	800 800	800 800	1 250	1 303	1 360
Attenuation		_	_	_	-	- 800	- 800	_	_	_
Electrical Infrastructure		539	1 790	991	2 350	2 400	2 400	3 250	3 367	3 486
Power Plants		80	_	2	150	200	200	150	156	163
HV Substations		_	82	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
HV Switching Station HV Transmission Conductors		_	_	- 449	500	500	- 500	600	- 625	653
MV Substations		0	552	0	-	-	-	150	156	163
MV Switching Stations		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
MV Networks		_	_	24	150	150	150	200	208	218
LV Networks Capital Spares		109 351	528 628	291 225	700 850	700 850	700 850	1 250 900	1 303 918	1 360 929
Information and Communication In	ofra		78	312	350	350	350	3 000	3 126	3 264
Data Centres		_	78	0	_	-	-	-	-	_
Core Layers		_	0	312	350	350	350	3 000	3 126	3 264
Distribution Layers		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Spares		_	_	_		_	_		_	
Community Assets		9 9	284	367	1 495	1 945	1 945	2 075	2 058	2 149
Community Facilities Halls		9	_6 _	245 _	995	1 445	1 445 —	825 _	860	897
Centres		_	_	_	450	450	450	_	_	_
Crèches		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Theatres		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Libraries Cemeteries/Crematoria		_	_	245 _	280 —	280	280 _	225 –	234	245
Police		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parks		9	6	_	65	65	65	100	104	109
Public Open Space		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		. . .
Nature Reserves		_	_	_	_	_	_	300	313	326
Public Ablution Facilities Markets		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Stalls		_	_	_	_	450	450	_	_	_
Abattoirs		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Airports		_	_	_						
Taxi Ranks/Bus Terminals Capital Spares		_	_	_	200	200	200	200	208	218
Sport and Recreation Facilities		_	_ 279	123	500	500	500	1 250	1 198	1 251
Indoor Facilities		_		-	_	_	-	-	-	
Outdoor Facilities		_	279	123	500	500	500	1 250	1 198	1 251
Capital Spares		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Investment properties		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Non-revenue Generating Improved Property		_	_	_ _	_	_	_ _	_	-	_
Unimproved Property		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
		77	144	514	750	1 450	1 450	250	261	272
Other assets Operational Buildings		77	144	514 514	750 750	1 450	1 450	250 250	261	272
Municipal Offices		77	144	514	750 750	1 450	1 450	250	261	272
Pay/Enquiry Points		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Intangible Assets		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Servitudes		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Licences and Rights		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Computer Equipment		_	_	164	150	150	150	_	_	_
Computer Equipment		-	_	164	150	150	150	_	_	_
Furniture and Office Equipment Furniture and Office Equipment		1 1	_ _	103 103	300 300	300 300	300 300	_ _	_ _	_ _
Machinery and Equipment Machinery and Equipment		1 219 1 219	3 129 3 129	3 088 3 088	4 170 4 170	6 370 6 370	6 370 6 370	4 500 4 500	4 689 4 689	4 795 4 795
Transport Assets Transport Assets		_ _	_		_ _		_	_ _	_ _	_
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological	Δn	_	_		_			_	_	_
Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological Zoo's, Marine and Non-biological			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Repairs and Maintenance E		3 115	9 431	7 949	16 875	19 345	19 345	19 275	19 920	20 609

Table 51 MBRR SA35 - Future financial implications of the capital budget

Table 51 MBRR SA35 - Future KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Ta							daot	
KZN291 Wandeni - Supporting 1 a	bie		are financia 22 Medium		ons of the	саркаї ви	aget	
Vote Description	Re		ue & Expe			Fore	casts	
			ramework					
		Budget	Budget	Budget	Forecast		Forecast	Present
R thousand		Year	Year +1	Year +2	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	value
		2021/22	2022/23	2023/24				
Capital expenditure	1							
Vote 1 - Executive and council		20	_	_				
Vote 2 - Finance and administration	on	5 150	_	_				
Vote 3 - Internal audit Vote 4 - Community and social se	rvid	_ 10 108	_	_	8 750	9 654	10 079	10 633
Vote 5 - Sport and Recreation	71 V I C	5 754	10 150	_	6 730	2 450	10 07 9	10 033
Vote 6 - Public safety		-	-	_		2 100		
Vote 7 - Housing		_	_	_				
Vote 8 - Planning and Developme	nt	9 985	5 000	6 500	6 500			
Vote 9 - Road transport		30 703	27 892	39 636	41 221	19 745	20 634	21 768
Vote 10 - Energy sources		8 200	_	_		1 750	1 829	1 929
Vote 11 - Waste Management Vote 12 - Environmental Protection	'n	4 000	_	_				
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]	"	_	_	_				
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		_	_	_				
Vote 15 - NAME OF VOTE 15		_	_	_				
List entity summary if applicable								
Total Capital Expenditure		73 920	43 042	46 136	56 471	33 599	32 541	34 331
Future operational costs by vote	2							
Vote 1 - Executive and council		47 939	49 301	51 498	53 808	56 068	58 030	60 061
Vote 2 - Finance and administration	on	102 382	105 911	110 263	114 172	118 968	123 132	127 441
Vote 3 - Internal audit	. r. i d	1 539 31 218	1 604 31 610	1 674 32 252	1 728 34 935	1 800 36 402	1 863 37 677	1 929 38 995
Vote 4 - Community and social se Vote 5 - Sport and Recreation	; I V I (12 592	13 007	13 539	14 024	14 613	15 125	15 654
Vote 6 - Public safety		880	917	957	988	1 029	1 065	1 103
Vote 7 - Housing		20	21	22	22	23	24	25
Vote 8 - Planning and Developme	nt	21 226	21 161	22 122	23 767	24 765	25 632	26 529
Vote 9 - Road transport		47 451	48 785	50 625	53 546	55 795	57 748	59 769
Vote 10 - Energy sources		47 420	49 348	51 459	53 147	55 379	57 317	59 323
Vote 11 - Waste Management Vote 12 - Environmental Protection	'n	8 125 2 669	8 571 2 729	8 948 2 849	9 234 2 940	9 622 3 064	9 959 3 171	10 307 3 282
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]	'11	2 009	2 129	2 049	2 940	3 004	3 17 1	3 202
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
List entity summary if applicable					_	_	_	_
Total future operational costs		323 462	332 965	346 208	362 312	377 529	390 742	404 418
Future revenue by source	3							
Property rates		46 642	52 239	60 255	49 386	51 460	53 261	55 125
Service charges - electricity rever	iue	39 216	45 099	51 042	42 355	44 134	45 679	47 277
Service charges - water revenue Service charges - sanitation rever	פוונ							
Service charges - sanitation rever Service charges - refuse revenue	iue	9 546	10 947	11 970	10 702	11 152	11 542	11 946
Rental of facilities and equipment	- 1	130	135	141	146	152	11 542	163
List other revenues sources if app			249 753	249 659	257 648	268 469	277 866	287 591
List officer revenues sources if applicable	лисс	13 290	13 848	14 457	14 920	15 547	16 091	16 654
Total future revenue	-	345 704	372 021	387 524	375 157	390 914	404 596	418 757
							1	
Net Financial Implications		51 679	3 986	4 820	43 626	20 214	18 688	19 992

2.15 Legislation compliance status

Compliance with the MFMA implementation requirements have been substantially adhered to through the following activities:

In year reporting

Reporting to National Treasury in electronic format was fully complied with on a monthly basis. Section 71 reporting to the Executive Mayor (within 10 working days) has progressively improved and includes monthly published financial performance on the Municipality's website.

Internship programme

The Municipality is participating in the Municipal Financial Management Internship programme and has employed five interns undergoing training in various divisions of the Financial Services Department.

Budget and Treasury Office

The Budget and Treasury Office has been established in accordance with the MFMA.

Audit Committee

An Audit Committee has been established and is fully functional.

Service Delivery and Implementation Plan

The detail SDBIP document is at a stage and will be finalized after approval of the 2021/22 MTREF during June 2021 directly aligned and informed by the 2021/22 MTREF.

Annual Report

Annual report is compiled in terms of the MFMA and National Treasury requirements.

MFMA Training

The MFMA training module in electronic format is presented at the Municipality's internal center and training is ongoing.

Policies

An amendment of the Municipal Property Rates Regulations as published in Government Notice 363 of 27 May 2009, was announced in Government Gazette 33016 on 05 September 2014. The ratios as prescribed in the Regulations have been complied with.

2.16 Other supporting documents

Table 52 MBRR Table SA1 - Supporting detail to budgeted financial performance

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Table SA1	<u> </u>	r-r						2024/	22 Medium	Torm
		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20	20/21			
	L.					(}		ue & Expe	
Description	Ref	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget	Budget	Budget
			Outcome	1	Budget	Budget	Forecast	Year	Year +1	Year +2
						g-:		2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
R thousand	_									
REVENUE ITEMS:										
Property rates	6									
Total Property Rates		39 114	49 130	46 606	67 509	67 509	67 509	63 060	69 347	77 71:
Less Revenue Foregone										
(exemptions, reductions and										
rebates and impermissable values in										
excess of section 17 of MPRA)		1 512	9 050		15 030	15 030	15 030	16 418	17 108	17 46°
•				·			}			
Net Property Rates		37 601	40 080	46 606	52 479	52 479	52 479	46 642	52 239	60 255
Service charges - electricity revenue	6									
Total Service charges - electricity revenu	ie.	25 622	24 368	29 909	33 865	33 865	33 865	39 216	45 099	51 042
Less Revenue Foregone (in excess of	1									
50 kwh per indigent household per										
month)										
Less Cost of Free Basis Services (50										
kwh per indigent household per										
month)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Net Service charges - electricity revenue	e	25 622	24 368	29 909	33 865	33 865	33 865	39 216	45 099	51 042
-										
Service charges - refuse revenue	6									
Total refuse removal revenue		8 450	8 911	8 534	9 938	9 938	9 938	10 353	11 788	12 847
Total landfill revenue										
Less Revenue Foregone (in excess of										
one removal a week to indigent										
households)										
Less Cost of Free Basis Services										
(removed once a week to indigent										
households)		_	505	636	727	727	727	807	841	876
Net Service charges - refuse revenue		8 450	8 406	7 898	9 211	9 211	9 211	9 546	10 947	11 970
Other Revenue by source				. 333	V	0				
Administrative Handling Fees		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Bad Debts Recovered		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Breakages and Losses Recovered		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Collection Charges		_	53	74	132	132	132	132	138	144
Commission		_	84	87	_	_	_	100	104	109
Insurance Refund		76	0	262	_	_	_	_	_	_
Recovery Infrastructure Maintenance		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Skills Development Levy Refund		131	196	450	_	_	_	_	_	_
Arbor City Awards Competition		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Other Revenue		462	683	903	557	557	557	408	425	444
Total 'Other' Revenue	1	669	1 015	1 776	689	689	689	640	667	696

Table 53 MBRR Table SA1 - Supporting detail to budgeted financial performance (Continued)

(Continued) KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Table SA1	Su	pportingin	g detail to	'Budgeted	Financial	Performar	nce'			
		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	nt Year 20	20/21		22 Medium ue & Expe	
Description	Ref	Audited	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2021/22	Budget Year +1 2022/23	Budget Year +2 2023/24
R thousand										
EXPENDITURE ITEMS:										
Employee related costs		E0 7E4	CO 057	00.400	70.005	70.005	70.005	70 770	70.070	00.400
Basic Salaries and Wages Pension and UIF Contributions	2	58 751 7 753	60 057 8 780	69 108 9 880	72 695 10 906	72 695 10 906	72 695 10 906	76 772 10 766	79 973 11 218	83 468 11 711
Medical Aid Contributions		3 907	3 952	5 194	5 310	5 310	5 310	3 949	4 115	4 296
Overtime		- 0 007	-	- 0 10 1	-	-	-	-	-	- 1200
Performance Bonus		221	3 530	4 090	3 866	3 866	3 866	5 581	5 816	6 071
Motor Vehicle Allowance		4 525	4 664	4 594	5 295	5 295	5 295	5 101	5 315	5 549
Cellphone Allowance		578	638	630	671	671	671	651	679	709
Housing Allowances		364	489	412	411	411	411	522	543	567
Other benefits and allowances		1 227	1 435	1 396	5 383	5 383	5 383	977	1 018	1 063 3 757
Payments in lieu of leave Long service awards		_	_	3 421 260	5 500 —	5 500	5 500	3 500	3 627	3 / 3/
Post-retirement benefit obligations	4	(400)	736	715	_	_	_	_	_	_
sub-total		76 926	84 280	99 700	110 037	110 037	110 037	107 819	112 304	117 192
Less: Employees costs capitalised to PP	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Employee related costs	1	76 926	84 280	99 700	110 037	110 037	110 037	107 819	112 304	117 192
Depreciation & asset impairment										
Depreciation of Property, Plant & Equipment	ent	27 422	26 829	28 821	30 108	30 108	30 108	32 726	33 751	34 001
Lease amortisation		566	274	146	80	80	80	-	_	_
Capital asset impairment		_	609	1 331	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Depreciation & asset impairment	1	27 988	27 712	30 298	30 188	30 188	30 188	32 726	33 751	34 001
Bulk purchases - electricity Electricity bulk purchases		16 565	22 907	26 098	29 201	30 401	30 401	35 143	36 619	38 231
Total bulk purchases	1	16 565	22 907	26 098	29 201	30 401	30 401	35 143	36 619	38 231
Transfers and grants										
Cash transfers and grants		_	_	_	1 622	1 622	1 622	1 883	1 918	1 999
Non-cash transfers and grants		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total transfers and grants	1	_	_	-	1 622	1 622	1 622	1 883	1 918	1 999
Contracted services										
Outsourced Services		16 740	20 281	18 223	21 745	22 440	22 440	25 103	24 221	25 585
Consultants and Professional Services		3 416	4 928	3 884	5 103	7 759	7 759	7 313	7 585	7 904
Contractors		9 441	13 869	12 686	22 514	26 026	26 026	24 303	25 139	25 989
Total contracted services		29 597	39 078	34 792	49 361	56 225	56 225	56 718	56 945	59 478
Other Expenditure By Type										
Collection costs		_	-	_	520	1 240	1 240	1 350	1 407	1 469
Contributions to 'other' provisions		_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Audit fees		1 798	1 943	2 367	2 500	2 500	2 500	2 000	2 084	2 176
Other Expenditure		34 282	26 631	27 963	35 169	38 224	38 224	37 856	38 273	39 832
Total 'Other' Expenditure Repairs and Maintenance	8	36 080	28 573	30 329	38 189	41 964	41 964	41 206	41 764	43 476
Employee related costs	0	6 6 4 9	12 606	16 701	10 6E2	21 764	21 764	22 622	25 663	27 969
Inventory Consumed (Project Maintenance	۵)	6 648	13 686 12 316	16 781 18 777	19 652 8 068	8 068	8 068	23 633	20 003	27 868
Contracted Services	c)	3 115	9 431	7 949	16 875	19 345	19 345	19 275	19 920	20 609
Other Expenditure		0110	J 7J1	1 3 7 3	10 07 0	10 070	10 070	6 093	6 348	6 628
Total Repairs and Maintenance Expendit	. α	20 293	35 432	43 507	44 595	49 177	49 177	49 001	51 932	55 105

Table 53 MBRR Table SA2 – Matrix financial performance budget (revenue source/expenditure type and department)

thousand 1 evenue By Source Property rates Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue	1	Executiv e and council	Finance and	Internal	Commun	0											
thousand 1 evenue By Source Property rates Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue	1		and		Commun	Sport	Public	Housing	Planning	Road	Energy	Waste	Environ	[NAME	[NAME	[NAME	
evenue By Source Property rates Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue	1			audit	ity and	and	safety		and	transport		Manage	mental	OF	OF	OF	
evenue By Source Property rates Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue	1		administr		social	Recreati			Develop	•		ment	Protectio	VOTE	VOTE	VOTE	
Property rates Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue	ie .		uu		CCCiai	rtoorouti			2010.00						70.2	10.2	
Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue	е	_	46 642	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	46 642
Service charges - water revenue		_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	39 216	_	_	_	_	_	39 216
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service charges - sanitation revenue	ıe	- 1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service charges - refuse revenue		- 1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	9 546	_	_	_	_	9 546
Rental of facilities and equipment		_	_	_	130	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	130
Interest earned - external investmen	nts	_	4 950	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4 950
Interest earned - outstanding debtor	rs	- 1	2 637	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	105	3 997	_	_	_	_	6 740
Dividends received		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fines, penalties and forfeits		- 1	_	_	10	_	_	_	_	255	_	_	-	_	-	_	265
Licences and permits		- 1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	695	_	_	_	_	_	_	695
Agency services		- 1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Other revenue		7 806	185 193	_	3 044	_	_	_	4 297	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	200 340
Transfers and subsidies		- 1	333	_	10	- 1	_	_	165	_	132	_	-	-	-	_	640
Gains	L	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	- 1	_	_	_	_
otal Revenue (excluding capital tr	ra	7 806	239 755	-	3 194	-	-	_	4 462	950	39 454	13 543	-	-	-	_	309 163
xpenditure By Type																	
Employee related costs		12 767	36 140	_	12 265	5 819	_	_	15 271	16 182	3 217	3 696	2 463	_	_	_	107 819
Remuneration of councillors		14 643	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	14 643
Debt impairment		- 1	30 635	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	30 635
Depreciation & asset impairment		-	3 863	_	2 716	671	_	_	_	24 405	1 071	_	-	_	-	_	32 726
Finance charges		- 1	400	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	400
Bulk purchases - electricity		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	35 143	-	-	_	-	_	35 143
Inventory consumed		185			1 200	20			883					_	-	_	2 288
Contracted services		7 846	10 608	1 539	13 576	6 035	300	20	3 369	6 100	4 100	3 125	100	_	-	_	56 718
Transfers and subsidies				_				_			1 883			-	-	_	1 883
Other expenditure		12 498	20 736	-	1 461	48	580	_	1 703	765	2 006	1 304	106	-	_	_	41 206
Losses	-	47 939	102 382	_ 1 539	_ 31 218	_ 12 592	_ 880	_ 20	21 226	47 451	47 420	8 125	2 669	_	_	_	323 462
otal Expenditure					-			-	-		-			-	-	-	
urplus/(Deficit) ransiers and subsidies - capital		(40 133)	137 373	(1 539)	(28 024)	(12 592)	(880)	(20)	(16 765)	(46 501)	(7 967)	5 418	(2 669)	-	-	-	(14 299
nonetary allocations) (National /		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	35 370	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	35 370
ransfers and subsidies - capital																	
nonetary allocations) (National /																	
rovincial Departmental Agencies,																	
ouseholds, Non-profit																	
stitutions, Private Enterprises,																	
ublic Corporatons, Higher																	
ducational Institutions)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
ransfers and subsidies - capital		_	_	_	1 170	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1 170
urplus/(Deficit) after capital	\dashv	(40 133)	137 373	(1 539)	(26 854)	(12 592)	(880)	(20)	18 606	(46 501)	(7 967)	5 418	(2 669)			_	22 241
ansfers & contributions		(-0 100)	101 313	(1 333)	(20 004)	(12 332)	(000)	(20)	10 000	(+0 501)	(1 301)	J 710	(2 009)	_	_	_	

Table 54 MBRR Table SA3 - Supporting detail to Statement of Financial Position

Reference of the second	2017/18 Audited Outcome 148 063 (105 950) 42 113 (84 096) (21 854) (105 950) 406 406 107 107 - 513 547 299 29 596 148 618 428 277	2018/19 Audited Outcome 185 882 (119 467) 66 414	2019/20 Audited Outcome 223 989 (155 135) 68 854 - (121 578) (33 556) (155 135)	Curred Original Budget (59 175) (59 175)	294 216 (241 886) 52 330 (241 886) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	770	& Exper Budget Year 2021/22 287 437 (243 344) 44 093 (205 859) (30 635) (6 850) (243 344) 815 623 (623) — — — — 815 - 800 (800) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	### Redium Term ### Inditure Frant ### Budget	323 348 (267 334 (267 267 267 267 (267 267 267 (267 267 267 (267 267 267 (267 267 267 (267 267 267 (26
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Opening Balance Acquisitions Issues 7 Adjustments 8 Write-offs 9 Closing balance - Materials and Sur Closing Balance - Inventory & Const Property, plant and equipment (PPE) PPE at cost/valuation (excl. finance if Leases recognised as PPE 3 Less: Accumulated depreciation Total Property, plant and equipm 2 LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Borrowing Short term loans (other than bank over Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	547 299 29 596 148 618	- - 102 508	- - 209		- - - - 209	- - - - 209	865 (865) - - 209	656 (666) - - 208	685 (700 –
Acquisitions Issues 7 Adjustments 8 Write-offs 9 Closing balance - Materials and Sur Closing Balance - Inventory & Const Property, plant and equipment (PPE) PPE at cost/valuation (excl. finance is Lease recognised as PPE 3 Less: Accumulated depreciation Total Property, plant and equipme 2 LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Borrowing Short term loans (other than bank ove Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	547 299 29 596 148 618	- - 102 508	- - 209		- - - - 209	- - - - 209	865 (865) - - 209	656 (666) - - 208	685 (700 –
Issues Adjustments Write-offs Closing balance - Materials and Sur Closing Balance - Inventory & Const Property, plant and equipment (PPE) PPE at cost/valuation (excl. finance is Leases recognised as PPE Leases: Accumulated depreciation Total Property, plant and equipm 2 LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Borrowing Short term loans (other than bank ove Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	547 299 29 596 148 618	- - 102 508	- - 209		_ _ _ _ 209	- - - 209	(865) - - 209	(666) - - 208	(700 _ _
Adjustments Write-offs Closing balance - Materials and Sur Closing Balance - Inventory & Const Property, plant and equipment (PPE) PPE at cost/valuation (excl. finance is Leases recognised as PPE Leases recognised as PPE Less: Accumulated depreciation Total Property, plant and equipm 2 LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Borrowing Short term loans (other than bank over Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	547 299 29 596 148 618	- - 102 508	- - 209		_ 209	- - 209		208	
Closing balance - Materials and Sur Closing Balance - Inventory & Const Property, plant and equipment (PPE) PPE at cost/valuation (excl. finance Idleases recognised as PPE	513 547 299 29 596 148 618	508	,		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				_ 213
Closing Balance - Inventory & Const Property, plant and equipment (PPE) PPE at cost/valuation (excl. finance is Leases recognised as PPE 3 Less: Accumulated depreciation Total Property, plant and equipm 2 LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Borrowing Short term loans (other than bank ove Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	513 547 299 29 596 148 618	508	,		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				213
Property. plant and equipment (PPE) PPE at cost/valuation (excl. finance it Leases recognised as PPE 3 Less: Accumulated depreciation Total Property, plant and equipm 2 LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Borrowing Short term loans (other than bank ove Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	547 299 29 596 148 618		980	(508)	agn				
PPE at cost/valuation (excl. finance Idle Leases recognised as PPE Less: Accumulated depreciation Total Property, plant and equipm 2 LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Borrowing Short term loans (other than bank over Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	29 596 148 618	579 070			300	980	1 025	1 000	1 044
Leases recognised as PPE Less: Accumulated depreciation Total Property, plant and equipm 2 LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Borrowing Short term loans (other than bank ove Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	29 596 148 618	579 070	i I						
Less: Accumulated depreciation Total Property, plant and equipm 2 LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Borrowing Short term loans (other than bank ove Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	148 618	32 382	593 496 35 176	534 721	697 621	697 621	752 711	779 506	816 080
LIABILITIES Current liabilities - Borrowing Short term loans (other than bank ove Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	428 277	167 990	192 574	10	192 574	192 574	203 475	231 610	232 005
Short term loans (other than bank over Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5		443 462	436 098	534 711	505 047	505 047	549 237	547 896	584 075
Short term loans (other than bank over Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables 5									
Current portion of long-term liabilities Total Current liabilities - Borrowing Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	_	_	_	(1 317)	_	_	_	_	_
Trade and other payables Trade Payables 5	3 761	2 704	1 764	` - '	440	440 440	780	902	964
Trade Payables 5	3 761	2 704	1 764	(1 317)	440	440	780	902	964
Other creditors	30 884	19 811	19 738	15 873	17 372	17 372	13 978	16 237	15 886
Unspent conditional transfers	60 10 419	83 9 792	58 26 159	_ (5 685)	5 589	5 589	6 720	_	_
VAŤ	7 617	(852)	1 154	` - '	_	_	-	_	
Total Trade and other payables 2	48 980	28 834	47 109	10 188	22 961	22 961	20 698	16 237	15 886
Non current liabilities - Borrowing Borrowing 4	_	_	_	289	440	440	725	654	413
Finance leases (including PPP asset	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_
Total Non current liabilities - Borrow	-	_	_	289	440	440	725	654	413
Provisions - non-current Retirement benefits	14 403	14 015	15 827	(17 764)	19 645	19 645	20 198	21 046	21 972
Refuse landfill site rehabilitation Other	-	_	_	` - '	_	_	-	-	_
Total Provisions - non-current	14 403	14 015	15 827	(17 764)	19 645	19 645	20 198	21 046	21 972
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS									
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)					000 400	000 400	004.507	700 544	770 404
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit) - openi GRAP adjustments	_	_		_	638 199 —	638 199 —	684 567 –	739 541	779 421 –
Restated balance	76.004	20.040	- 27.070	26.507	638 199	638 199	684 567	739 541	779 421
Surplus/(Deficit) Transfers to/from Reserves	76 261 29 567	30 849 29 567	27 878 29 567	36 527 -	61 425 —	61 425 -	22 241	39 056	41 316 —
Depreciation offsets	178 196	178 196	178 196	620 264	_	_	_	-	_
Other adjustments Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit) 1	3 953 287 978	3 617 242 230	3 703 239 345	628 364 664 891	699 624	699 624	706 808	778 597	820 738
Reserves Housing Development Fund	-					- '			
Capital replacement	E0 044	E0 044	E0 044		1 007	1 007	1 004	2 000	2 000
Self-insurance	50 941 –	50 941 –	50 941 –	_	1 837 —	1 837 –	1 921 –	2 002	2 090
	_		_	_ _ _	_	_	=	2 002 - -	2 090 - -
Other reserves Revaluation	- 1	_	_	- - - -	_	_	-	-	2 090 - - - - 2 090

Table 55 MBRR Table SA9 - Social, economic and demographic statistics and assumptions

Description of economic indicator		Basis of calculation	2001	2007	2011	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Current Year		22 Medium ue & Expe	
·	Re f.	Basis of Calculation	Census	Survey	Census	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Original Budget	Outcome	Outcome	Outcom
Demographics Population Females aged 5 - 14						138	134	134	134	134	134	134
Males aged 5 - 14 Females aged 15 - 34 Males aged 15 - 34 Unemployment						57	58	58	58	58	58	58
Monthly household income (no. of	1,											
No income R1 - R1 600 R1 601 - R3 200 R3 201 - R6 400 R6 401 - R12 800 R12 801 - R25 600 R25 601 - R51 200 R52 201 - R102 400						55 739 2 071 3 971 9 818 8 735 4 414 2 135 1 220	55 740 33 612 3 971 9 818 8 735 4 414 516	55 740 33 612 3 971 9 818 8 735 4 414 516	55 740 33 612 3 971 9 818 8 735 4 414 516	55 740 33 612 3 971 9 818 8 735 4 414 516	55 740 33 612 3 971 9 818 8 735 4 414 516	33 612 3 97 9 818 8 738 4 414
R102 401 - R204 800 R204 801 - R409 600 R409 601 - R819 200 > R819 200						616 88 34 28	616 88 34 28	616 88 34 28	616 88 34 28	616 88 34 28	616 88 34 28	88 34
Poverty profiles (no. of households) < R2 060 per household per month Insert description	13 2					17270.00	17270.00	17270.00	17270.00	17270.00	17270.00	17270.00
Household/demographics (000) Number of people in municipal area Number of poor people in municipal Number of households in municipal Number of poor households in Definition of poor household (R per						138 66 38 25	138 66 38 25	138 66 38 25	138 66 38 25	138 66 38 25	138 66 38 25	138 66 38 25
Housing statistics Formal Informal	3					33 519 4 716	33 519 4 716	33 519 4 716	33 519 4 716	33 519 4 716	33 519 4 716	
Total number of households Dwellings provided by municipality Dwellings provided by province/s Dwellings provided by private sector	4		-	-	-	38 235	38 235		38 235	38 235		
Total new housing dwellings	J		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Inflation/inflation outlook (CPIX) Interest rate - borrowind Interest rate - investment Remuneration increases Consumption growth (electricity) Consumption growth (water)	6											
Collection rates Property tax/service charges Rental of facilities & equipment Interest - external investments Interest - debtors Revenue from agency services	7											

			2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Curre	ent Year 20)20/21	2021/22 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure		
Total municipal services	Ref.		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year	Budget Year +1	Budget
		Household service targets (000) Water:				Buuget	Budget	rorecast	I cai	Teal +1	Teal +2
		Piped water inside dwelling Piped water inside yard (but not in dw	9 851 10 902	10 501 11 622	11 152 12 385	11 152 12 385	11 152 12 385	11 152 12 385	12 825 14 243	12 825 14 243	12 825 14 243
	8 10	Using public tap (at least min.service	17 482	_	19 791	19 791	19 791	19 791	22 760	-	_
Minimum Sen	vice I	Other water supply (at least min.servi	38 235	18 636 40 759	43 329	43 329	43 329	43 329	49 828	22 760 49 828	22 760 49 828
	10	Other water supply (< min.service lev	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Below Mi	nimu	No water supply Im Service Level sub-total		-	-		-	-	-		-
		Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage:	38 235	40 759	43 329	43 329	43 329	43 329	49 828	49 828	49 828
		Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank)	11 313	12 060	12 807	12 807	12 807	12 807	14 088	14 088	14 088
		Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated)	8 587 15 173	9 154 16 174	9 721 17 177	9 721 17 177	9 721 17 177	9 721 17 177	10 693 18 895	10 693 18 895	10 693 18 895
Minimum Sen	ice l	Other toilet provisions (> min.service Level and Above sub-total	2 690 37 763	2 868 40 255	3 045 42 751	3 045 42 751	3 045 42 751	3 045 42 751	3 350 47 026	3 350 47 026	3 350 47 026
		Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service	472 -	472 -	300	300	300	300	150 -	150 -	150 -
Below Mi	nimu	No toilet provisions im Service Level sub-total	- 472	- 472	300	300	300	300	- 150	_ 150	_ 150
		Total number of households Energy:	38 235	40 727	43 051	43 051	43 051	43 051	47 176	47 176	47 176
		Electricity (at least min.service level)	1 040	1 040 –	389 574	389 574	389 574	389 574	389 625	389 625	389 625
Minimum Sen	/ice l	Electricity - prepaid (min.service leve Level and Above sub-total Electricity (< min.service level)	1 040	1 040 –	963 -	963	963	963	1 014 -	1 014 -	1 014
		Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. service le Other energy sources	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Below Mi	nimu	m Service Level sub-total	1 040	1 040	- 963	963	963	963	1 014	1 014	1 014
		Refuse: Removed at least once a week	11 705	11 705	23 700	28 152	28 152	28 152	31 032	31 032	31 032
Minimum Sen	rice I	Level and Above sub-total Removed less frequently than once a	11 705	11 705	23 700	28 152	28 152	28 152	31 032	31 032	31 032
		Using communal refuse dump Using own refuse dump	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
		Other rubbish disposal No rubbish disposal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Below Mi	nimu	Im Service Level sub-total	11 705	11 705	23 700	28 152	28 152	28 152	31 032	31 032	31 032
		Total number of nouserious								2 Medium	
Municipal in-house services			2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		ent Year 20 Adjusted		Revenu Budget	le & Exper Budget	
	Ref.	Household service targets (000)	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget		Forecast	Year	Year +1	Year +2
		Water: Piped water inside dwelling	9 851	10 501	11 152	11 152	11 152	11 152	12 825	12 825	12 825
	R	Piped water inside dwelling Piped water inside yard (but not in dw Using public tap (at least min.service	10 902	11 622	12 385	12 385	12 385	12 385	14 243	14 243	14 243
Minimum Sen	10	Other water supply (at least min.servi	17 482	18 636	1					_	
William Gor	iice I	evel and Ahove sub-total		40 759	19 791	19 791 43 329	19 791 43 329	19 791 43 329	22 760	22 760 49 828	22 760 49 828
	9	Level and Above sub-total Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service level)	38 235	40 759	19 791 43 329	19 791 43 329	19 791 43 329	19 791 43 329	22 760 49 828	22 760 49 828	22 760 49 828
Rolow Mi	9 10	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply	38 235	40 759							
Below Mi	9 10 nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply m Service Level sub-total Total number of households	38 235	40 759							
Below Mi	9 10 nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply m Service Level sub-total Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage: Flush toilet (connected to sewerage)	38 235 el) 	40 759	43 329	43 329	43 329	43 329	49 828	49 828	49 828
Below Mi	9 10 nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply m Service Level sub-total Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage: Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet	38 235 el)	40 759 - 40 759 12 060 9 154	43 329 - 43 329 12 807 9 721	43 329 	43 329 - 43 329 12 807 - 9 721	43 329 - 43 329 12 807 - 9 721	49 828 - 49 828 14 088 - 10 693	49 828 	49 828
	9 10 nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply m Service Level sub-total Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage: Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service	38 235 el) 	40 759 	43 329 	43 329 	43 329 		49 828 	49 828 	49 828
	9 10 nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply In Service Level sub-total Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage: Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service Level and Above sub-total Bucket toilet	38 235 el) 38 235 11 313 8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472	40 759 - 40 759 12 060 9 154 16 174	43 329 - 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177	43 329 	43 329 	43 329 	49 828 	49 828 	49 828
Minimum Sen	9 10 nimu vice l	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply IT Service Level sub-total Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage; Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service Level and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service No toilet provisions	38 235 el)	40 759 	43 329 - 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300	43 329 	43 329 	43 329 - 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300	49 828 	49 828 	49 828 49 828 14 088 10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150
Minimum Sen	9 10 nimu vice l	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply IT Service Level sub-total Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage; Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (toilet pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service Level and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service No toilet provisions IT Service Level sub-total Total number of households	38 235 el) 38 235 11 313 8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472	40 759 40 759 12 060 9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255	43 329 - 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751	43 329 	43 329 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751	- 43 329 - 43 329 12 807 - 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751	49 828 	49 828 	49 828
Minimum Sen	9 10 nimu vice l	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage: Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service evel and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service No toilet provisions m Service Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service level)	38 235 el)	40 759 	43 329	43 329	43 329	43 329	49 828	49 828 -49 828 14 088 -9 10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 389	49 828 -49 828 14 088 -9 10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 389
Minimum Sen Below Mi	9 10 nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply In Service Level sub-total Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage: Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service Level and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service No toilet provisions In Service Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (min.service level Level and Above sub-total	38 235 el)	40 759	43 329 - 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051	43 329	43 329	43 329	- 49 828 - 49 828 14 088 10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176	- 49 828 - 49 828 14 088 10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176	49 828
Minimum Sen Below Mi	9 10 nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply Im Service Level sub-total Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage: Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service Level and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service No toilet provisions Im Service Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (min.service level Level and Above sub-total Electricity - min.service level) Electricity - min.service level) Electricity - repaid (< min. service level) Electricity - repaid (< min. service level)	38 235 el)	40 759	43 329 - 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	43 329	- 43 329 - 43 329 - 12 807 - 9 721 17 177 3 045 - 42 751 300 - 300 - 43 051 - 389 - 574	43 329	- 49 828 - 49 828 14 088 - 10 693 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 389 625		49 828
Minimum Sen Below Mi Minimum Sen	9 10 nimuu vice I vice I vice I nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply IT Service Level sub-total Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage: Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (< min.service Level and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service No toilet provisions IT Service Level sub-total Electricity (at least min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (min.service leve Level and Above sub-total Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level) The renergy sources In Service Level sub-total	38 235 el) 	40 759 40 759 12 060 9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040	43 329 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	43 329 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	43 329 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	49 828	49 828 49 828 14 088 10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 389 625 1 014	49 828 49 828 14 088 10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 389 625 1 014
Minimum Sen Below Mi Minimum Sen	9 10 nimuu vice I vice I vice I nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev I total number of households Sanitation/sewerage; Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service Level and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service No toilet provisions Im Service Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Total number of households Energy sources M Service Level sub-total Total number of households Energyse:	38 235 el) - 38 235 11 313 8 587 15 173 2 763 472 level) 472 38 235 1 040) 1 040 vel) - 1 040	40 759 40 759 12 060 9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040 1 040	43 329	43 329	43 329	43 329	- 49 828 - 49 828 14 088 - 10 693 18 895 3 3350 47 028 150 47 176 389 625 1 014	49 828	49 828
Minimum Sen Below Mi Minimum Sen Below Mi	9 10 nimu vice L nimu nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage; Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service evel and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service No toilet provisions m Service Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electroit (< min.service level) Total number of households Refuse: Removed at least once a week Level and Above sub-total	38 235 el) - 38 235 11 313 8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 level) 472 38 235 1 040) 1 040 vel) - 1 040 11 705	40 759 40 759 12 060 9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040	43 329 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	43 329 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	43 329 43 329 12 807 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	49 828	49 828 49 828 14 088 10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 389 625 1 014	49 828 49 828 14 088 10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 389 625 1 014
Minimum Sen Below Mi Minimum Sen Below Mi	9 10 nimu vice L nimu nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage; Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service evel and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service No toilet provisions m Service Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service level) Electricity (= prepaid (min.service level evel and Above sub-total Electricity (> min.service level) Electri	38 235 el) - 38 235 11 313 8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 level) 472 38 235 1 040) 1 040 vel) - 1 040 11 705	40 759 40 759 12 060 9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040 1 040 1 040 11 705	43 329 	43 329	43 329	43 329		49 828	49 828
Minimum Sen Below Mi Minimum Sen Below Mi	9 10 nimu vice L nimu nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage. Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.service evel and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.service No toilet provisions m Service Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service level) Electricity (= prepaid (min.service leve evel and Above sub-total Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service leve) Electricity (< min.service l	38 235 el) - 38 235 11 313 8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 level) 472 38 235 1 040) 1 040 vel) - 1 040 11 705	40 759 40 759 12 060 9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040 1 040 1 040 11 705	43 329 	43 329	43 329	43 329		49 828	49 828
Minimum Sen Below Mi Minimum Sen Below Mi Minimum Sen	9 10 nimu vice I nimu nimu	Using public tap (< min.service level) Other water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (< min.service lev No water supply (Total number of households Sanitation/sewerage; Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (< min.service Level and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions m Service Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (min.service level Level and Above sub-total Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Total number of households Total number of households Refuse: Removed at least once a week Level and Above sub-total Removed less frequently than once a Using communal refuse dump Using own refuse dump	38 235 el) - 38 235 11 313 8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 level) 472 38 235 1 040) 1 040 vel) - 1 040 11 705	40 759 40 759 12 060 9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040 1 040 1 040 11 705	43 329 	43 329	43 329	43 329		49 828	49 828

Detail on the provision of r	T	cipal services for A10							2020/21 M	edium Tern	n Revenu
Total municipal services			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19		ent Year 20		& Exper	nditure Frai	mework
	Ref.		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year	Budget Year +1	Budget Year +2
		Household service targets (00 Water:	<u>0)</u>								
		Piped water inside dwelling Piped water inside yard (but no	9 851 10 902	10 501 11 622	11 152 12 385	11 152 12 385	11 152 12 385	11 152 12 385	12 825 14 243	12 825 14 243	12 825 14 243
	8	Using public tap (at least min.s	- 1	_	- 1	_	_	_	_	_	_
Minimum Service Le	10 evel a		17 482 38 235	18 636 40 759	19 791 43 329	19 791 43 329	19 791 43 329	19 791 43 329	22 760 49 828	22 760 49 828	22 760 49 828
	9	Using public tap (< min.service Other water supply (< min.serv	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5 / 1//		No water supply		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Below Minimum	Ser	vice Level sub-total Total number of households	38 235	40 759	43 329	43 329	43 329	43 329	49 828	49 828	49 828
		Sanitation/sewerage: Flush toilet (connected to sewe	11 313	12 060	12 807	12 807	12 807	12 807	14 088	14 088	14 088
		Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet	- 8 587	9 154	9 721	9 721	9 721	9 721	10 693	10 693	10 693
		Pit toilet (ventilated)	15 173	16 174	17 177	17 177	17 177	17 177	18 895	18 895	18 895
Minimum Service Le	 ≥vel ∈	Other toilet provisions (> min.s and Above sub-total	2 690 37 763	2 868 40 255	3 045 42 751	3 045 42 751	3 045 42 751	3 045 42 751	3 350 47 026	3 350 47 026	3 350 47 026
		Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s	472 -	472	300	300	300	300	150 —	150 –	150 —
		No toilet provisions	_	_	- 1	_	_	_	_	_	-
Below Minimum	Ser	vice Level sub-total Total number of households	472 38 235	472 40 727	300 43 051	300 43 051	300 43 051	300 43 051	150 47 176	150 47 176	150 47 17 0
		Energy: Electricity (at least min.service	1 040	1 040	389	389	389	389	406	406	406
	1	Electricity - prepaid (min.servic	_	_	574	574	574	574	590	590	590
Minimum Service Le	vel a	and Above sub-total Electricity (< min.service level)	1 040	1 040 –	963	963	963	963	996	996 -	996
		Electricity - prepaid (< min. ser Other energy sources	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Below Minimum	Ser	vice Level sub-total	-		_		_		_	_	_
		Total number of households Refuse:	1 040	1 040	963	963	963	963	996	996	990
Minimum Service Le	1	Removed at least once a week	11 705 11 705	11 705 11 705	23 700 23 700	58 028 58 028	58 028 58 028	58 028 58 028	63 192 63 192	63 192 63 192	63 192 63 192
IVIIIIIIIIIIIIII Gelvice Le		Removed less frequently than of	- 1	_	-	_	_	_	-	- 03 192	-
		Using communal refuse dump Using own refuse dump	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
		Other rubbish disposal No rubbish disposal	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_
Below Minimum	Ser	vice Level sub-total	_		_		_		_		_
	⊨	Total number of households	11 705	11 705	23 700	58 028	58 028	58 028	63 192	63 192 edium Tern	63 192
unicipal in-house service			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	Curre	ent Year 20	19/20		nditure Fra	
unicipal in-nouse service.	Ref.		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year	Budget Year +1	Budget Year +2
	1101.	Household service targets (00	<u>0)</u>			Buuget	Buaget	rorcoust	rear	real T1	rear +2
		Water: Piped water inside dwelling	9 851	10 501	11 152	11 152	11 152	11 152	12 825	12 825	12 825
	8	Piped water inside yard (but no Using public tap (at least min.s		11 622	12 385	12 385	12 385	12 385	14 243	14 243	14 243
Minimum Coming L	10	Other water supply (at least m	17 482	18 636	19 791	19 791	19 791	19 791	22 760	22 760	22 760
Minimum Service Le	9	Using public tap (< min.service	38 235 level)	40 759	43 329	43 329	43 329	43 329	49 828	49 828	49 828
	10	Other water supply (< min.serv	rice level) 								
Below Minimum	Ser	vice Level sub-total Total number of households	- 38 235	- 40 759	- 43 329	- 43 329	- 43 329	- 43 329	- 49 828	- 49 828	- 49 828
		Sanitation/sewerage:			43 329	43 329	43 329		49 020	49 020	
		Flush toilet (connected to sewe	11 313		i I						
	1	Flush toilet (with septic tank)		12 060	12 807	12 807 -	12 807	12 807 –	14 088	14 088 –	14 088
		Flush toilet (with septic tank) Chemical toilet	8 587	9 154	9 721	- 9 721	9 721	9 721	- 10 693	_ 10 693	- 10 693
		Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s	8 587 15 173 2 690	9 154 16 174 2 868	9 721 17 177 3 045	- 9 721 17 177 3 045	9 721 17 177 3 045	9 721 17 177 3 045	- 10 693 18 895 3 350	- 10 693 18 895 3 350	10 69: 18 89: 3 35:
Minimum Service Le	ivel a	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s and Above sub-total	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751	- 9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026	10 693 18 898 3 350 47 026
Minimum Service Le	vel a	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472	9 154 16 174 2 868	9 721 17 177 3 045	- 9 721 17 177 3 045	9 721 17 177 3 045	9 721 17 177 3 045	- 10 693 18 895 3 350	- 10 693 18 895 3 350	10 693 18 893 3 350 47 020
		Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s nd Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions vice Level sub-total	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level)	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150	10 69 18 89 3 35 47 02 15
		Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy:	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150	- 10 69: 18 89: 3 35: 47 02: 15:
		Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s nd Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176	10 69: 18 89: 3 35: 47 02: 15: 47 17: 40:
	Ser	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s nd Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity - prepaid (min.service and Above sub-total	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176	10 69: 18 89: 3 35: 47 02: 15: 47 17: 40: 59:
Below Minimum	Ser	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s nd Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity - prepaid (min.service Idectricity - prepaid (min.service Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level)	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 406 590	14 066 - 10 69: 18 89: 3 35: 47 02: 15: 47 17: 40: 59: 99:
Below Minimum Minimum Service Le	Servi	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s nd Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity (at least min.service Ind Above sub-total Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. ser Other energy sources	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 406 590	10 69: 18 89: 3 35: 47 02: 15: 47 17: 40: 59:
Below Minimum Minimum Service Le	Servi	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s nnd Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity - prepaid (min.servic mod Above sub-total Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. ser Other energy sources vice Level sub-total Total number of households	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 406 590	10 693 18 893 3 355 47 020 150 47 170 400 599
Below Minimum Minimum Service Le	Servi	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s nd Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions Vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity (at least min.service Electricity (< min.service Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. ser Other energy sources vice Level sub-total Total number of households Refuse:	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040 vice level)	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 300 43 051 389 574 963	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574 963	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	10 69: 18 89: 3 35: 47 02: 15: 47 17: 40: 59: 99:
Below Minimum Minimum Service Le	Servel a	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s nd Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity (at least min.service I electricity (< min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. ser Other energy sources vice Level sub-total Total number of households Refuse: Removed at least once a week and Above sub-total	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040 vice level) 	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040 1 040 11 705 11 705	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574 963	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	-10 69; 18 89; 3 35; 47 02; 15; 15; 47 17; 40; 59; 99; -99; 36 76
Below Minimum Minimum Service Le Below Minimum	Servel a	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity - prepaid (min.servic Electricity - prepaid (< min.servic Dither energy sources vice Level sub-total Total number of households Refuse: Removed least once a week and Above sub-total Removed least once a week and Above sub-total Removed least once a week and Above sub-total Removed least once a week and Above sub-total Removed least once a week and Above sub-total Removed least once a week and Above sub-total Removed least once a week and Above sub-total Removed least once a week and Above sub-total	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040 vice level) 	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040 1 040 11 705 11 705	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574 963	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	-10 69; 18 89; 3 35; 47 02; 15; 15; 47 17; 40; 59; 99; -99; 36 76
Below Minimum Minimum Service Le Below Minimum	Servel a	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity - prepaid (min.servic and Above sub-total Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. ser Other energy sources vice Level sub-total Total number of households Refuse: Removed at least once a week and Above sub-total Removed less frequently than a	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040 vice level) 	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040 1 040 11 705 11 705	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574 963	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	10 69 18 89 3 355 47 02 15 15 47 17 40 59 99 36 76
Below Minimum Minimum Service Le Below Minimum Minimum Service Le	Servel a	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s nd Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity - prepaid (min.servic nd Above sub-total Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. ser Other energy sources vice Level sub-total Total number of households Refuse: Removed at least once a week and Above sub-total Removed less frequently than of Using communal refuse dump Using own refuse dump Other rubbish disposal No rubbish disposal	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040 vice level) 	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040 1 040 11 705 11 705	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574 963	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	-10 69; 18 89; 3 35; 47 02; 15; 15; 47 17; 40; 59; 99; -99; 36 76
Below Minimum Minimum Service Le Below Minimum Minimum Service Le	Servel a	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity (min.service level) Electricity (min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (< min. ser Other energy sources vice Level sub-total Total number of households Refuse: Removed at least once a week and Above sub-total Removed less frequently than of Using communal refuse dump Using own refuse dump Other rubbish disposal	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040 vice level) 	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 472 40 727 1 040 1 040 11 705 11 705	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574 963	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996	-10 69: 18 89: 3 35: 47 02: 15: 47 17: 40: 59: 99: 36 76 36 76
Below Minimum Minimum Service Le Below Minimum Minimum Service Le Below Minimum	Servel a	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s and Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Electricity (at least min.service and Above sub-total Electricity (< min.service level) Electricity (> min.service level) Electricity (> prepaid (< min. ser Other energy sources vice Level sub-total Total number of households Refuse: Removed at least once a week and Above sub-total Removed less frequently than of Using communal refuse dump Using own refuse dump Other rubbish disposal No rubbish disposal No rubbish disposal Total number of households Total number of households	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040 vice level) 	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 40 727 1 040 1 040 11 705 11 705	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574 963 23 700 23 700	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328 34 328	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328 34 328	9721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328 34 328	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 47 176 406 590 996 36 761 36 761	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996 36 761 36 761	10 69 18 89 3 35 47 02 15 15 47 17 40 59 99 36 76 36 76
Below Minimum Minimum Service Le Below Minimum Minimum Service Le Below Minimum	Servel a	Chemical toilet Pit toilet (ventilated) Other toilet provisions (> min.s nd Above sub-total Bucket toilet Other toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s No toilet provisions (< min.s vice Level sub-total Total number of households Energy: Electricity (at least min.service Ind Above sub-total Electricity - prepaid (< min.service Ilectricity - prepaid (< min.service Ilectricity - prepaid (< min.service Ind Above sub-total Total number of households Refuse: Removed at least once a weekend Above sub-total Removed less frequently than of Using communal refuse dump Using own refuse dump Using own refuse dump Using own refuse dump Using own refuse dump Using total number of households Total number of households Total number of households Refuse: Removed at least once a weekend Total number of households Refuse: Removed at least once a weekend	8 587 15 173 2 690 37 763 472 ervice level) 472 38 235 1 040 e level) 1 040 vice level) 	9 154 16 174 2 868 40 255 472 40 727 1 040 1 040 11 705 11 705	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 300 43 051 389 574 963 23 700 23 700	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328 34 328 - 23 700	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328 34 328	9 721 17 177 3 045 42 751 300 43 051 389 574 963 34 328 34 328 - 23 700	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996 996 36 761 36 761 26 431	10 693 18 895 3 350 47 026 150 150 47 176 406 590 996 36 761 36 761 26 431	
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Table 56 MBRR SA32 – List of external mechanisms

KZN291 Mandeni - Supporting Table	Yrs	Period of	Atemai meenameille		
External mechanism	Yrs	agreeme			Monetary value of
	1	nt 1.	Service provided	Expiry date of service delivery	agreement 2.
	Mth		0011100 p 1011100	agreement or contract	D the core and
Name of organisation	S	Number			R thousand
MATTHEW FRANCIS INC	Yrs	3	PANEL OF ATTORNEYS	30 July 2021	Rate based
MT SILINDA & ACCOCIATES INC	Yrs	3	PANEL OF ATTORNEYS	30 July 2021	Rate based
PHUMULANI NGUBANE & ASSOCIATE MKHIZE MIYA INC	Yrs	3 3	PANEL OF ATTORNEYS PANEL OF ATTORNEYS	30 July 2021 30 July 2021	Rate based Rate based
TPA LEGAL INC	Yrs	3	PANEL OF ATTORNEYS	30 July 2021	Rate based
TKN INCOPORATED	Yrs	3	PANEL OF ATTORNEYS	30 July 2021	Rate based
HTB CONSULTING	Yrs	3	INTERNAL AUDIT AND FORENSIC	30 August 2021	R 710.00 per hour
LANCE CETCLENA AND ARRESTED AT LETA	.,		A I I I I O I DA I DA I I A DI INA DI NICO CITTE	04 1 1 0004	G
KING CETSHWAYO MUNICIPALITY PANEL OF 45 GRASS CUTTERS IN V	Yrs Yrs	2 3	MUNICIPAL DUMPING SITE	31 July 2021	Charged per tonages
ISICHAKA ESINGENAMONA CC	Yrs	3	PANEL OF 45 GRASS CUTTERS IN SOLID WASTE REMOVAL	01 July 2021 31 December 2021	0 5 125
FANA MANUFACTURING CC	Yrs	3	PANEL FOR STAFF UNIFORM	30 June 2022	Unit cost based
BARGAIN UNIFORMS	Yrs	3	PANEL FOR STAFF UNIFORM	30 June 2022	Unit cost based
UNLIMITED ABC TRADING	Yrs	3	PANEL FOR STAFF UNIFORM	30 June 2022	Unit cost based
EBUCWEBECWENI TRADING & PRO		3	PANEL FOR STAFF UNIFORM	30 June 2022	Unit cost based
AKUQENI TRADING CC	Yrs	3	PANEL FOR STAFF UNIFORM	30 June 2022	Unit cost based
RURAL METRO EMERGENCY SERVI PRO SECURE (PTY) LTD	Yrs	3	FIRE BRIGADE SERVICES SECURITY SERVICES	30 June 2022 31 December 2022	12 160 15 825
SNOBHO (PTY) LTD	Yrs	3	SUPPLY AND DELIVER BLACK & \	28 February 2023	4 125
KONICA MONOLTA T/A BIDVEST	Yrs	3	20 x PRINTERS	28 February 2023	1 349
KWIKSPACE	Yrs	3	PARKHOME OFFICES	28 February 2023	989
AMALANGENI	Yrs	3	INTERNET AND WIFI CONNECTIVI	30 September 2023	14 890
VODACOM	V	ONICOINIC	20	20 1 2020	Link and based
TELKOM	Yrs	ONGOING 5	TELKOM SERVICES	30 June 2020 30 June 2021	Unit cost based
ADVENTURE TRAVEL	Yrs	3	TRAVEL AGENCY	20 October 2022	Transactional Basis
M.M ABRAHAM (PTY) LTD	Yrs	5	LEASE OFFICE SPACE AT RENCK		2 104
M.M ABRAHAM (PTY) LTD	Yrs	3	LEASE OFFICE SPACE AT MANDE		1 368
ESKOM	Yrs	_	ELECTRICITY SUPPLY		Charge per usage
BUSINESS CONNEXION (PTY) LTD	Yrs	3	MICROSOFT LICENCES	30 June 2021	456
PAYDAY	Yrs	2	LICENCE FEE SOFTWARE	30 June 2020	
KUNENE MAKOPO	Yrs	3	INSURANCE-ASSETS	31 August 2023	2 079
CAMELSA CONSULTING	Yrs	2	MSCOA	31 October 2021	12 638
CQS BUSINESS INTERGRITY	Yrs	3	CASE WARE	28 February 2021	Charges per transaction
FNB	Yrs	5 5	BANKING SERVICES	30 May 2021	Charges per transaction
BPG MASS APPRAISALS THE CAB HOLDINGS	Yrs Yrs	3	PROPERTY VALUATIONS PRINTING AND MAILING OF STATE	30 June 2022 30 June 2021	3 067 R 2.79 per unit
WESBANK	Yrs	5	MUNICIPAL FLEET	02 March 2022	4 691
CONLOG (PTY) LIMITED	Yrs	4	SMART METERS	31 August 2019	2 073
0.0.45.05.45.55	.,		au #1		
SIVEST (PTY) LTD	Yrs	3 3	CIVIL INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING / CI	30 June 2022 30 June 2022	12.6% of the project
SMA CONSULTANTS LELETU CONSULTING	Yrs Yrs	3	CIVIL	30 June 2022 30 June 2022	11.9% of the project 11.9% of the project
YOUNG AND SATHARIA	Yrs	3	CIVIL	30 June 2022	12.6% of the project
MAKHAOTSE NARASIMULU & ASSOC		3	INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING / CI		12.6% of the project
BVI CONSULTING ENGINEERS KZN		3	PANEL OF CONSULTANTS	25 July 2021	9.5% of the project
NZAMAKHUZA HOLDINGS (PTY) LTD		3	PANEL OF CONSULTANTS	25 July 2021	10.5% of the project
VERITAS ENGINEERING SKYV CONSULTING ENGINEERS (PT	Yrs	3 3	PANEL OF CONSULTANTS PANEL OF CONSULTANTS	25 July 2021	10% of the project 12.6% of the project
MORULA CONSULTING ENGINEERS		3	PANEL OF CONSULTANTS	25 July 2021 25 July 2021	10% of the project
BUCHULE ENGINEERS (PTY) LTD	Yrs	3	PANEL OF CONSULTANTS	25 July 2021	12% of the project
SRK CONSULTING (SOÙNTH AFRICA	Yrs	3	PANEL OF CONSULTANTS	25 July 2021	7% of the project
DNPC CONSULTING (PTY) LTD	Yrs	3	PANEL OF CONSULTANTS	25 July 2021	12.5% of the project
UKWAKHA CONSULTING ENGINEER		3	PANEL OF CONSULTANTS	25 July 2021	11% of the project
IGS CONSULTING ENGINEERS HI-TECH CONSULTING ENGINEERS	Yrs Yrs	3	PANEL OF CONSULTANTS PANEL OF CONSULTANTS	25 July 2021 25 July 2021	10% of the project 11% of the project
UMNIKE TRADING	Yrs	3	SUPPLY AND DELIVER ROADS AN		Unit cost based /per item
NITHENSI (PTY) LTD	Yrs	3	SUPPLY AND DELIVER ROADS AN		Unit cost based /per item
ZISAYINI TRADÍNG	Yrs	3	SUPPLY AND DELIVER ROADS AN	30 June 2022	Unit cost based /per item
NJOMISA BOERDERY	Yrs	3	SUPPLY AND DELIVER ROADS AN		Unit cost based /per item
ONOMBUTHU	Yrs	3	SUPPLY AND DELIVER ROADS AN		Unit cost based /per item
AMATHOKOZAMAHLE MVELARSE TRADING	Yrs Yrs	3	SUPPLY AND DELIVER ROADS AN SUPPLY AND DELIVER ROADS AN		Unit cost based /per item Unit cost based /per item
HUMBLE FRANK	Yrs	3 3	SUPPLY AND DELIVER ROADS AN		Unit cost based /per item
MVI-SSSS	Yrs	3	SUPPLY AND DELIVER ROADS AN		Unit cost based /per item
NBV MKHALIPHI	Yrs	3	SUPPLY AND DELIVER ROADS AN		Unit cost based /per item

2.17 Municipal manager's quality certificate

I <u>S.G.Khuzwayo</u>, Municipal manager of Mandeni Municipality, hereby certify that the mSCOA Annual Budget and supporting documentation have been prepared in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act and the regulations made under the Act, and that the annual budget and supporting documents are consistent with the Integrated Development Plan of the municipality.

Print Name	Mr S.G. Khuzwayo
Municipal M	anager of Mandeni Municipality (KZN 291)
Signature	
Date	28 th May 2021